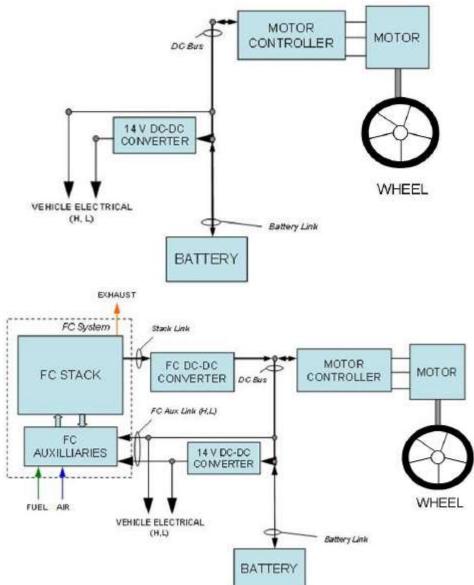
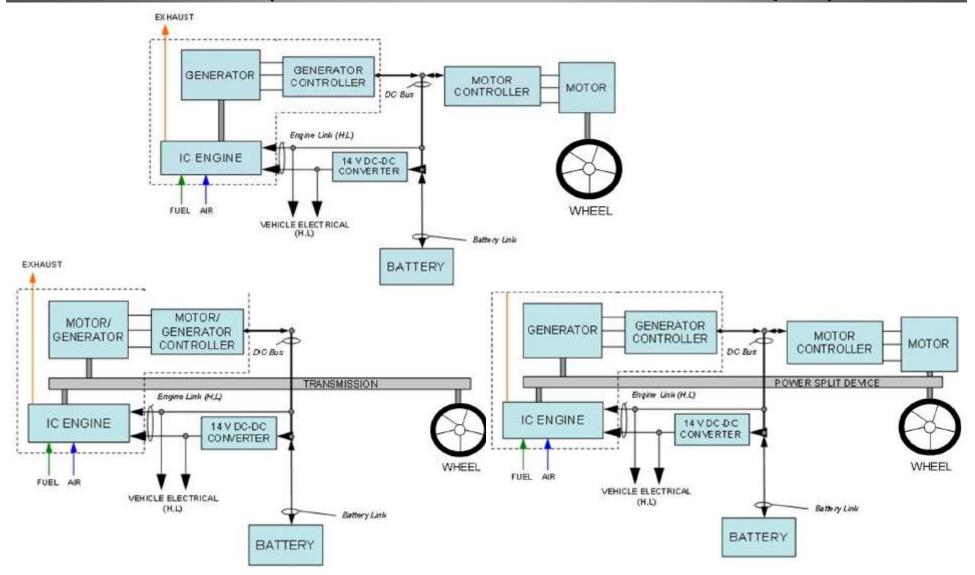
#### Future Steel Vehicle Propulsion Systems

- evaluation of currently used, as well as emerging powertrain technologies
  - high voltage batteries of varying chemistries, ultra-capacitors, traction and wheel motors, and power electronics, as well as hydrogen storage and infrastructure
- Feasibility study: powertrain architectures, components, performance, cost, and mass
  - Plug-In Hybrid Electric with a 32 km (20 mile) all electric range (PHEV20)
  - Plug-In Hybrid Electric with a 64 km (40 mile) all electric range (PHEV40)
  - Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
  - Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle (FCEV)

## Advanced Powertrain Block Diagrams: BEV, FCEV



## Advanced Powertrain Block Diagrams: PHEV (Series, Parallel, Parallel-Split)



**Future Steel Vehicle** 

Phase I Summary - 25

## **Parallel-Split Series Simulation**

- Parallel-split configuration consumes less fuel in charge sustaining mode, and is especially more significant when driven under aggressive driving and travel conditions
- Series configuration consumes slightly less electricity in charge depleting mode, but only enough to extend the range by 1-2 km
- When the powertrain mass difference is considered (mass was assumed to be constant in this study), the efficiency of the parallel-split configuration would increase

FSV Medium Car PHEV Architecture Decision Matrix	Priority	Series	Parallel Split
Fuel Economy / CO2 Emission (70% CD, 30% CS)	5	+	
Driving Range and Performance	2	<del>.</del> +	+
Powertrain Weight	4		+
Powertrain System Cost	4		+
Powertrain complexity	3	+	
Platform Sharing with ICE/Transmission Powertrains	1		+
Platform commonality among FSV Variants	4	+	

	+ Advan	tageous
Score	14	11

## Future Steel Vehicle: Technology Implementation

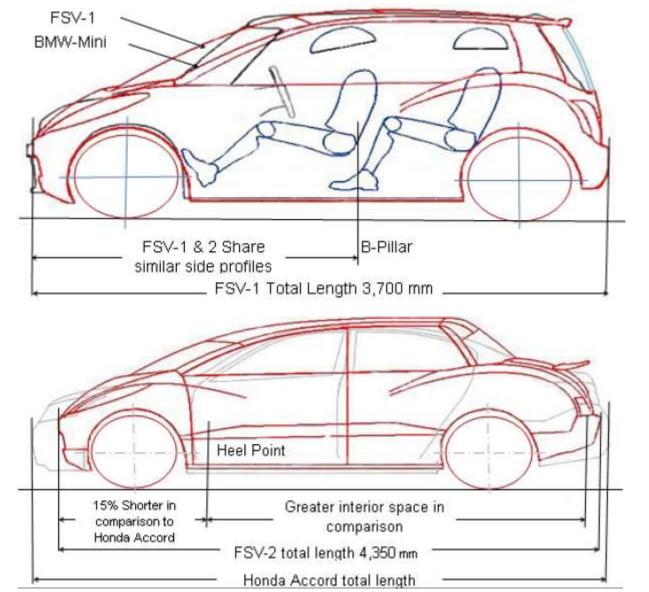
- Vehicle classification
- Size comparison
- Exterior dimensions
- Interior dimensions
- Occupant and luggage carrying capacity
- FSV front-end
- FSV front rails
- FSV powertrain
- Vehicle performance
- Powertrain design evaluation
- Fuel economy and emission
- Cost of ownership

