

The verification of maple's seeds shape optimized.

한양대학교

기계공학부

Maple story

소홍윤, 유재석, 고영관

## ➤ Step 1 : Project/Problem Statement

- 식물은 씨앗을 퍼트리기 위해 많은 형태를 가지고 있음.  
ex) 도깨비 풀, 포자, 무궁화 꽃, 민들레, 단풍나무
- 바람에 의해 종자를 퍼트리는 대표적인 식물은 민들레, 단풍나무가 있음
- 단풍나무의 씨가 자연에 의해 최적화되었다고 가정
- 모델링을 통해 단풍나무 씨의 최적화 모양 검증

## ➤ Step2 : Data and information collection

Eqns. :  $L = \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 A C_L$

$$AR(\text{aspect ratio}) = \frac{b}{c} \approx \frac{b^2}{S}$$

Attack angle(받음각)

$$\beta = \frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha = \frac{\alpha_0}{1 + (\frac{\alpha_0}{\pi AR})(1 + \tau)} \quad \tau : \text{Fourier coefficient}(0.05 \sim 0.25)$$

Parameters :

$$t (\text{두께}) = 0.4 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = 4 \text{ mm}$$

$$\rho_{air} = 1.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ g/mm}^3$$

$$\rho_{maple} = 15 \times 10^{-5} \text{ g/mm}^3$$

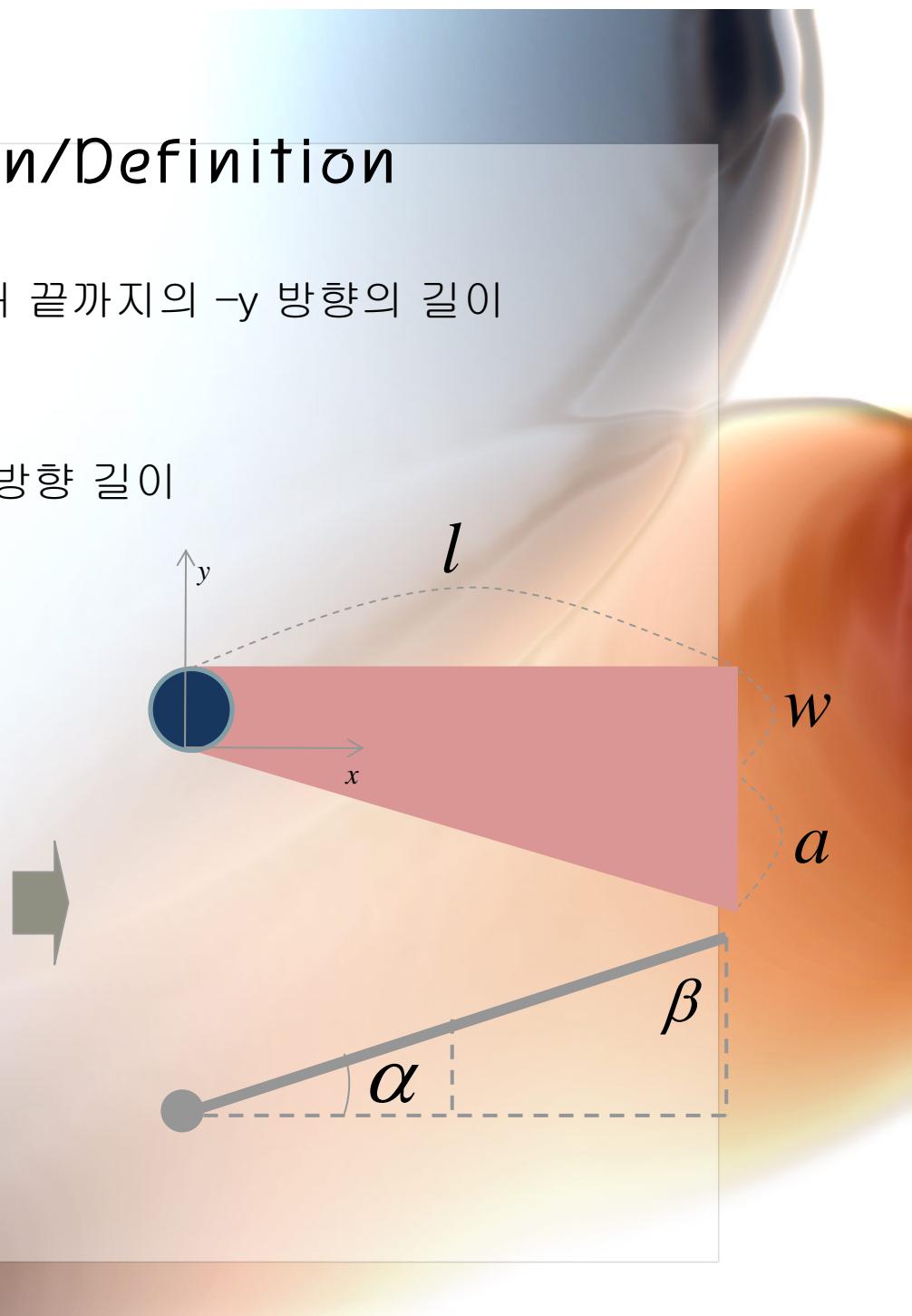
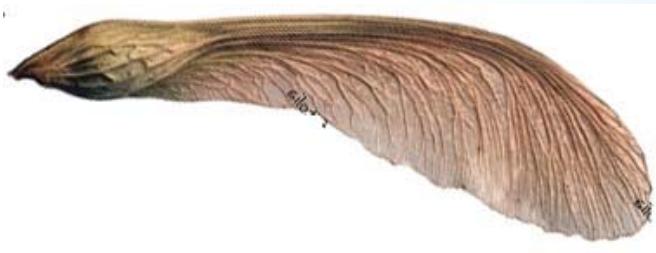
$$\alpha_0 = 0.083553 \quad : (\text{양력기 옮기}) = \frac{dC_l}{d\alpha}$$

