

Optimum Design of Side mirror



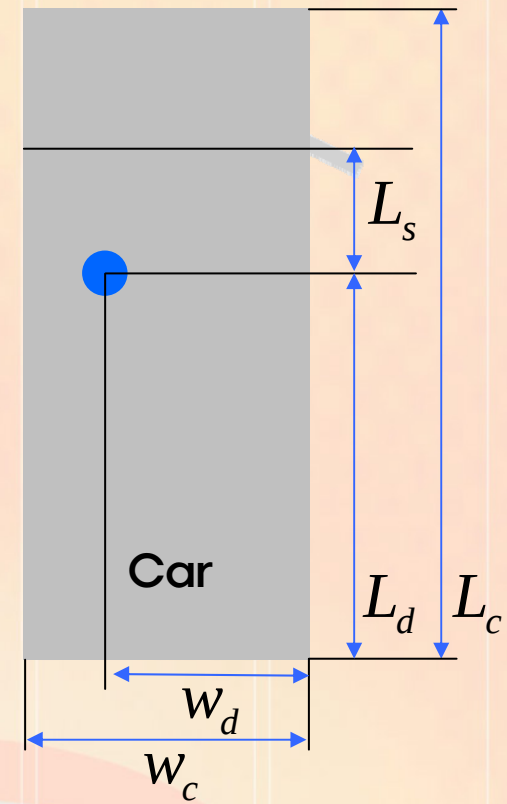
한양대학교 기계공학부

카센터

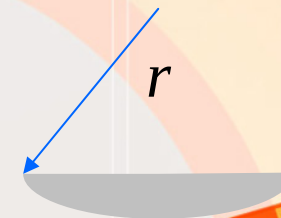
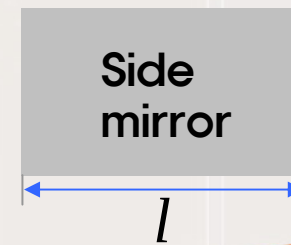