## Future Steel Vehicle Classification

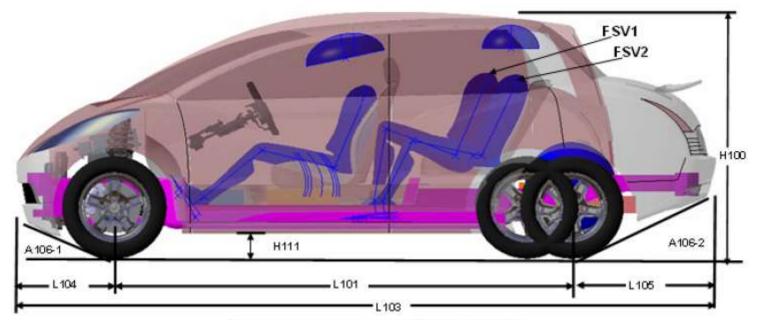
- Over 70% of the cars sold in today's marketplace
  - Small car, (A & B Class) up to 4,000 mm long
  - Mid-class car, (C & D class) up to 4,900 mm long
- Future Steel Vehicle program
  - FSV-1: small vehicle mainly intended for city and shorter daily driving
    - (BEV) Battery Electric Vehicle
    - (PHEV<sub>20</sub>) Plug-In Hybrid Electric with a 32km (20 mile) All Electric Range(AER)
  - FSV-2: at the low-end of the mid-size range of vehicles, intended for long range driving with larger luggage carrying capacity
    - (PHEV<sub>40</sub>) Plug-In Hybrid Electric with a 64km (40 mile) All Electric Range(AER)
    - (FCEV) Fuel Cell hybrid Electric Vehicle

	PHEV (Plug-In Electric Vehicle)	FCEV (Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle)	EV (Electric Vehicle)
FSV1 (Small Vehicle)	X		X
FSV2 (Large Vehicle)	Х	Х	

#### Vehicle Size

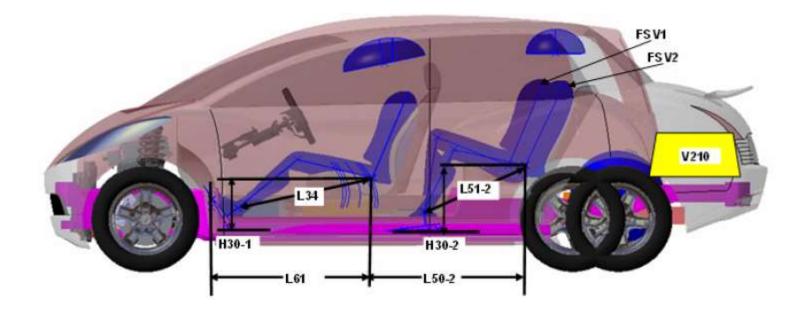


#### **FSV Exterior Dimensions**



		FSV1	FSV2
L101	Wheel Base	2524	2800
L103	Total Length	3700	4350
L104	Front Overhang	600	600
L105	Rear Overhang	576	950
H100	Total Height	1540	1540
W103	Total Width	1680	1780
W102	Front Track	1470	1570
W101	Rear Track	1470	1570
H111		150	150
A106-1		23	23
A106-2		25	26

#### **FSV Interior Dimensions**



	L34	L61	H30-1	L50-2	L51-2	H30-2	V210
FSV1	1070	945	325	780	825	375	250 L
FSV2	1070	945	325	780	925	375	350 <mark>L</mark>

## Occupant and Luggage Carrying Capacity

FSV1 C	Occupants:	FSV2 Occupants:	
Front R	low Seating: 2	Front Row Seating: 2	
Rear R	ow Seating: 2+	Rear Row Seating: 3	
			FSV1 FSV2
100 million (1990)			
Class	Front Leg Room [mm]	Rear Leg Room [mm]	Luggage [Liters]
Class FSV-1	123	1.21	
	[mm]	(mm)	[Liters]
FSV-1	[mm] 1070	[mm] 825	[Liters] 250
FSV-1 FSV-2	[mm] 1070 1070	[mm] 825 925	[Liters] 250 370
FSV-1 FSV-2 A	[mm] 1070 1070 1055	[mm] 825 925 760	[Liters] 250 370 170

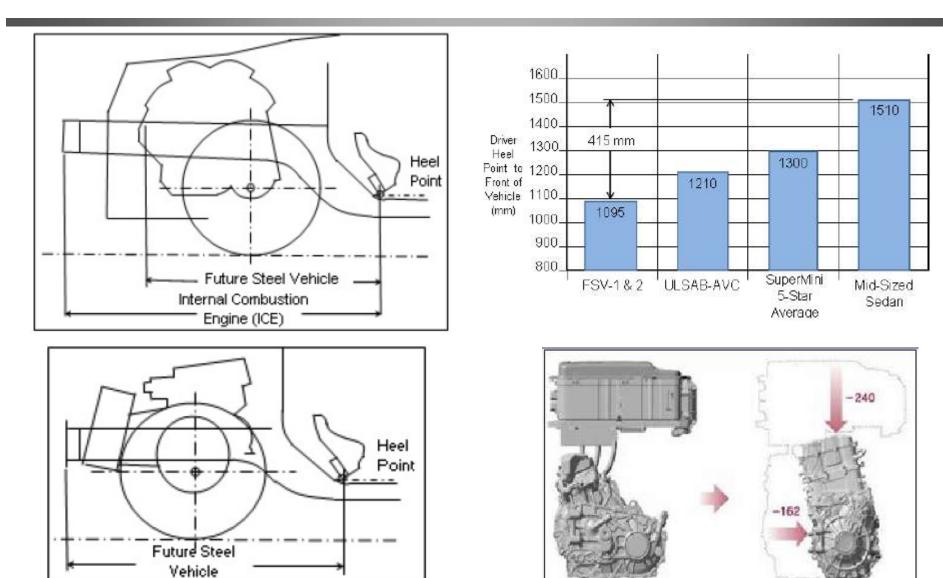
**Future Steel Vehicle** 

Phase I Summary - 32

## Vehicle Design & Layout

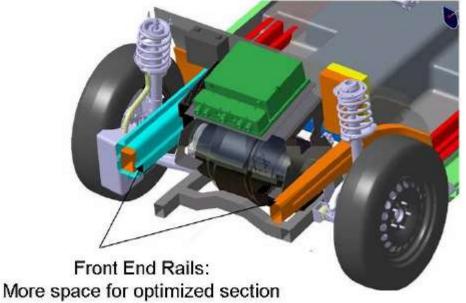
- Common platform theme
  - Utilizing shared technologies in a modular fashion between all four vehicle powertrain variants
- Significant reduction in vehicle front-end length
  - Electrically driven front wheels  $\rightarrow$  simplify the front-end layout
  - 415 mm shorter than a typical mid-size sedan, 205 mm shorter than the 5-star rated Super-Mini Class vehicles
  - FSV-1: 65 mm more legroom, additional 80 liters of cargo space
  - FSV-2: 500 mm shorter than a Honda Accord yet shares the same interior room
  - Space for an optimized front-end structure (front-end rails)
- Compact electric drive
  - Smaller than Honda Clarity FCEV

## **FSV** Front-End



## **FSV Front Rails**

- The size of conventional internal combustion engine and Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV) powertrains generally restrict the size and shape of body-structural members in the frontend, leading to inefficient use of materials.
- The FSV's front-end frees up space for an optimized structure. The front-end rails, which play a major roll in controlling and absorbing energy in front crashes, can be optimized for section shape and hence minimizing mass