$$m = 0.03 \text{ g}$$

### ➤ Step3 : Identification/Definition

$a$  : 씨앗으로부터 날개 끝까지의  $-y$  방향의 길이

$l$  : 씨앗으로부터  $+x$  방향 길이



## ▶ Step4 : Identification of a Criterion to Be Optimized

Minimize :  $V_{final} = f(a, l)$

종단속도:  $V_{final}$

$$mg = \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 A C_L \quad : \quad \text{양력} = \text{중력} \quad (\text{종단속도} : \text{등속도})$$

$$\xrightarrow{V \text{에 대해 정리하면}} V_{final} = \sqrt{\frac{2mg}{\rho_{air} A C_L}} = \sqrt{\frac{2g \rho_{maple} (w + \frac{a}{2}) tl}{\rho_{air} \pi l^2 \cos \alpha \times C_L}}$$

Attack angle(x)	$C_L(y)$
2.2	0.18
6	0.5
12	1.0
15	1.25

$$\xrightarrow{\text{최소자승법}} y = 0.083553x - 0.002768$$

## ► Step 5 : Identification of Constraints

$$\bullet g1 = \frac{l}{w + \frac{a}{2}} \geq 5.5 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 5.5w + 2.75a - l \leq 0$$

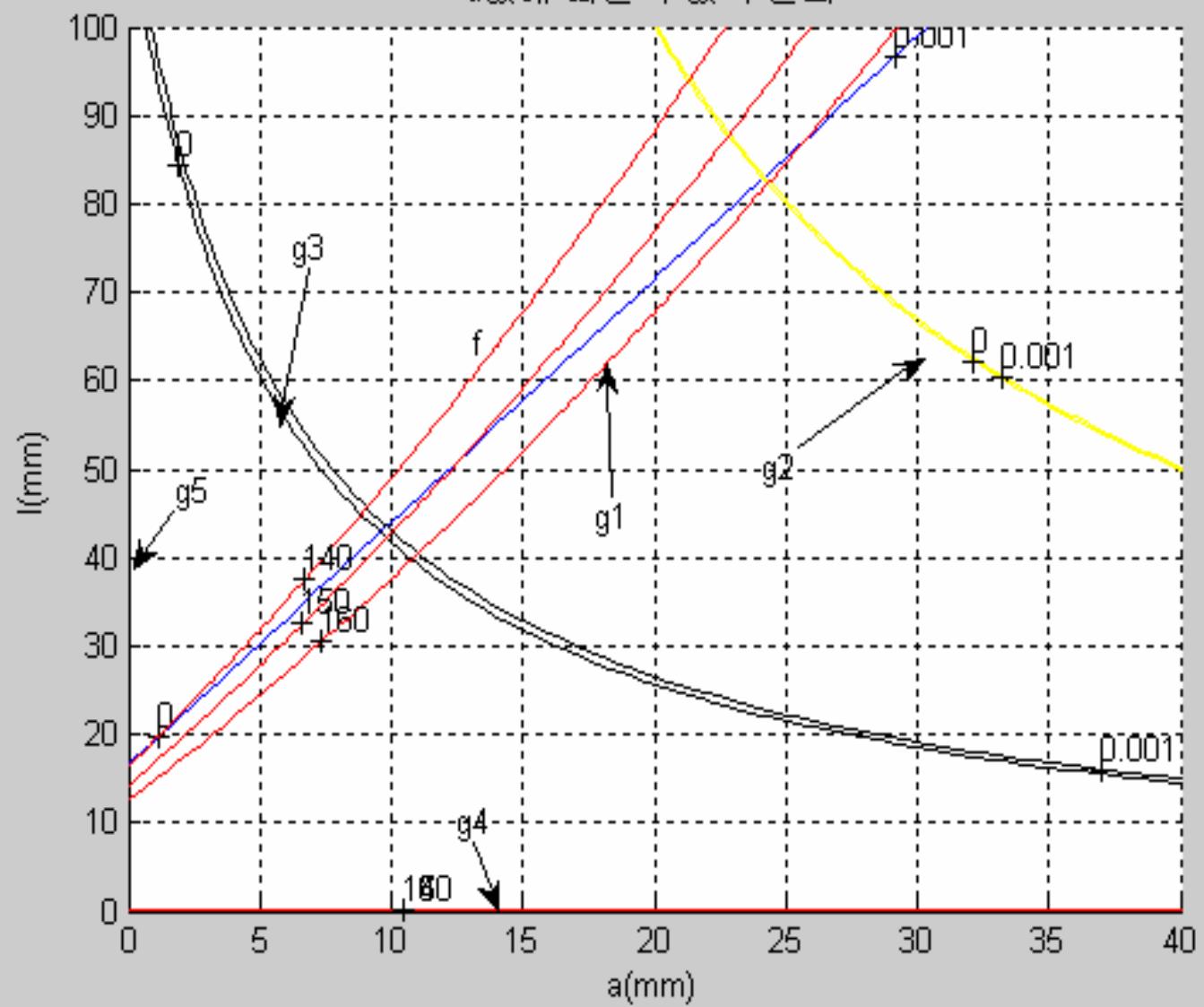
$$\bullet g2 = -6 \times m + \rho_{maple} tal \leq 0$$

