

EXERCISE 14.1 Here is the solution to go from plane strain to plane stress:

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ClearAll[Em,n,Emstar,nstar]; Efac=Em*(1-n)/((1+n)*(1-2n));
Emat=Efac*{{1,n/(1-n),0},{n/(1-n),1,0},{0,0,(1-2n)/(2*(1-n))}};
Print["Plane strain E matrix:", Emat//MatrixForm];
EEmat=Simplify[Emat/.{Em->Emstar,n->nstar}];
sol=Solve[{EEmat[[1,1]]==Em/(1-n^2),EEmat[[1,2]]==Em*n/(1-n^2)},
{Emstar,nstar}]; sol=Simplify[sol];
Print["replacement rule:",sol];
Print["Check - this should be the plane stress E matrix:",
Simplify[EEmat/.sol[[1]]]]//MatrixForm];

```

Plane strain E matrix:
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{Em}{(1-2v)(1+v)} & \frac{Em v}{(1-2v)(1+v)} & 0 \\ \frac{Em v}{(1-2v)(1+v)} & \frac{Em}{(1-2v)(1+v)} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Em}{2(1+v)} \end{pmatrix}$$

replacement rule: $\left\{ \left\{ Emstar \rightarrow \frac{Em(1+2v)}{(1+v)^2}, vstar \rightarrow \frac{v}{1+v} \right\} \right\}$

Check - this should be the plane stress E matrix:
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{Em}{1-v^2} & \frac{Em v}{1-v^2} & 0 \\ \frac{Em v}{1-v^2} & \frac{Em}{1-v^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Em}{2+2v} \end{pmatrix}$$

FIGURE E14.2. Solution for Exercise 14.1: plane strain to plane stress.

It gives $E^* = E \frac{(1+2v)}{(1+v)^2}$ and $v^* = \frac{v}{1+v}$.

Here is to go from plane stress to plane strain:

```

ClearAll[Em,n,Emstar,nstar]; Efac=Em/(1-n^2);
Emat=Simplify[Efac*{{1,n,0},{n,1,0},{0,0,(1-n)/2}}];
Print["Plane stress E matrix:", Emat//MatrixForm];
EEmat=Simplify[Emat/.{Em->Emstar,n->nstar}];
sol=Solve[{EEmat[[1,1]]==Em*(1-n)/((1+n)*(1-2n)),
EEmat[[1,2]]==Em*n/((1+n)*(1-2n)),
{Emstar,nstar}]; sol=Simplify[sol];
Print["replacement rule:",sol];
Print["Check - this should be the plane strain E matrix:",
Simplify[EEmat/.sol[[1]]]]//MatrixForm];

```

Plane stress E matrix:
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{Em}{1-n^2} & \frac{Em n}{1-n^2} & 0 \\ \frac{Em n}{1-n^2} & \frac{Em}{1-n^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Em}{2+2n} \end{pmatrix}$$

replacement rule: $Emstar = \frac{Em}{1-n^2}, nstar = \frac{n}{1+n} ==$

Check - this should be the plane strain E matrix:
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{Em(1+nL)}{-1+n+2n^2} & \frac{Em n}{-1+n+2n^2} & 0 \\ \frac{Em n}{-1+n+2n^2} & \frac{Em(1+nL)}{-1+n+2n^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Em}{2+2n} \end{pmatrix}$$

It gives $E^* = \frac{E}{1-v^2}$ and $v^* = \frac{v}{1-v}$. Credit is given for doing it either way.

EXERCISE 15.4

$$\begin{aligned}f_{x1} &= \frac{1}{6}h L_{21}(2q_{x1} + q_{x2}), & f_{x2} &= \frac{1}{6}h L_{21}(q_{x1} + 2q_{x2}), \\f_{y1} &= \frac{1}{6}h L_{21}(2q_{y1} + q_{y2}), & f_{y2} &= \frac{1}{6}h L_{21}(q_{y1} + 2q_{y2}), & f_{x3} = f_{y3} &= 0.\end{aligned}$$

Here $L_{21} = \sqrt{x_{21}^2 + y_{21}^2}$ is the length of side 1-2.