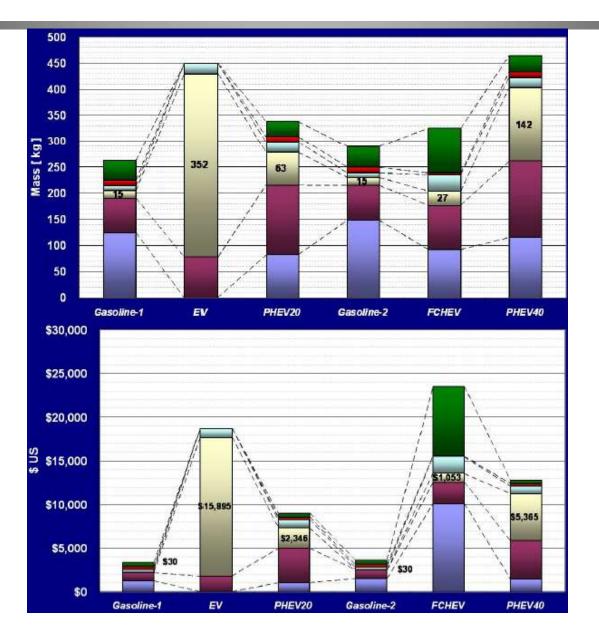
## FSV Powertrain: Options and Performance

- Conventional Internal Combustion Engine (ICE) based smaller more efficient gasoline/diesel vehicles
- Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEV) predominantly using fossil-based petroleum fuels
- Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV) with a limited range of distance driven in electric mode using electricity from the power grid
- Battery Electric Vehicles (BEV) with driving range of approximately 200 km
- Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (FCEV) using hydrogen gas as a fuel source

	Plug-in Hybrid (PHEV)	Fuel Cell (FCEV)	Battery Electric (BEV)
FSV 1	PHEV 20		BEV
A-B	Electric Range - 32km (20mi)		
class	Total Range - 500km		Total Range - 250km
	Max Speed -150km/h		Max Speed -150km/h
	0-100km/h 11-13s		0-100km/h 11-13s
FSV 2	PHEV 40	FCEV	
C-D	Electric Range - 64km (40mi)		
class	Total Range - 500km	Total Range - 500km	
	Max Speed - 161km/h	Max Speed - 161km/h	
	0-100km/h 10-12s	0-100km/h 10-12s	

IFUEL CELL / IDGEN / MOTOR / IDBATTERY IDELECTRICAL / IDEXHAUST IDFUEL ICENGINE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ELECTRONICS SYSTEM SYSTEM

#### **FSV** Powertrain: Mass and Cost



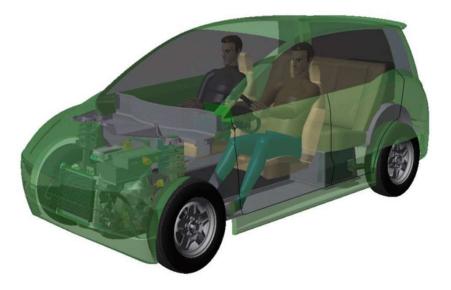
**Future Steel Vehicle** 

Phase I Summary - 37

## FSV-1

- 4-door hatchback, 3,700 mm long
- 175/65 R15 tires with a rolling resistance of 0.007
- PHEV<sub>20</sub>/BEV
  - Common front-end and front wheel drive traction motor
  - Rated at a peak power of 67 kW (49 kW continuous power)





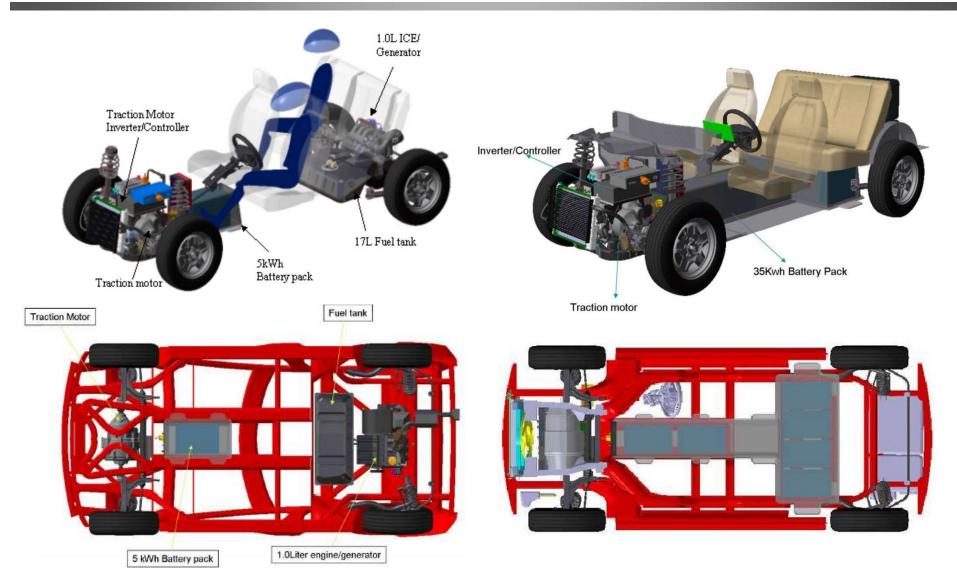
# FSV-1: PHEV<sub>20</sub>

- All electric range of 32 km (20 miles) on a fully charged battery pack
  - 5 kWh capacity (45 kg mass, 36-liter volume): lithium-ion manganese based cell
  - Charging time: 2.5 hours (120 V, 15 amp)
- Extended range of 500 km by a rear mounted 1.0L-3 cyl gasoline engine/generator set
- 50/50 vehicle mass split between front and rear wheels
  - Similar to Daimler's Smart-For-Two and Mitsubishi's i-Minicar
- Hydroformed rear subframe assembly that can support the engine/generator mounts
- Under floor structure: 5 kWh battery pack in the tunnel
- Rear multi-link suspension that will form the basis of the rear structure
  - Sufficient structure to handle all the dynamic and rear impact crash loading

## FSV-1: BEV

- Designed to have a range of 250 km
- Battery pack: 35 kWh (347 kg mass, 280 liter volume)
  - Packaging into a small vehicle is a major challenge
  - From underneath the rear seat occupants floor into the tunnel and below the front floor
- Under floor structures
  - Support the significant weight of the battery during road loading
  - Protect it when subjected to frontal, and side and rear crash impact loads
  - Full-size under floor longitudinal member, coupled with several cross members and additional tunnel reinforcements