$$\bullet g3 = w\rho_{maple} tl + \frac{\rho_{maple} tal}{2} - m \leq 0$$

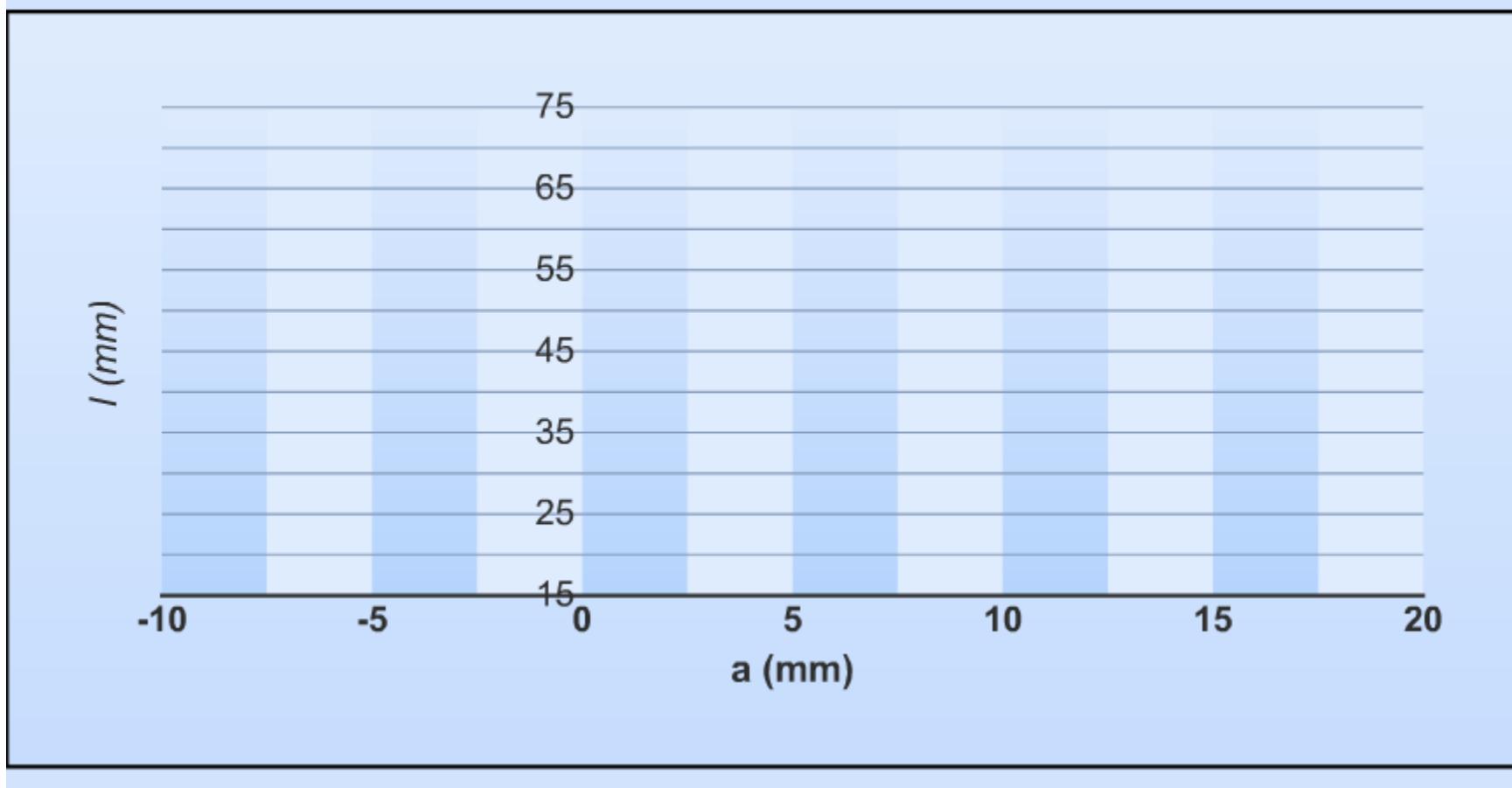
$$\bullet g4 = a \geq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad -a \leq 0$$

$$\bullet g5 = l \geq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad -l \leq 0$$