이영준, 유재석

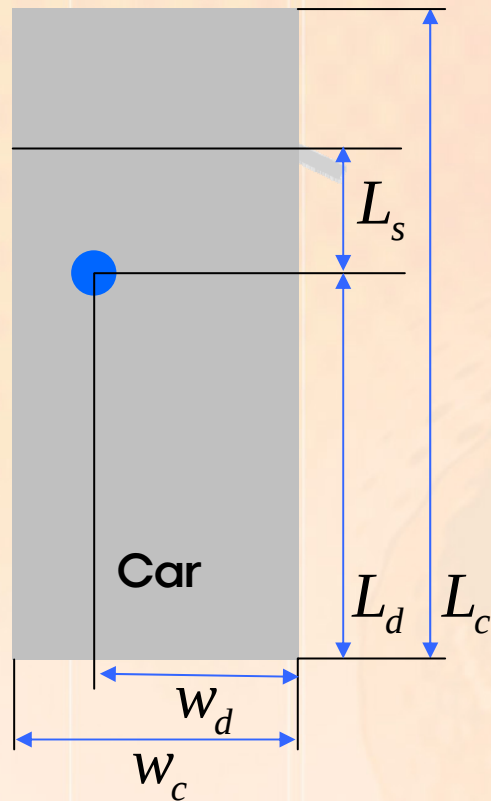
Modeling



직사각형으로 모델링



Step2 : Data and information collection

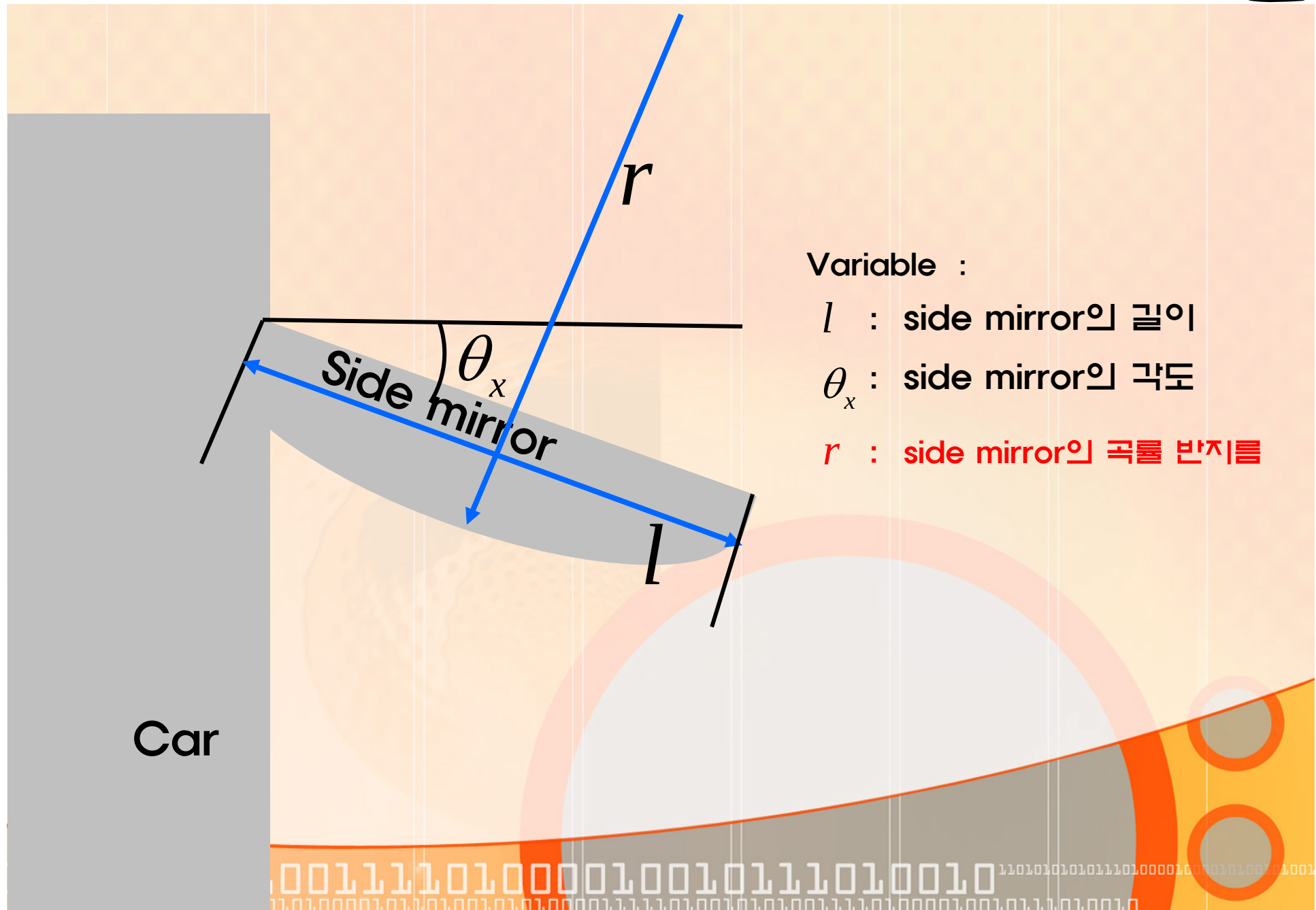


W_c	= 자동차 폭	: 1800 mm
L_c	= 자동차 길이	: 4650 mm
L_d	= 운전자와 자동차 뒷 범퍼까지 거리	: 2350 mm
L_s	= 운전자와 side mirror까지 세로 거리	: 600 mm
W_d	= 운전자와 side mirror까지 가로 거리	: 1100 mm
W_L	= 도로 폭 길이	: 3500 mm
L_{ss}	= 관측거리	: 50 m

(New marcia 기준)



Step3 : Identification/Definition



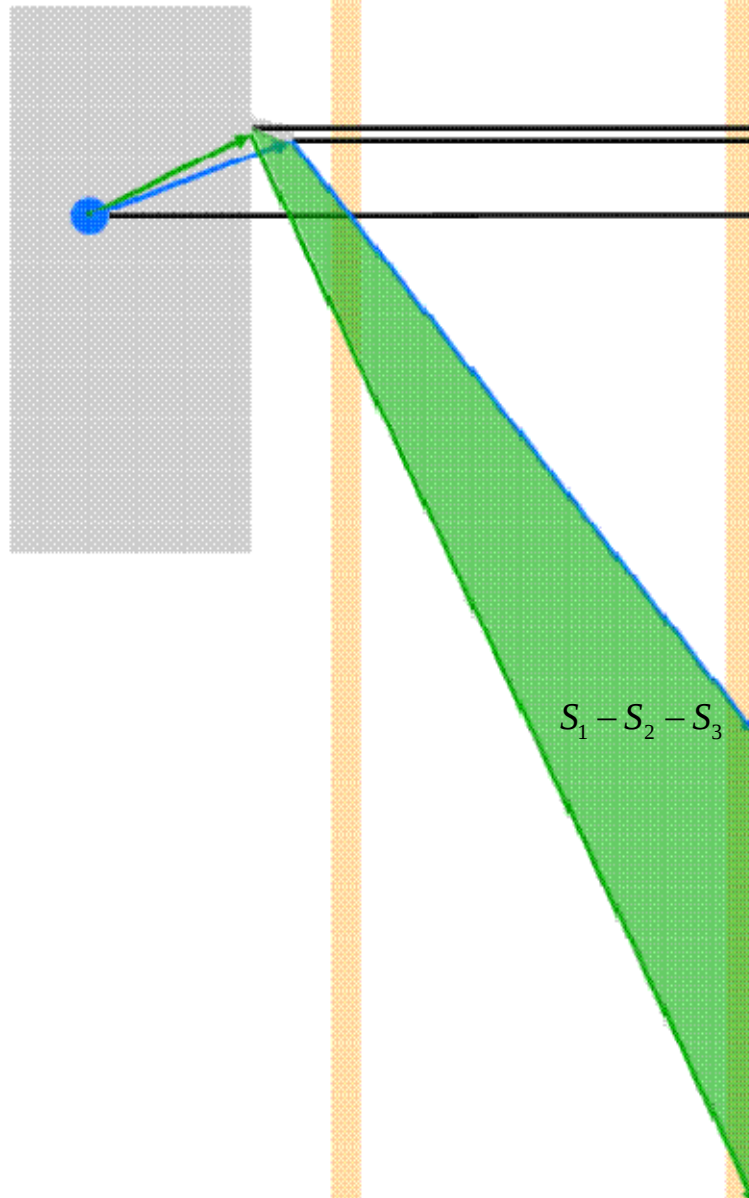
Variable :