## FSV-1: Layout & Design



**Future Steel Vehicle** 

## Estimated Mass(kg): FSV-1

	ICE 1 2010	ICE 1 2020	HEV 1 2010	HEV 1 2020	FSV 1 PHEV <sub>20</sub>	FSV 1 BEV
Body Non-Structure	245	190	215	190	190	190
Body Structure	272	241	272	237	173	190
Front Suspension	59	40	62	45	40	45
Rear Suspension	53	39	61	37	26	35
Steering	17	17	17	17	16	16
Brakes	38	31	40	33	29	32
Drivetrain	222	197	297	252	215	78
Fuel, Battery, Exhau	st 48	55	104	105	98	347
Wheels and Tires	78	59	68	55	38	44
Air Conditioning	32	42	27	33	36	36
Electrical	55	63	55	66	63	58
Bumpers	26	21	23	24	20	23
Closures	54	48	49	44	46	46
TOTAL	1199	1044	1290	1138	990	1,137
rtrain components	Mass Cost [kg] [US \$]		train compo	nents	Mass [kg]	Cost [US \$]
Description of the second seco	346.515,895781,742		Battery and		58.2	2,346
	1,142	Genai	ator/Traction jine(1.0L)	n Drive (75kW	/) 132.8 82.5	3,975 1,050

**Fuel system** 

**Exhaust System** 

Phase I Summary - 42

29.3

10.8

415

300

## **Technical Specification & Performance**

- Powertrain System Analysis Toolkit (PSAT)
  - developed by Argonne National Labs
  - simulation tool based on Matlab/Simulink software
  - specifically designed for transient performance evaluation of vehicle powertrains
- Recursive process
  - Inputs such as vehicle total mass, auxiliary power, etc. would be assumed
  - Characteristics of powertrain components (mass, volume, efficiency, etc.) are incorporated into the vehicle design
  - Vehicle design is iterated to accommodate the necessary powertrain and a new mass is determined
  - Updated vehicle total mass, auxiliary power, etc. are returned back to the powertrain designers for verification of vehicle performance

## FSV-1: Vehicle Design

Vehicle Design Parameters			BEV		PHEV <sub>20</sub>	
(comparable to OEM standards)			Curb +Driver	GVW	Curb +Driver	GVW
Front wheel drive		yes	yes		yes	
Wheel base	[mm]	2461	246	61	2461	
Weight distribution	[%/%]	50/50				
Center of gravity height	[mm]	530				
Coefficient of drag (Cd)		0.25	0.2	25	0.2	25
Vehicle frontal area	[m^2]	2.1	2.	1	2.	1
Tire size and specifications			P175/65R15		P205/60R16	
Tire rolling resistance		0.007	0.007		0.007	
Auxiliary power demand, Max. continuous	[W]	2200				
Auxiliary power demand, Test	[W]		70	0	700	
Mechanical accessory losses	[W]		0		715	
Road condition, Brake + Acceleration		Dry Asphalt	Dry As	phalt	Dry Asphalt	
Passenger capacity		4+				
Cargo volume	[Liters]	250				
Curb weight	[kg]	1100	110	00	100	00
Payload	[kg]	360		360		360
Driver weight	[kg]	75	75		75	
Vehicle test weight	[kg]	-	1175	1460	1075	1360

## FSV-1: Powertrain Design

Powertrain Design Parameters		- 	BEV		PHEV <sub>20</sub>	
(comparable to OEM standards)			Curb +Driver	GVW	Curb +Driver	GVW
Regenerative braking		yes	ye	S	yes	6
Peak engine power (mechanical)	[kW]		n/	a	53	
Fuel cell power (electrical)	[kW]	2	n/	а	n/a	ı
Battery capacity	[kWh]		35	.1	5.1	1
Traction motor mechanical capacity (Continuous/ Peak/ Max RPM)	[kW]		49 / 49 / 8	3700 rpm	49 / 49 / 8	700 rpm
Peak motor power (mechanical)	[kW]		49	9	49	
Peak generator power (electrical)	[kW]		n/a		48	
Final drive/differential	[ratio]		6.4	14	6.4	4
Powertrain weight	[kg]		44	1	33	5
Battery weight	[kg]		34	7	58	
Fuel tank capacity	[kg]		n/	a	13	
Type of PHBEV		Series	n/	a	Seri	es

#### FSV-1: Vehicle Performance

IC Engine, Peak (mechanical)	N/A
Generator, Peak (electrical)	N/A
Traction Motor, Peak (mechanical)	49 kW

				Traction	Power			
		Peak 49 kW					100 C	
	Units	Specs	Curb + Driver	GVW	Curb + Driver	GVW	Capability	
Performance								
Acceleration								
0 - 100 km/h, Curb + Driver	sec.	11-13	12.4 @ 49 kW			_		
Peak Grade								
30 km/h - 30 sec., GVW	%	22	_	22 @ 28 kW	_	_		
Continuous Grade								
73 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	_	-	_	10 @ 36 kW		
90 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	_		-	10 @ 46 kW		
100 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10		_	_	9 @ 49 kW		
Top Speed								
Continuous, GVW	km/h	150	—	—	_	150 @ 31 kW		
Range								
Curb + Driver, UDDS	km	250	_		296	_		

IC Engine, Peak (mechanical)	50 kW
Generator, Peak (electrical)	48 kW
Traction Motor, Peak (mechanical)	49 kW

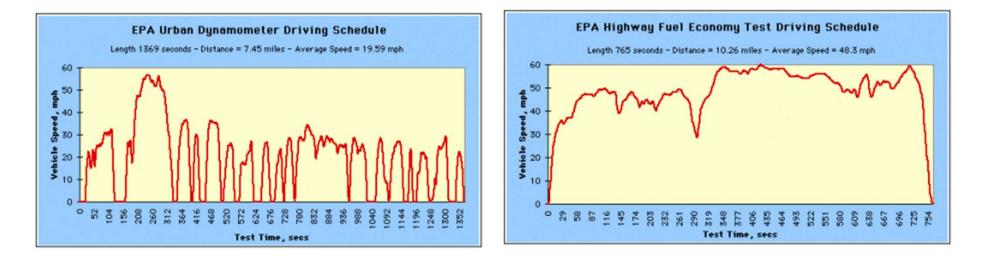
		11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 -	8	Traction	Power		
				ak	Continuous		-
				kW		9 kW	oility
	Units	Specs	Curb + Driver	GVW	Curb + Driver	GVW	Capability
Performance							
Acceleration							
0 - 100 km/h, Curb + Driver	Sec.	11-13	11.3 @ 49 kW		l	ļ	
Peak Grade							
30 km/h - 30 sec., GVW	%	22		22 @ 26 kW	I		
Continuous Grade							
73 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	-	-	I	10 @ 33 kW	
90 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	_	—	-	10	
				—		@ 43 kW	
112 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10			—	10	
				—		@ 49 kW	
Top Speed							
Continuous, GVW	km/h	150	-	1	-	150 @ 28 kW	
Range							
Curb + Driver, UDDS	km	500	_		556	10	