### a값에 따른 l 값의 변화



## 2 변수

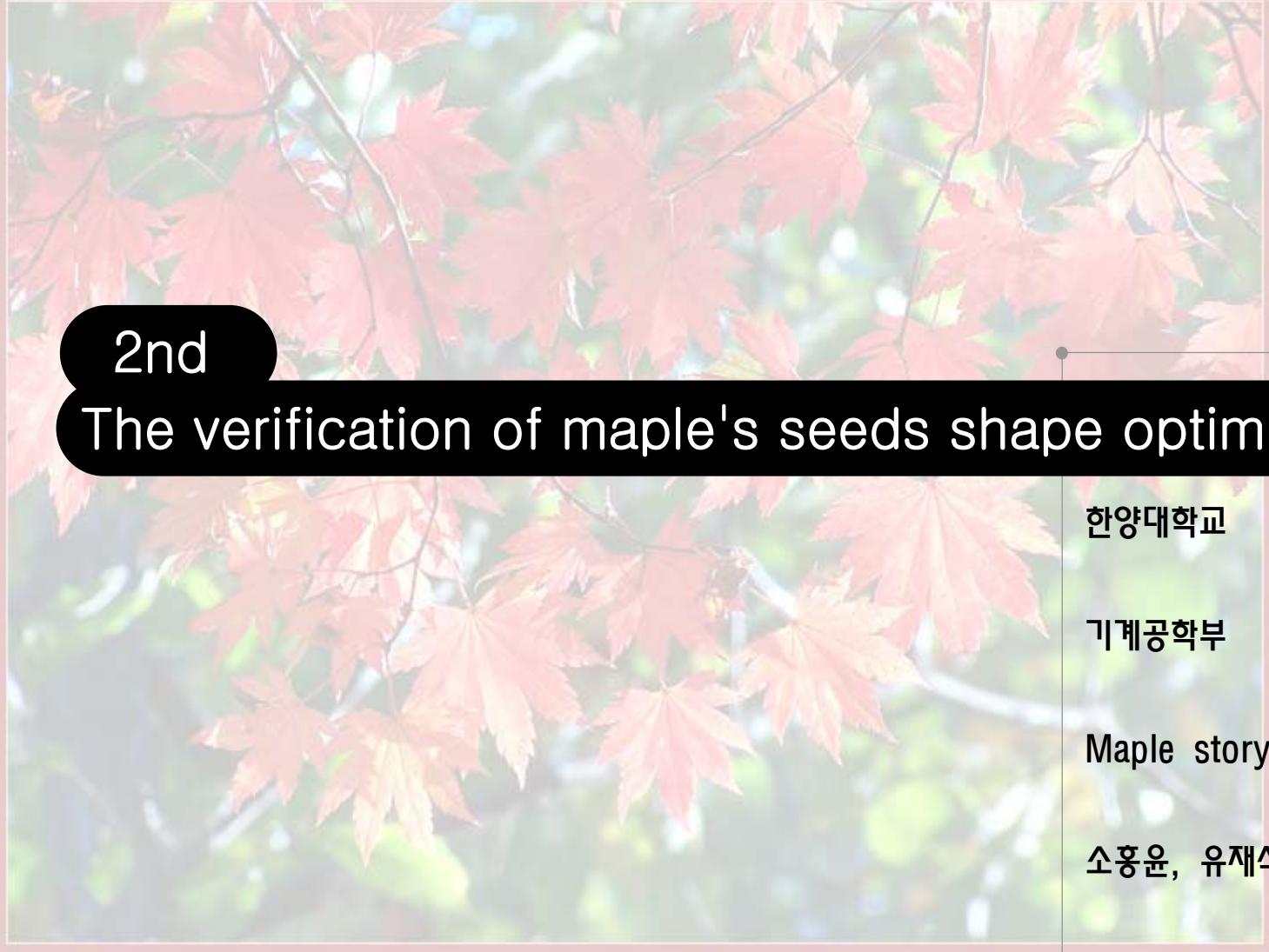


초기값

length: 20(mm)    a: 10(mm)

결과값

length: 70.463 (mm)  
a: 17.623 (mm)



2nd

The verification of maple's seeds shape optimized.

