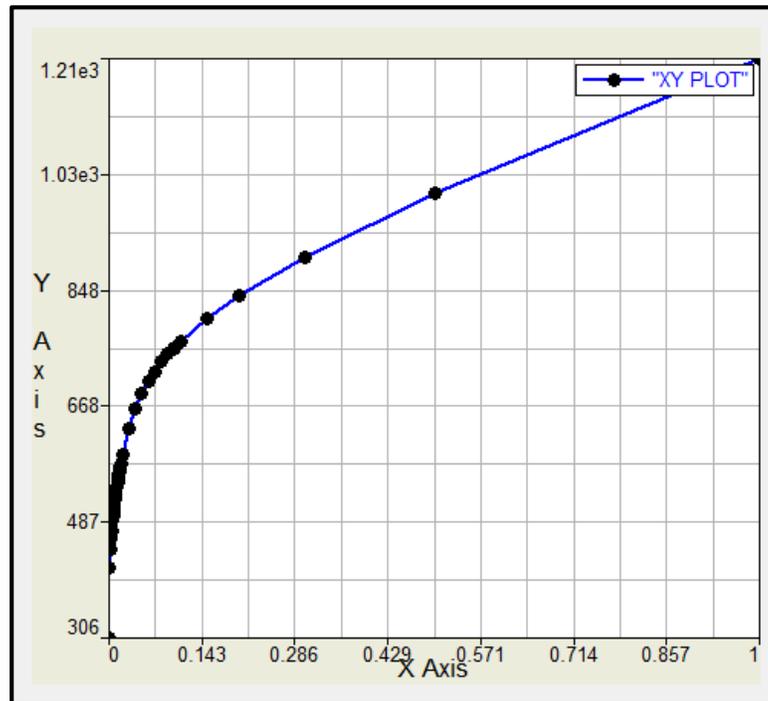
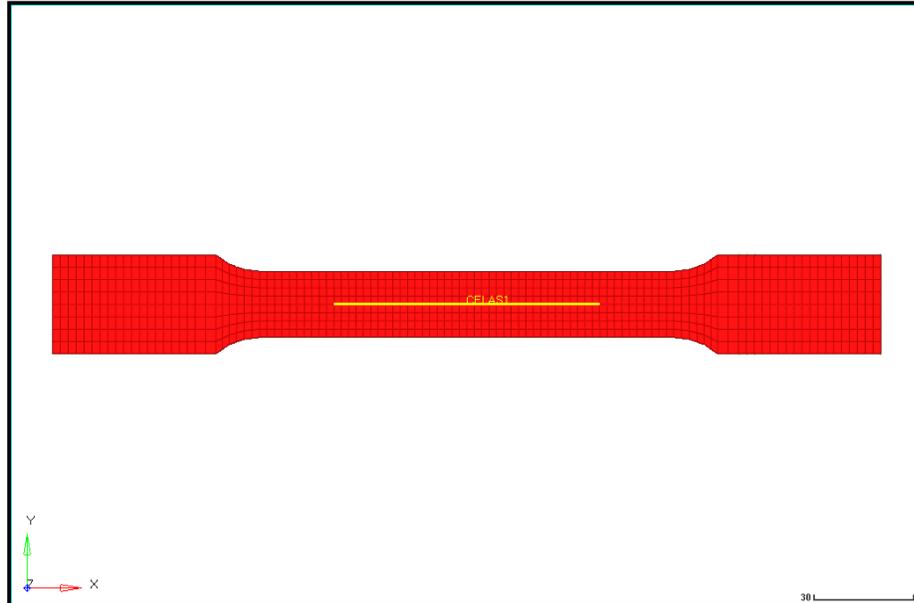


Exercise 3c: Small-Strain Plasticity in a Test Coupon

The purpose of this exercise is to illustrate the setup of a small-strain plasticity enforced displacement loading on a test coupon bar. The model is a solid bar composed of first order hexagonal elements which will be fixed at one end and subjected to an enforced displacement in-plane.



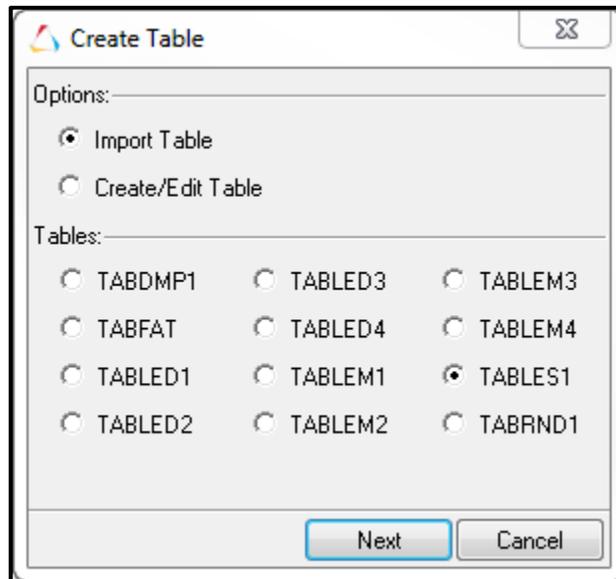
Problem Setup

You should copy the file: `tension_sm_str.fem`

Step 1: Import the model: `tension_sm_str.fem` into HyperMesh Desktop

Step 2: Import the table with the plasticity curve and add a new MAT1 material with plastic material behavior

1. Enable the **Utility** tab by checking the menu drop-down **View > Browsers > HyperMesh > Utility**.
2. Click on the **Utility** tab in the Browser area.
3. Ensure that the **FEA** button option at the bottom of the Browser area is selected.
4. In the **Utility** tab, select the **TABLE Create** utility. This opens the **Create Table** dialog box.
5. Select **Import Table** as the option and click on the table type `TABLES1`.