l : side mirror의 길이

θ_x : side mirror의 각도

r : side mirror의 곡률 반지름

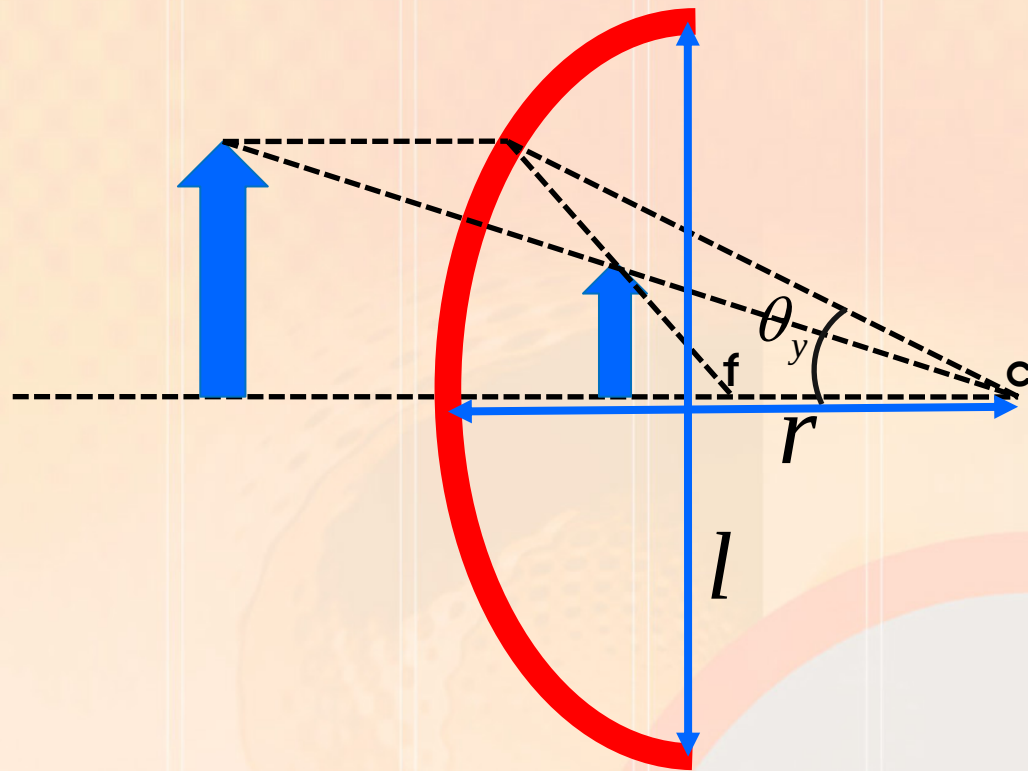
Step4 : Identification of a Criterion to Be Optimized