한양대학교

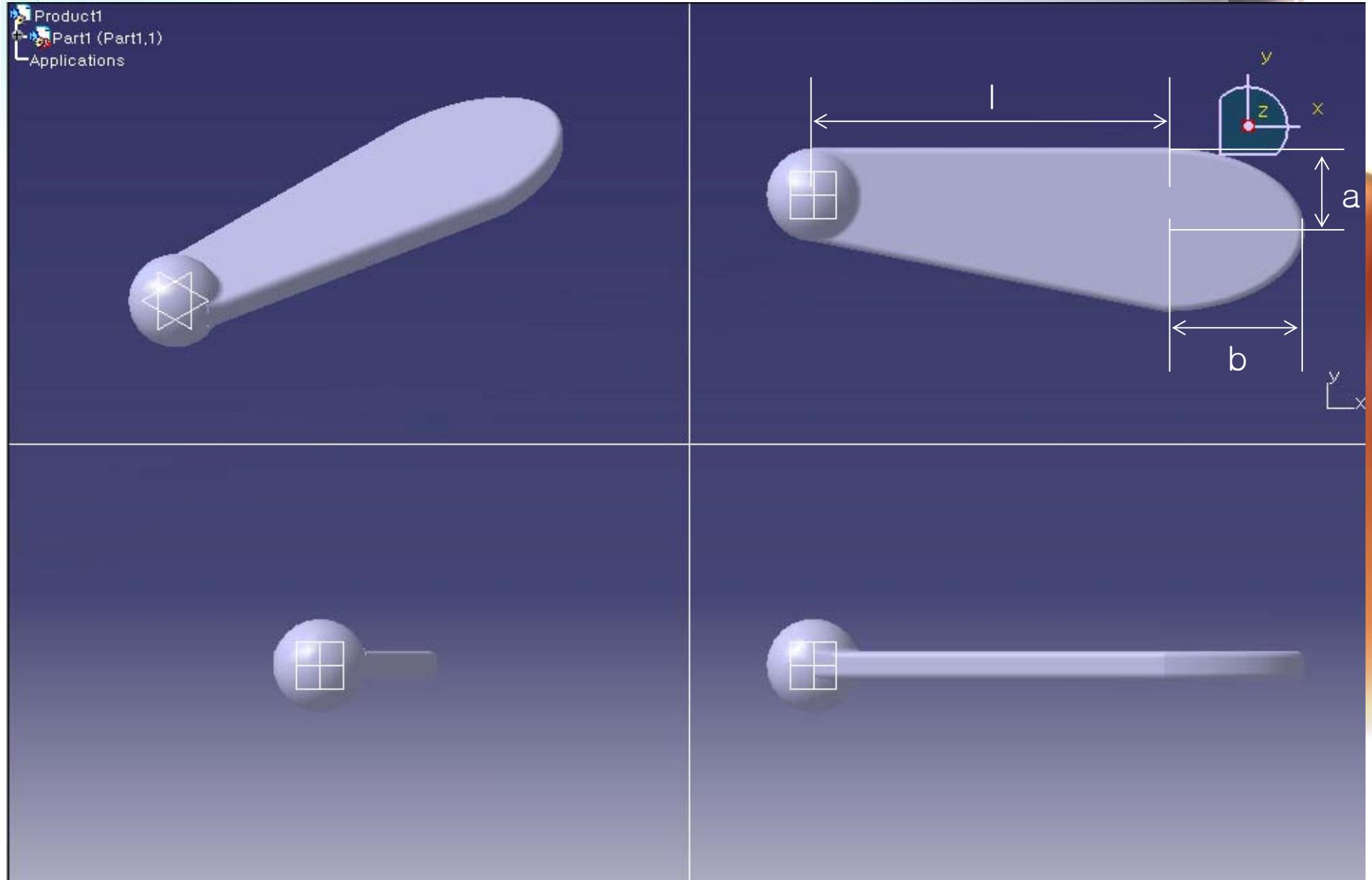
기계공학부

Maple story

소홍윤, 유재석, 고영관



## 새로운 모델링 (3번수)





## 수정된 식

◦ AR(종횡비)

$$AR = \frac{(l+b)^2}{\left(\frac{\pi ab}{2} + 2la - \frac{(2a-4)}{2}l\right)}$$

◦ A(휩쓸고 지나가는 면적)

$$A = \pi(l+a)^2 \cos \beta$$

◦ 받음각  $\beta$

$$\beta = \frac{\alpha_0 0}{1 + \left(\frac{\alpha_0}{\pi AR}\right)(1 + \tau)} \quad \text{where, } \begin{cases} \alpha_0 = 0.083533 & (\text{양력기울기}) \\ \tau = 0.05 \sim 0.25 \\ (\text{fourier coefficient}) \end{cases}$$