Limited Perfomance = Unable to Perfom = Limited Perfomance = Unable to Perfom =

## EPA Vehicle Chassis Dynamometer Driving Schedules (DDS)

- Urban Dynamometer
  Driving Schedule (UDDS)
  - LA4 or the city test
- Federal Test Procedure (FTP)
  - EPA75





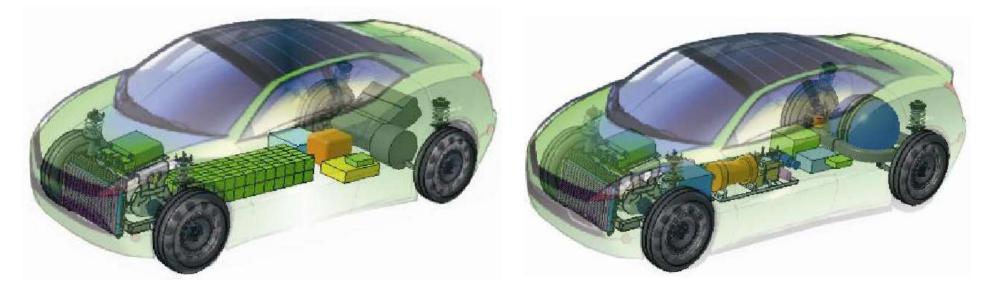
https://www.epa.gov/vehicle-and-fuel-emissions-testing/dynamometer-drive-schedules

#### Benchmark: 2009 Mitsubishi i-MiEV

		MIEV	FSV1	FS	FSV1		
				MIEV	MIEV2		
Length	[mm]	3395	3700	3700	3395		
Width	[mm]	1475	1680	1680	1475		
Height	[mm]	1600	1540	1540	1600		
Curb Weight	[kg]	1080	1232	928	750		
Seat Capacity		4	4+	4+	4		
Drive System		rear wheel	front wheel	front wheel	rear whee		
		drive	drive	drive	drive		
		Assumption	IS				
Battery				107 VI			
Туре		Li-ion	Li-ion	Li-ion	Li-ion		
Voltage	[V]	330	334	334	334		
Total Energy	[kWh]	16.4	35	16.4	16.4		
Motor							
Туре		permanent	permanent	permanent	permaner		
		magnet	magnet	magnet	magnet		
Cont. Power	[kW]	31	49	31	31		
Max. Power	[kW]	47	67	47	47		
Max. Torque	[Nm]	180	220	180	180		
Drag Coefficient		0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25		
Rolling Resistance		0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007		
Torque Coupling Ratio		1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2		
Differential Ratio		3.1	3.1	3. <mark>1</mark>	3. <mark>1</mark>		
Frontal Area	[m <sup>2</sup> ]	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.9		
Tire Size		195/65R14	175/65R15	175/65R15	195/65R1		
		Results					
Rage for 70% SOC	[km]	125	247	133	150		
(Japan 10-15)							
Rage for 85% SOC	[km]	157	308	<mark>16</mark> 6.7	182		
(Japan 10-15)			8	54	07		
Electr. Consumption	[Wh/km]	88.7	96.6	8 <mark>3.</mark> 6	74		
Acceleration (0- 60km/h)	[s]	10.6	8.7	9.5	7.7		
Acceleration (0-100km/h)	[s]	18	14.6	1 <mark>6.1</mark>	13		
Top Speed	[ <u>km</u> ]	180	198	180	180		

## FSV-2

- 4-door sedan, 4,350 mm long
- same wheels as that of FSV-1
- PHEV<sub>40</sub>/FCEV
  - Common front-end and front wheel drive traction motor
  - Rated at a peak power of 75 kW (55 kW continuous power)



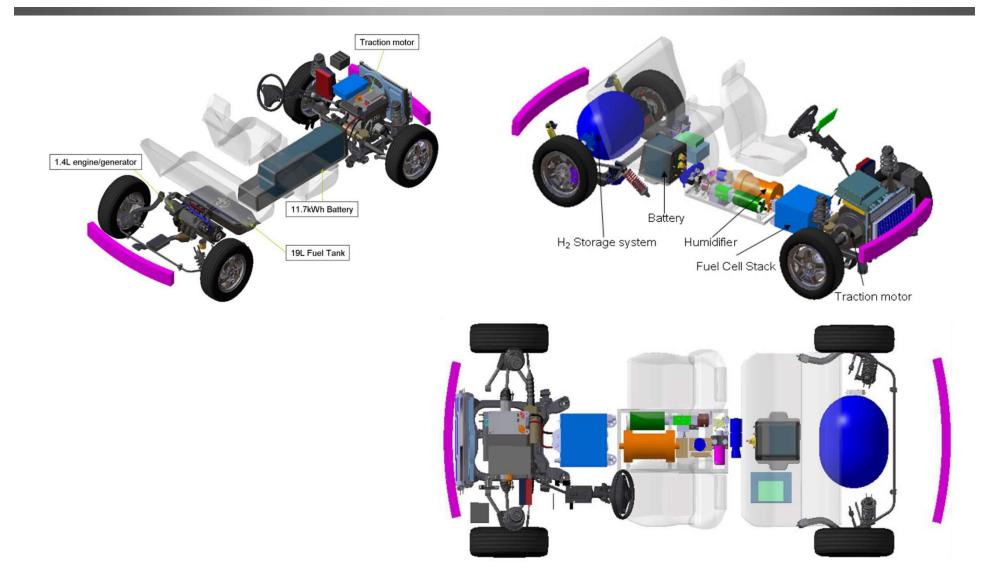
## FSV-2: PHEV<sub>40</sub>

- All-electric range of 64 km (40 miles) on a fully charged battery
  - 11.7 kWh capacity (105 kg mass, 86-liter volume): lithium-ion manganese based cell
  - Charging time: 5.5 hours (120 V, 15 amp)
- Extended range of 500 km by a rear mounted 1.4L-4 cyl gasoline engine/generator set
- Component packaging and structural challenges for this vehicle are similar to the PHEV<sub>20</sub>

## FSV-2: FCEV

- All-electric driving range of 500 km
- Fuel cell
  - Device that uses hydrogen (or hydrogen-rich fuel) and oxygen to create electricity by an electro-chemical process
  - Use the chemical energy of hydrogen to cleanly and efficiently produce electricity, with water and heat as by-products
- Hydrogen storage capacity: 3.4 kg, 95 liters, 65 MPa at 15°C
- Fuel-cell stack system: 240 cells (92 kg, 65 kW of power)
- Battery pack: 2.3 kWh capacity (27 kg mass, 25-liter volume), lithium-ion manganese based cell
- Underbody structure: sufficient support and protection to the fuel stack assembly packaged in the front floor tunnel, and the high-pressure hydrogen tank under the rear floor