6. Click **Next**.
7. Browse for and select the `plasticity.csv` file in the model directory. Name the new table `MATS1TS1` and click **Apply** to import the table.
8. Close the **Import TABLES1** window.
9. In the **Model** tab, click on the existing **MAT1** material named `MAT1` to load it into the **Entity Editor**.
10. Activate the **MATS1** option to put in plasticity parameters and set the card values as shown below:

Name	Value
Solver Keyword	MAT1
Name	MAT1
ID	1
Color	
Include File	[Master Model]
Defined	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Card Image	MAT1
User Comments	Do Not Export
E	210000.0
G	
NU	0.33
RHO	7.85e-009
A	
TREF	
GE	
ST	
SC	
SS	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MATS1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
TID	MATS1TS1 (1)
TYPE	PLASTIC
H	
YF	
<input type="checkbox"/> HR_REAL	<input type="checkbox"/>
HR	
LIMIT1	350.0
TYPSTRN	1
MATT1	<input type="checkbox"/>
MAT4	<input type="checkbox"/>
MAT5	<input type="checkbox"/>
MATFAT	<input type="checkbox"/>
MATF1	<input type="checkbox"/>
MATX...	<input type="checkbox"/>

Step 3: Create a solid property card and apply it to the solid elements

1. Create a new **PSOLID** property named PSOLID that references the material card MAT1.
2. Assign this property to all of the elements in the TENSIONTEST component.

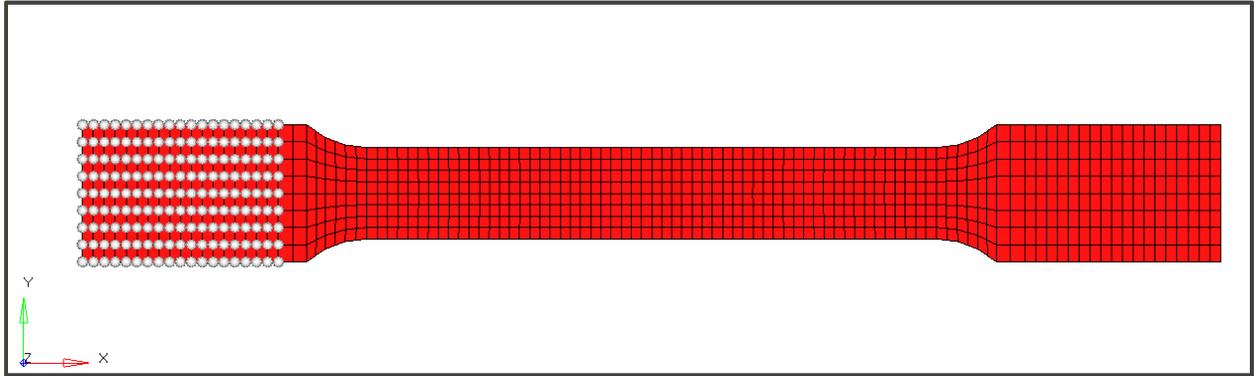
Step 4: Create the boundary conditions and loading conditions

1. Create a new load collector named SPCs.
2. In the **constraints** panel, select node 14598 **by id** and constrain DOFs 1-6.

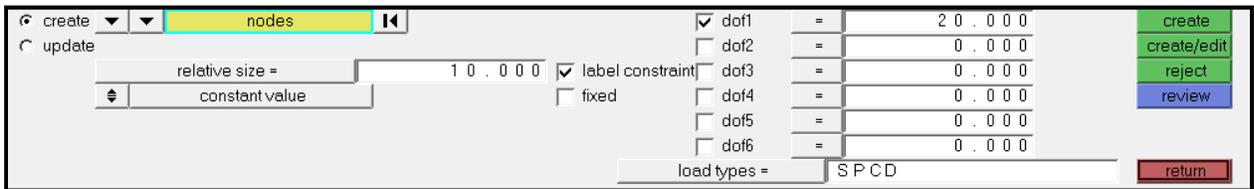
Chapter 3: Nonlinear Materials Exercises

This node is the independent node of the RBE2 and will constrain all nodes connected to that rigid element.

- Using a window selection, select all of the nodes shown in the image below. Constrain them in DOFs 1–3.



- Create a new load collector named `LOAD_20`.
- In the **constraints** panel, set the **load type** to `SPCD` and create a constraint in DOF 1 on node 14598 of **magnitude** 20.0.