◦ 질량 mass

$$m = \left(\frac{\pi ab}{2} + 2la - \frac{(2a-4)}{2}l\right) \rho t$$

◦ Dragforce coefficient  $C_L$

$$C_L = 0.083553\beta - 0.002768$$



## 수정된 식

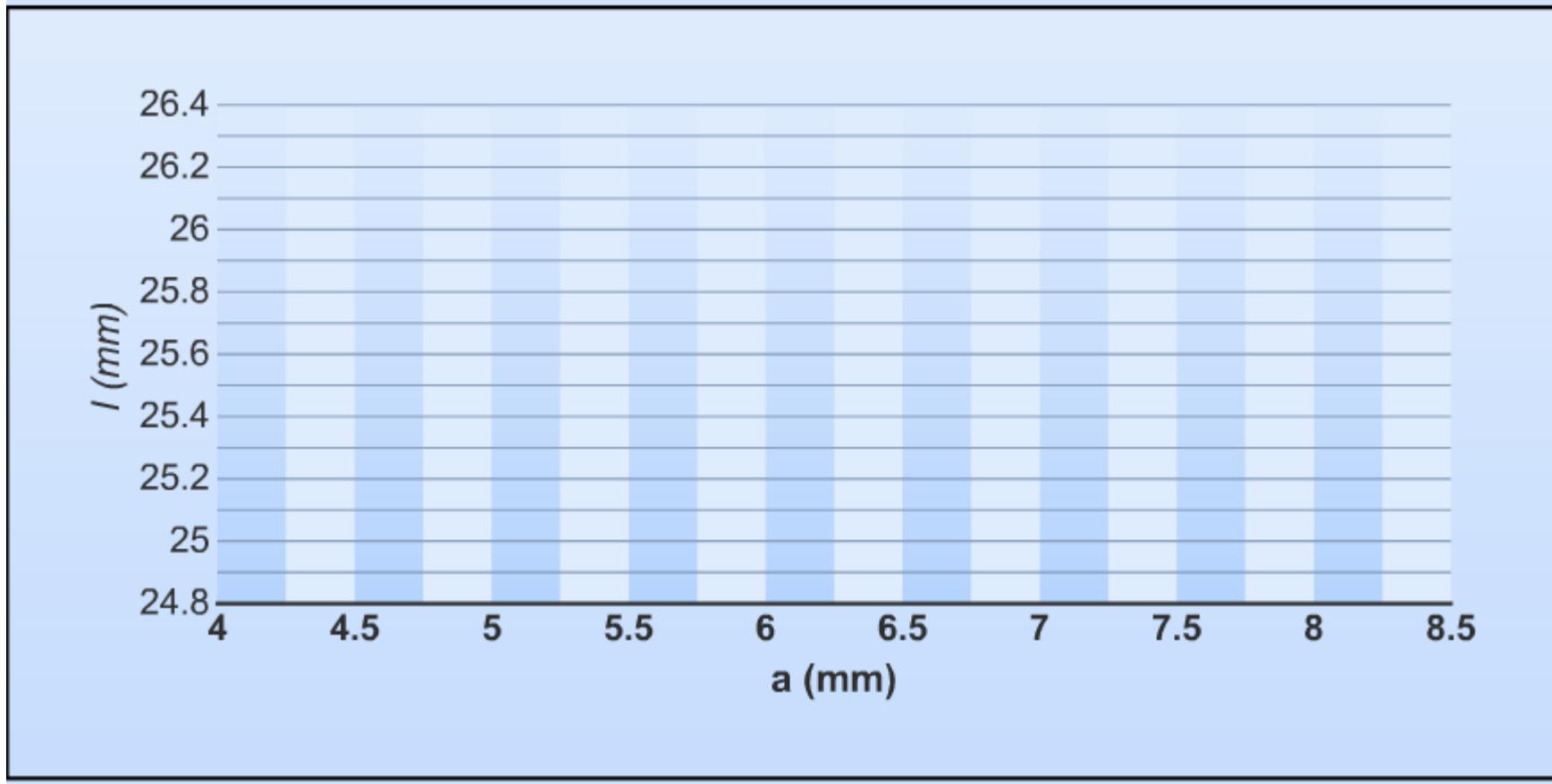
◦ Objective function

$$V_{final} = \sqrt{\frac{2mg}{\rho_{air} A C_L}}$$

◦ Constraint

$$\begin{cases} g_1 = \frac{(l+b)^2}{(\frac{\pi ab}{2} + 2la - \frac{(2a-4)}{2}l)} \geq 5.5 & (\text{종횡비}) \\ g_2 = \frac{\rho_{maple} (l-b)2at \times (l-b)/2 + \rho_{maple} ab\pi tl}{\rho_{maple} t (\frac{\pi ab}{2} + al + \frac{kl}{2})} \leq \frac{l}{2} & (\text{질량중심의 위치 제한}) \\ g_3 = \rho_{maple} t (\frac{ab\pi}{2} + al + \frac{kl}{2}) - m \leq 0 & (\text{씨앗의 무게} \geq \text{날개의 무게}) \end{cases}$$

### 3 변수 (Excel-Solver)



초기값

length: 25(mm)

$a$ : 8(mm)

$b$ : 5(mm)