## FSV-2: Layout & Design



## Estimated Mass(kg): FSV-2

	ICE 2 2010	ICE 2 2020	HEV 2 2010	HEV 2 2020	FSV 2 PHEV <sub>40</sub>	FSV 2 FCEV
Body Non-Structure	302	210	257	210	210	210
Body Structure	337	298	337	303	198	175
Front Suspension	73	49	76	55	51	44
Rear Suspension	65	45	73	44	52	34
Steering	21	21	21	21	19	19
Brakes	47	37	49	40	37	34
Drivetrain	274	244	359	304	261	177
Fuel, Battery, Exhaust	59	68	125	127	178	114
Wheels and Tires	96	72	80	73	70	61
Air Conditioning	40	52	35	46	47	47
Electrical	68	78	68	82	83	93
Bumpers	33	25	31	28	26	22
Closures	67	59	62	55	48	48
TOTAL	1,483	1,260	1574	1388	1279	1079

Powertrain components	Mass [kg]	Cost [US \$]
Li-ion Battery and controller	136.5	5,365
Genarator/Traction Drive (75kW)	145.9	4,385
IC Engine(1.4L)	115.5	1,470
Fuel system	30.3	415
Exhaust system	10.8	300

Powertrain components	Mass	Cost
	[kg]	[US \$]
Li-ion Battery and controller	27.3	1,503
Traction Motor (75kW)	84.6	2, <mark>4</mark> 63
Fuel Cell system (65kW)	92	10,081
Hydrogen Storage(3.4L)	87	7,919

## FSV-2: Vehicle Design

Vehicle Design Parameters			PHEV <sub>40</sub>		FCEV		
(comparable to OEM standards)			Curb +Driver	GVW	Curb +Driver	GVW	
Front wheel drive		yes	yes		yes	yes	
Wheel base	[mm]	2578	2578		257	8	
Weight distribution	[%/%]	50/50					
Center of gravity height	[M]	0.53					
Coefficient of drag (Cd)		0.25	0.2	25	0.2	5	
Vehicle frontal area	[m^2]	2.25	2.2	25	2.2	5	
Tire size and specifications			P175/65R15		P175/55R15		
Tire rolling resistance		0.007	0.0	07	0.007		
Auxiliary power demand, Max. continuous	[W]	2500					
Auxiliary power demand, Test	[W]		70	0	700		
Mechanical accessory losses	[W]		100	00	0		
Road condition, Brake + Acceleration		Dry Asphalt	Dry As	phalt	Dry Asphalt		
Passenger capacity		4+					
Cargo volume	[Liters]	370					
Curb weight	[kg]	1300	130	00	130	0	
Payload	[kg]	437.5		437.5		<mark>4</mark> 37.5	
Driver weight	[kg]	75	75		75		
Vehicle test weight	[kg]	-	1375	1737.5	1375	1737.5	

## FSV-2: Powertrain Design

Powertrain Design Parameters			PHEV <sub>40</sub>		FCEV	
(comparable to OEM standards)			Curb +Driver	GVW	Curb +Driver	GVW
Regenerative braking		yes	yes		yes	
Peak engine power (mechanical)	[kW]		67		n/a	
Fuel cell power (electrical)	[kW]	n/a	n/a	ι	65	
Battery capacity	[kWh]		11.	7	2.3	
Traction motor mechanical capacity (Continuous/ Peak/ Max RPM)	[kW]		54 / 75 / 7600 rpm		54 / 75 / 7600 rpm	
Peak motor power (mechanical)	[kW]		75		75	
Peak generator power (electrical)	[kW]		60		n/a	
Final drive/differential	[ratio]		5.3	8	5.38	3
Powertrain weight	[kg]		46	1	318	3
Battery weight	[kg]		137	7	27	
Fuel tank capacity	[kg]		14 3		3.4	e.
Type of PHEV		Series / Parallel	Seri	es	n/a	

#### FSV-2: Vehicle Performance

IC Engine, Peak (mechanical)	70 kW
Generator, Peak (electrical)	60 kW
Traction Motor, Peak (mechanical)	75 kW

FC Stack, Peak (gross electrical)	74 kW
FC Engine, Peak (net electrical)	62 kW
Traction Motor, Peak (mechanical)	75 kW

				Traction	Power		
				ak		tinuous	
			75			5 kW	oility
	Units	Specs	Curb +	GVW	Curb +	GVW	Capability
			Driver		Driver		Ö
Performance	<u>.</u>						
Acceleration							_
0 - 100 km/h, Curb + Driver	sec.	10-12	11.4 @ 75 kW		1	—	
Peak Grade			e.o.				
40 km/h - 30 sec., GVW	%	22	_	22	I	.—	
				@ 44 kW			
Continuous Grade							
73 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	_			10	
						@ 42 kW	
90 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	—		_	10	
						@ 54 kW	
112 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	-	10		7	
				@ 71 kW		@ 54 kW	
Top Speed		7 1					
Continuous, GVW	km/h	<mark>161</mark>	_		_	<mark>161</mark>	
						@ 75 kW	
Range							
Curb + Driver, UDDS	km	500			577	_	

			Traction Power				
			Peak 75 kW		2000000	Continuous 55 kW	
	Units	Specs	Curb + Driver	GVW	Curb + Driver	GVW	Capability
Performance							
Acceleration							
0 - 100 km/h, Curb + Driver	sec.	10-12	11.4 @ 75 kW	1	1		
Peak Grade							
40 km/h - 30 sec., GVW	%	22		22 @ 44 kW	ľ	_	
Continuous Grade							
73 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	-	-	-	10 @ 42 kW	
90 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10	-	-	_	10 @ 54 kW	
112 km/h - Continuous, GVW	%	10		10 @ 71 kW	I	7 @ 55 kW	
Top Speed							<u> </u>
Continuous, GVW	km/h	161			—	161 @ 75 kW	
Range							
Curb + Driver, UDDS	km	500	_		577	_	