- Create a new `NLPARM` load collector named `NLPARM` with **NINC** of 20.

Step 5: Create the output requests for the measurement set

- In the **control cards** panel, enter the `GLOBAL_OUTPUT_REQUEST` section.
- Ensure that the following outputs are requested:

Output Type	Format	Option
DISPLACEMENT	H3D	ALL
SPCF	H3D	ALL
ELFORCE	H3D	SID (2)

Step 6: Add an `NLOUT` load collector to enable 100 increments of intermediate step results and set the `NLOUT` option to the load collector in `GLOBAL_CASE_CONTROL`

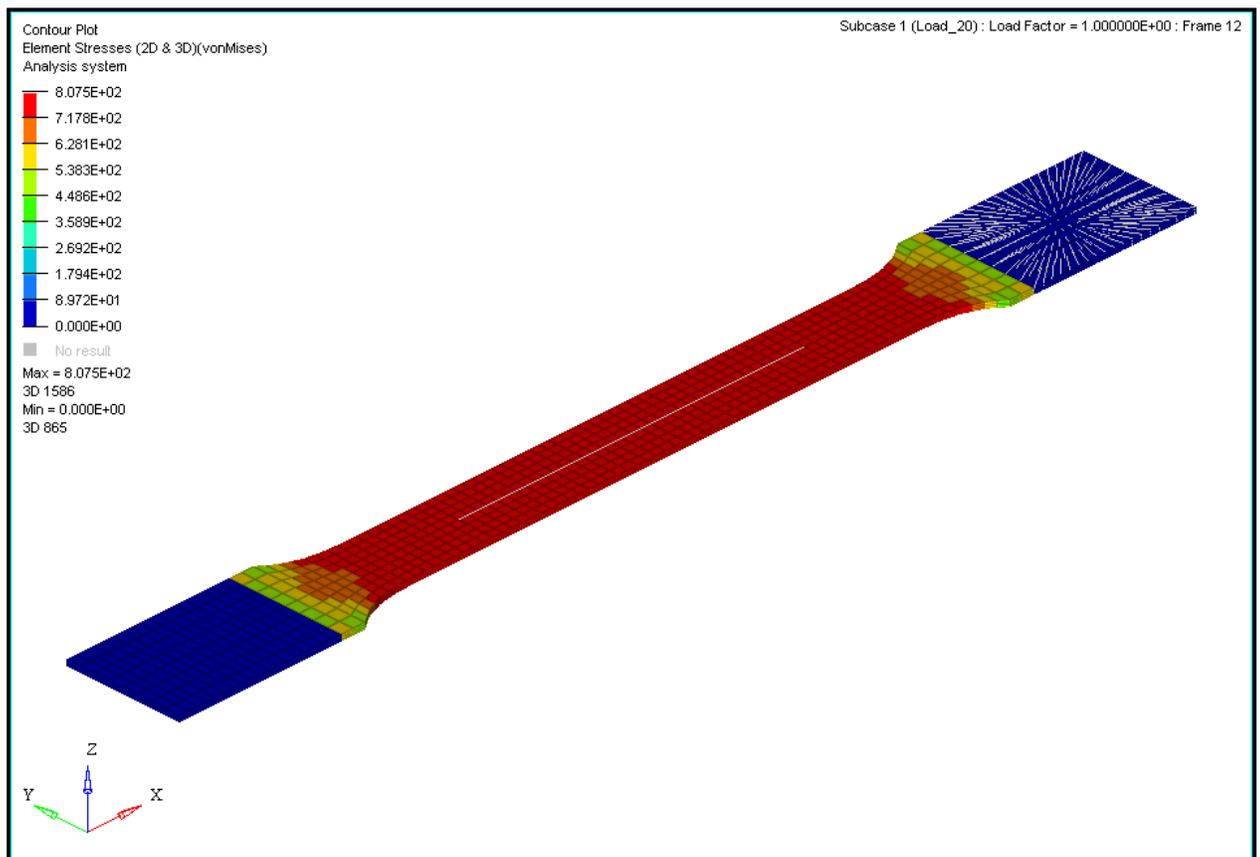
Step 7: Create a new Non-linear quasi-static analysis load step named Load_20. Set the SPC to SPCs, the LOAD to LOAD_20, and the NLPARM to NLPARM.

Step 8: Run the analysis with 4 CPUs

1. In the **OptiStruct** panel under the **Analysis** page, ensure that the **export options:** is set to all, the **run options:** is set to analysis. Name the file `tensile_sm_str.fem` and enter the **options** `-optskip -out -cpu 4`.
2. Click **OptiStruct** to run the nonlinear analysis.

Step 9: Review the results in HyperView

1. When the run has completed, from the **OptiStruct** panel, click on the **HyperView** button to launch the post-processing report `tensile_sm_str.mvw` which was automatically created from the analysis.
2. Set the animation type to **Transient**  and click the **Play** button  to view the displacement results. Overlay the contours of various results onto the load case animation to view how they change as the enforced displacement scales.



A contour of element stresses of the model at its last enforced displacement (20 units)