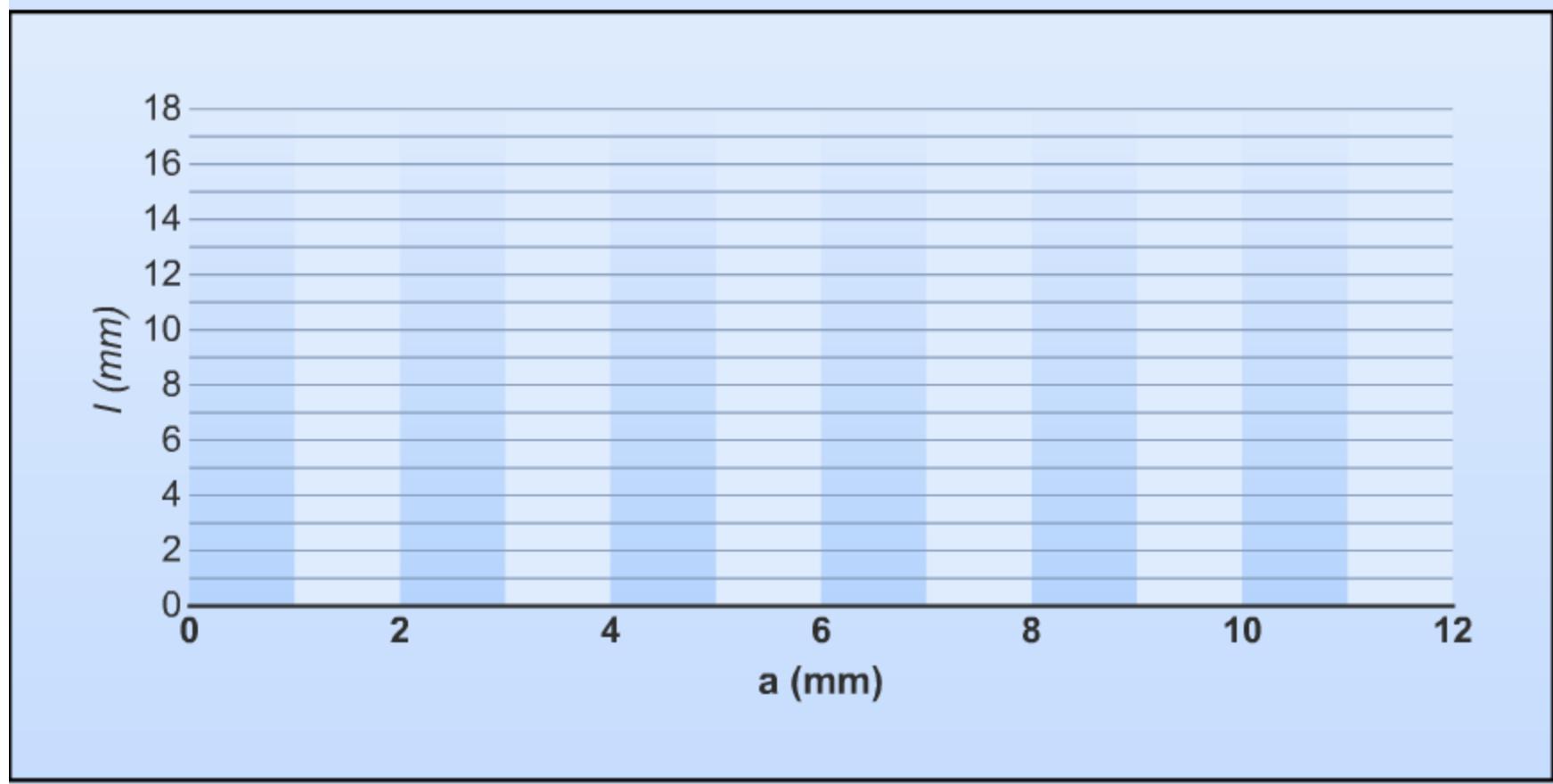
결과값

length: 26.2452(mm)

$a$ : 5.2898(mm)

$b$ : 15.96013(mm)

### 3 변수 (Excel-Solver)



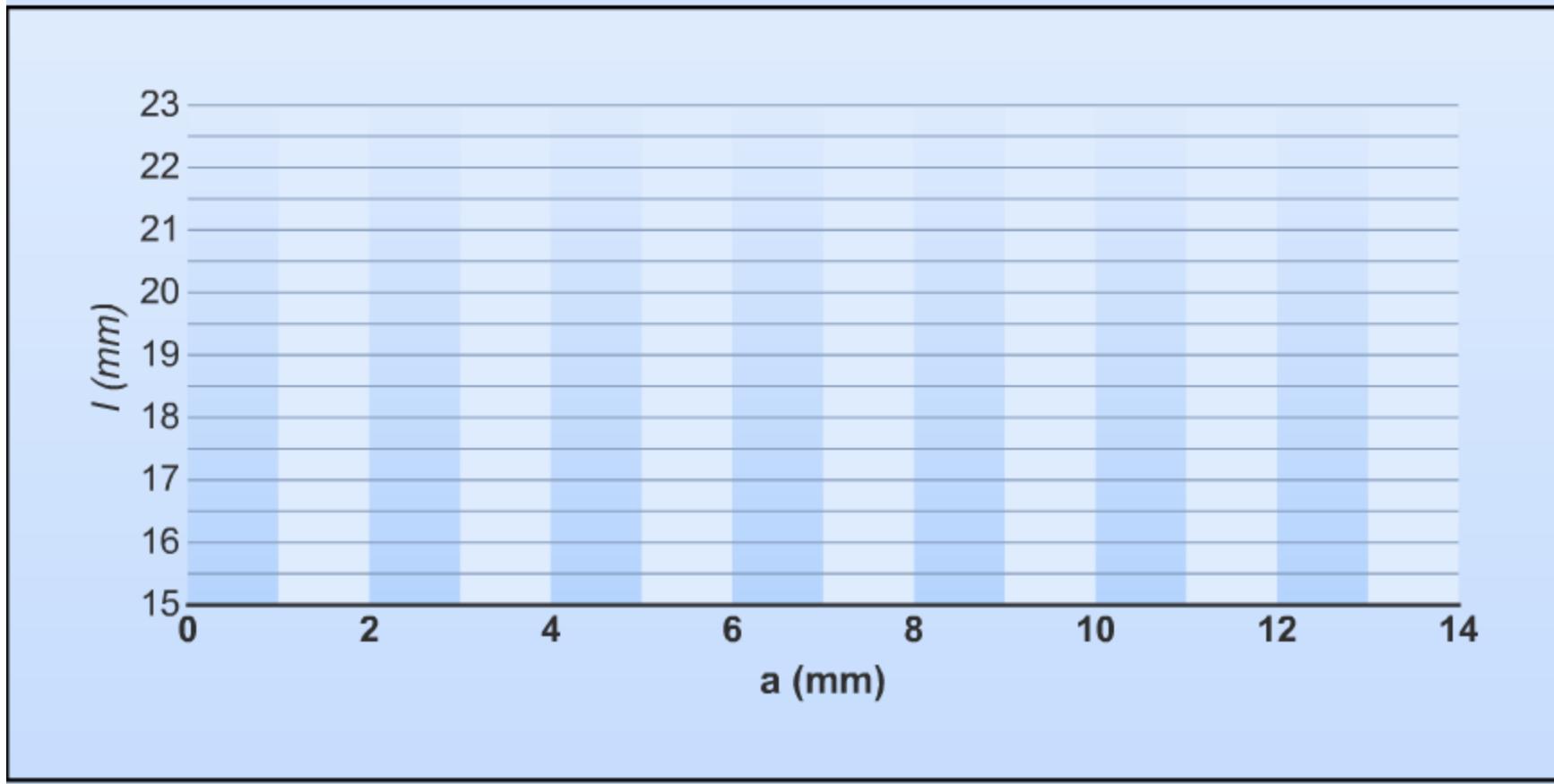
초기값

length: 10 (mm)  
a: 10 (mm)  
b: 6 (mm)