Limited Perfomance = Unable to Perfom = Limited Perfomance = Unable to Perfom =

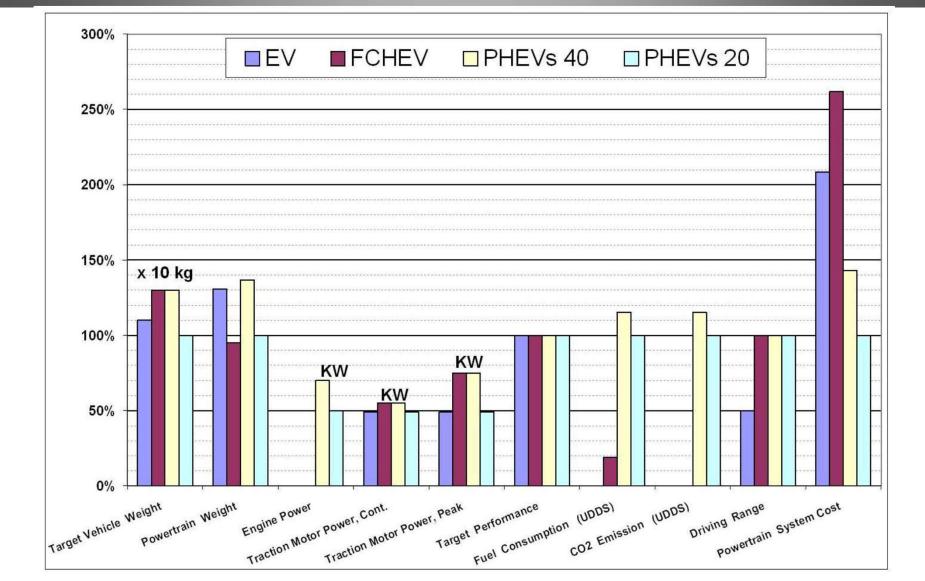
## Vehicle Performance: Results Summary

	Capability					
	FCEV	PHEV <sub>40</sub>	EV	$\mathbf{PHEV}_{20}$		
Performance						
Acceleration						
0 - 100 $\frac{km}{h}$ , Curb + Driver						
Peak Grade			0			
30/40 km/h - 30 sec., GVW						
Continuous Grade						
73 km/h - Continuous, GVW						
90 km/h - Continuous, GVW						
100/112 $\frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}}$ - Continuous, GVW		8				
Top Speed						
Continuous, GVW						
Range						
Curb + Driver, UDDS						

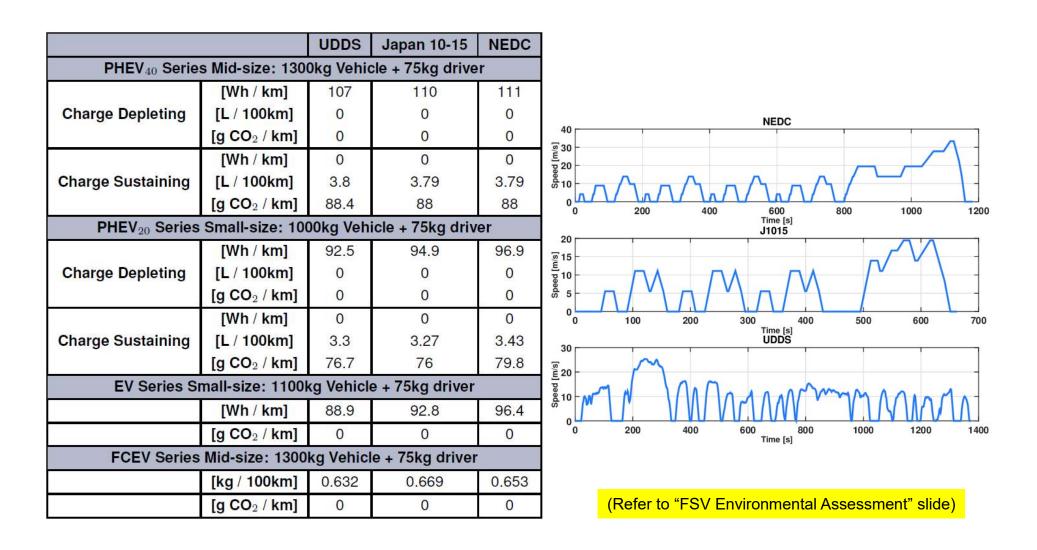
Limited Perfomance =

Unable to Perfom =

## **Powertrain Design Evaluation Results**



## **Fuel Economy and Emissions**



## Cost of Ownership

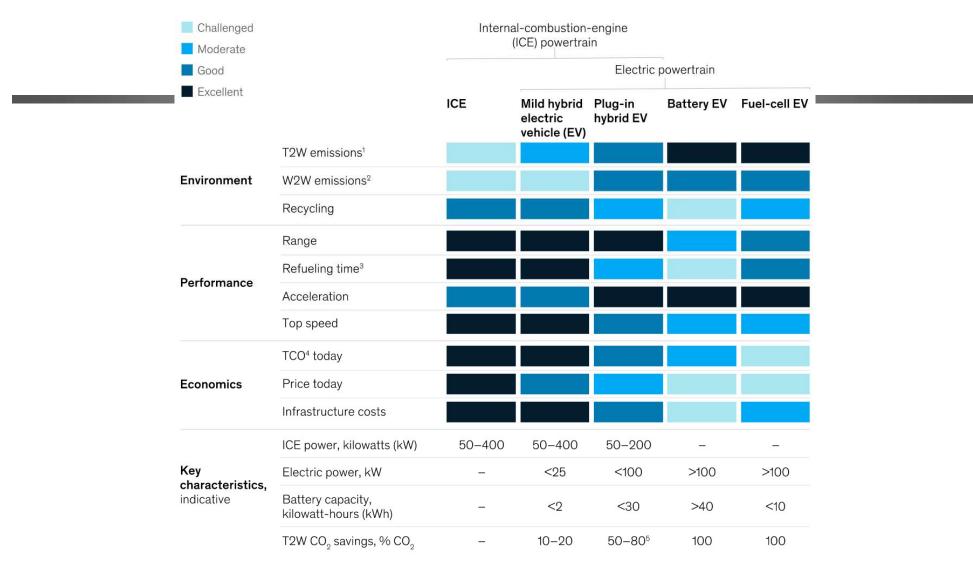
- Vehicle total life: 200,000 km (125,000 miles)
- PHEV vehicles: 70% of distance traveled in electric mode, and 30% of the distance traveled in HEV mode
- Cost of electricity: \$0.12/kWh
- Cost of gasoline: \$1.18/liter (\$4.5/gallon)
- Cost of hydrogen gas: \$5.00 /kg, as currently charged by some stations in California on the Hydrogen Highway

