Body Bending Stiffness 해석

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• 예제 문제

Body bending stiffness analysis

- 해석 프로세스
 - ▶ 기하형상 생성
 ▶ 재료 물성 및 특성 입력
 ▶ 요소망 생성
 ▶ 구속조건 설정
 ▶ 하중조건 설정
 ▶ 해석케이스 정의 및 해석 실행
 ▶ 후처리

예제: BODY BENDING (1)

- Focus on side frame due to its dominant effect
 - Basic beam finite element model
 - Bending stiffness: ratio of applied load to deflection at the node of load application



예제: BODY BENDING (2)

- F = 6680 N $\rightarrow \delta$ = 6.4 mm
 - K = 1044 N/mm per side = 2088 N/mm bending stiffness
 - 30% of 7000 N/mm target
 - Twice the actual stiffness: too stiff ?
- Modified model with flexible joints



기하형상 생성 (1)



기하형상 생성 (2)



기하형상 생성 (3)



기하형상 생성 (4)



기하형상 생성 (5)



기하형상 생성 (6)



재료 물성 및 특성 입력 (1)

재료 번호 2	이름 재료 색상 🔽	한성계수 265 GPa 푸아송비 0.28 재료 생성
All 17-4PH, H1100 AISI 1020 AISI 1020 AISI 304 SS Annealed AISI_310_SS AISI_410_SS AISI_410_SS AISI_Steel_1008+R AISI 4340 Annealed AISI 4340 Annealed AISI 4340 Annealed Cast Alloy Steel Cast Alloy Steel Cast Alloy Steel Cast Carbon Steel Cast Stainless Steel FC250 Galvanized Steel H-1(CR60) HL-4000 Hp-1 Hp-4 Inconel_718_Aged Plain Carbon Steel S/Steel_PH15-5 S45C SAPH-400 SE508 SGACCN SGARC340-E SGCC	人物<	
SMP SM45C SM490A(KS) SPCC SPDE SPRC340 SR-0300 Steel Steel_Rolled SUP12 SUS304 SUS316 《 별러오기 편집	확인 취소 적용	

재료 물성 및 특성 입력 (2)



요소망 생성 (1)



요소망 생성 (2)



요소망 생성 (3)



요소망 생성 (4)



요소망생성 (4) 방법 2 : 부쉬 요소



구속조건 및 하중조건 설정



해석 케이스 정의 및 해석 실행







스프링 강성 변경











에너지밀도 결과를 바탕으 로 변형이 큰 파트를 파악



- The stiffness requirement is 7000N/mm for the vehicle (or 3500N/mm for each side)
 - (a) Compute the vehicle bending deflection with rigid joints (a joint stiffness of K_j=1×10¹⁰Nmm/rad may be considered as rigid). Does the resulting stiffness meet the requirement?
- To improve bending stiffness, any of the sections may be increased in size (w & h) by up to 200% of the initial dimensions, except the rocker which is restricted to an increase in size up to 125% due to entry constraints.
 Thickness on all sections can be increased to 3mm. (Do not reduce the side of any beams from the given initial size.)



- (b) Continuing with rigid joints, adjust the side frame beams to meet the stiffness requirement in the most mass efficient way. Do at least two iterations of resizing. Which beams did you adjust, why did you choose them, what are the final beam sizes, and what is the final stiffness?
- (c) After doing part (b), enter the joint stiffness values shown and determine the bending stiffness with flexible joints. What is the new bending stiffness? What is the fraction of stiffness with flexible joints to stiffness with rigid joints?