결과값

length: 13.3125246 (mm)  
a: 2.052445701 (mm)  
b: 7.3516439 (mm)

### 3 변수 (Excel-Solver)



초기값

length: 17 (mm)

a: 13 (mm)

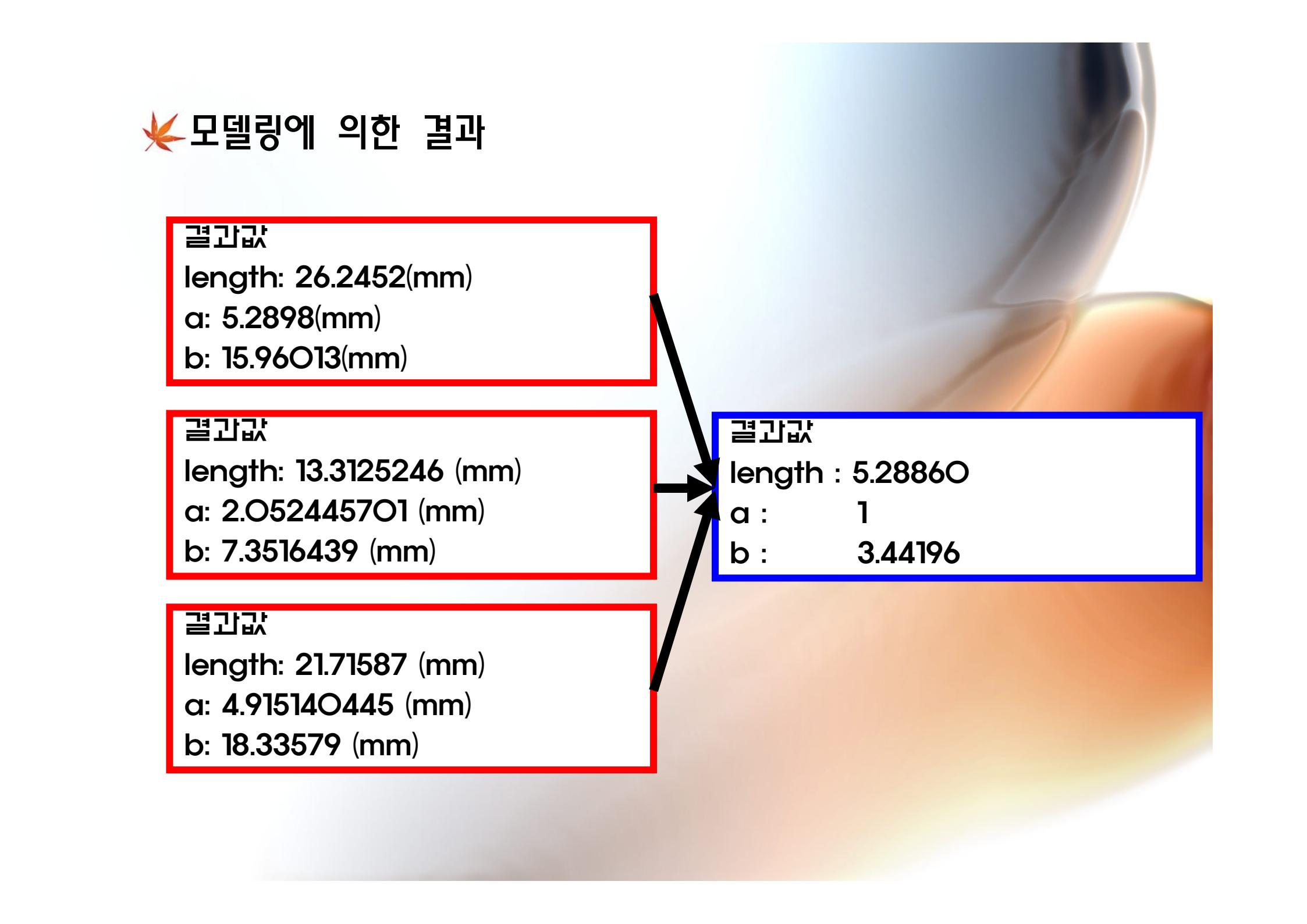
b: 15 (mm)

결과값

length: 21.71587 (mm)

a: 4.915140445 (mm)

b: 18.33579 (mm)



## 🍁 모델링에 의한 결과

결과값

length: 26.2452(mm)

a: 5.2898(mm)

b: 15.96013(mm)

결과값

length: 13.3125246 (mm)

a: 2.052445701 (mm)

b: 7.3516439 (mm)

결과값

length: 21.71587 (mm)

a: 4.915140445 (mm)

b: 18.33579 (mm)

결과값

length : 5.28860

a : 1

b : 3.44196



## 실제 단풍나무 씨앗의 표본 추출

I	a	b	I/a	a	b/a
13.6	2.8	7	4.867	1	2.5
9.3	1.5	4	6.2	1	2.67
12	2	4.7	6	1	2.35
11	2.7	7.7	4.07	1	2.85
9.6	2	5.4	4.8	1	2.7
10.9	2.7	7.8	4.04	1	2.89
12.3	2.3	5.8	5.047	1	2.52
9.2	1.7	5.8	5.4	1	3.41
11.9	2.2	7	5.4	1	3.2
8.7	1.6	5	5.44	1	3.125

평균

5.1554

1

2.82