## Cost of Ownership: FSV-1

		Petroleu	m Based		FSV-1 Dual Fuel Based Electricty form Grid and Petroleum			
	ICE 2020 18㎞ (42.7 MPG)		HEV 2020 27.2 ㎞ (64 MPG)		BEV - EV 114 Wh km		PHEV <sub>20</sub> 106 <sup>Wh</sup> / <sub>km</sub> & 26.7 <sup>km</sup> / <sub>1</sub> (62.7 MPG)	
	[total \$]	[per km]	[total \$]	[per km]	[total \$]	[per km]	[total \$]	[per km]
Vehicle Cost	16,250	0.081	18,090	0.090	32,535	0.163	22,810	0.114
Overhead	6,094	0.030	6,094	0.030	6,094	0.030	6,094	0.030
Vehicle Cost without Powertrain	7,746	0.039	7,746	0.039	7,746	0. <mark>0</mark> 39	7,746	<mark>0.039</mark>
Powertrain Cost	2,350	0.012	3,350	0.017	2,945	0.015	6720	0.034
Battery Cost	60		900	0.005	15,750	0.079	2250	0.011
Vehicle Use Cost	14,097	0.070	9,738	0.050	2,731	0.014	6,232	0.030
Gasoline \$1.18 per l (\$4.50 per gal US)	13,097	0.065	8,738	0.044			4,460	0.022
Oil Change \$40 \$40 per 8,000 km	1,000	0.005	1,000	0.005			500	0.003
Solution Sol					2,731	0.014	1,272	0.006
Total Cost of Ownership	30,346	0.152	27,828	0.139	35,266	0.176	29,041	0.145

## Cost of Ownership: FSV-2

	Petroleum Based				Hydrogen Gas Comp. 70 Mpa		Electricity & Petroleum	
	ICE 2020 16 <sup>km</sup> (38 MPG)		HEV2020 19 <sup>km</sup> (45MPG)		FCEV 0.632 <sup>kgH2</sup> km		PHEV <sub>40</sub> 119 <sup>Wh</sup> & 20 <sup>km</sup> (47 MPG)	
	and the second s	[per km]	1. SAME AND ADDRESS OF ADDRESS OF ADDRESS OF ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS AD	[per km]	[total \$]	[per km]	Concessie (Street	[per km]
Vehicle Cost	21,760	0.110	23,910	0.120	42,153	0.210	31,479	0.160
Overhead	8,160	0.041	8,160	0.041	8,160	0.041	8,160	0.041
Vehicle Cost without Powertrain	10,500	0.053	10,500	0.053	10,500	0.053	10,500	0.053
Powertrain Cost	3,100	0.016	4,350	0.022	22,458	0.112	7554	0.038
Battery Cost			900	0.005	1,035	0.005	5265	0.026
Vehicle Use Cost	15,717	0.080	13,427	0.070	6,320	0.030	6,873	0.030
Gasoline \$1.18 per l (\$4.50 per Gal US)	14,717	0.074	12,427	0.062			4,759	0.024
Oil Change \$40 Per 8050 km	1,000	0.005	1,000	0.005			400	0.002
Electricity \$0.12 per kwh							1,714	0.009
Hydrogen \$5.00 per kg					6,320	0.032		
Total Cost of Ownership	37,477	0.190	37,337	0.190	48,473	0.240	38,352	0.190



#### Today's powertrain technologies have both strengths and limitations.

<sup>1</sup>Tank-to-wheel emissions, ie, tailpipe emissions that a vehicle produces locally via the combustion of fossil fuels; these emissions are subject to current regulations globally.

<sup>2</sup>Well-to-wheel emissions, ie, emissions related to the fuel cycle or generation of electricity, the production of the vehicle and battery, and the use of the vehicle; largely dependent on a country's energy mix.

<sup>3</sup>Considering only the time needed to refuel or charge the vehicle, not infrastructure availability.

<sup>4</sup>Total cost of ownership, strongly depending on region and vehicle segment.

<sup>5</sup>Estimated CO2 savings considered for certification tests.

Source: McKinsey Center for Future Mobility

Reboost: A comprehensive view on the changing powertrain component market and how suppliers can succeed (2019.11)

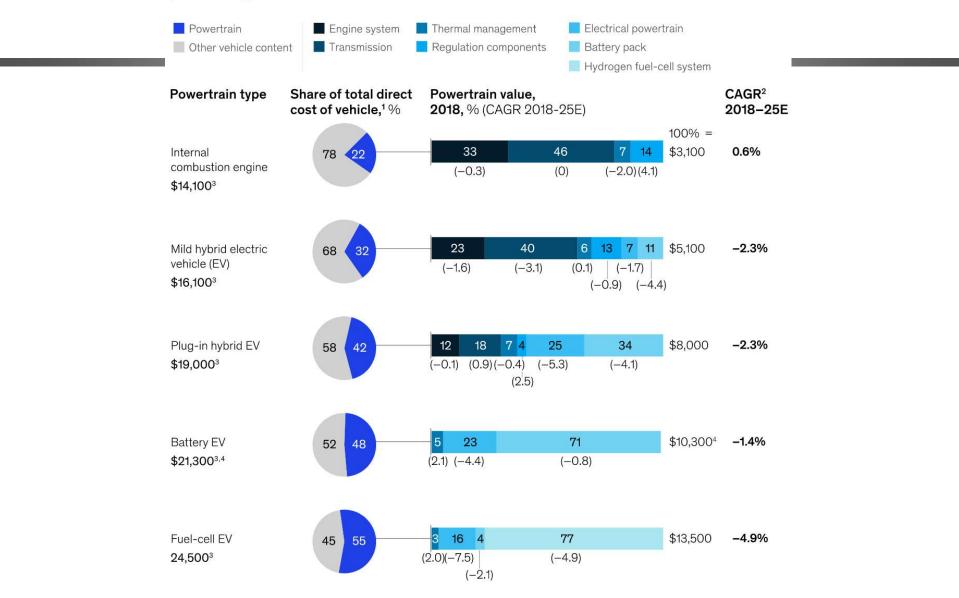
**Future Steel Vehicle** 

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#### Applied powertrain market split

_	Systems	Components (c	Market driver categories			
	Engine system	Base engine	ICE fuel system	Air intake	Port fuel injection	Legacy
		Direct injection	ECU incl. PDCU			
	- Transmission	TCU and sensors	Manual transmission	Automatic transmission	Dedicated hybrid trans- mission	Backbone
	Thermal management	ICE thermal management	PHEV thermal management	BEV thermal management	FCEV thermal management	
Powertrain	Regulation components	Turbocharger	Aftertreatment system			Regulation
	Electrical	Power electronics	DC/DC converter	Inverter	) Onboard charger	HV power electronics/ LV electrification
	powertrain	E-drive	E-motor	Reducer		HV electric drivetrain/ LV electrification
	Battery pack	Battery cells	Battery manage- ment (BMS, CMC)	Power distribution module		HV battery/ LV electrification
	Hydrogen fuel cell system	Fuel cells	Tank			H2 electrification

The automotive-powertrain-component market has started to become a different industry—changing from a stable technology to a complex portfolio game.



<sup>1</sup>For OEM before margin, overhead, taxes, and subventions, but includes supplier margin and overhead. <sup>2</sup>Compound annual growth rate. <sup>3</sup>Assuming an average C-segment vehicle, for simplification, with constant value for non-powertrain part of vehicle. <sup>4</sup>Average 40 kilowatt-hour battery power for a C-segment vehicle. Source: McKinsev Center for Future Mobility