Minimize :

$$f = S_1 - S_2 - S_3$$

Step4 : Identification of a Criterion to Be Optimized



$$\theta_y = \sin^{-1} \frac{l}{2r}$$



Step4 : Identification of a Criterion to Be Optimized

$$f = S_1 - S_2 - S_3$$

$$S_1 = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta_1 + 2\theta_x + 2\theta_y\right)\left(\frac{3}{2}w_L - \frac{w_c}{2}\right)^2}{2}$$

$$S_2 = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{w_d + l \cos \theta_x}{L_s - l \sin \theta_x}\right) + 2\theta_x - 2\theta_y\right)\left(\frac{3}{2}w_L - \frac{w_c}{2} - l \cos \theta_x\right)^2}{2}$$

$$S_3 = \frac{(3w_L - w_c - l \cos \theta_x)}{2} l \sin \theta_x$$

$$f = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta_1 + 2\theta_x + \mathbf{2\theta_y}\right)\left(\frac{3}{2}w_L - \frac{w_c}{2}\right)^2}{2}$$

$$- \frac{\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{w_d + l \cos \theta_x}{L_s - l \sin \theta_x}\right) + 2\theta_x - \mathbf{2\theta_y}\right)\left(\frac{3}{2}w_L - \frac{w_c}{2} - l \cos \theta_x\right)^2}{2} - \frac{(3w_L - w_c - l \cos \theta_x)}{2} l \sin \theta_x$$

Step5 : Identification of Constraints



- 자동차 면에 대한 제약조건

$$\theta_x \leq \frac{\theta_1}{2} - \theta_y$$

- 관측거리에 대한 제약조건

$$\theta_x \geq \frac{1}{2} \left(\theta_1 - 2\theta_y - \tan^{-1} \frac{w_c}{L_{ss} + L_s + L_d} \right)$$

- 도로 폭에 대한 제약조건

$$l \leq \frac{(w_L - w_c)}{2 \cos \theta_x}$$

- 옆 차선 자동차에 대한 제약조건

$$l \geq \frac{w_L - w_c - \tan \theta_p (L_s + L_c)}{\cos \theta_x - \sin \theta_x \tan \theta_p}$$



Result(Left_method)

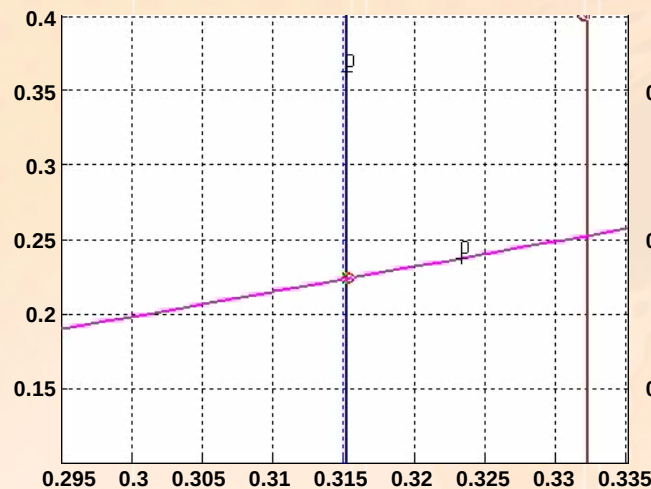
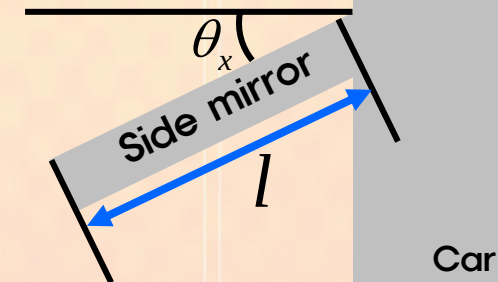


•결과값

Set_x=0.3153 rad
(18.065 °)
L=0.2237 m

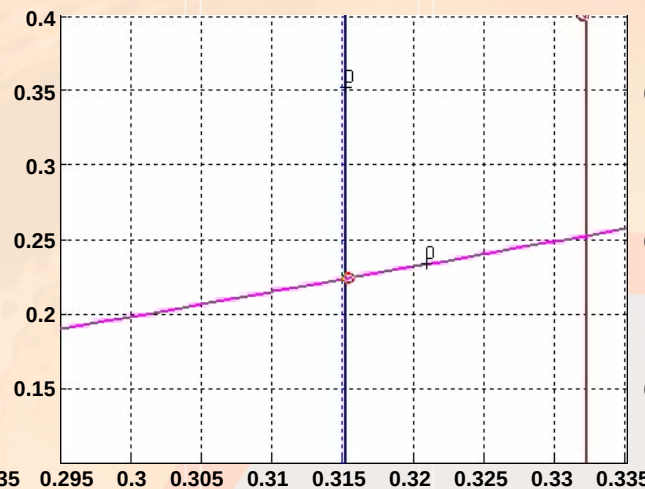
•실제값

Set_x= ? rad
(? °)
L=0.18 m



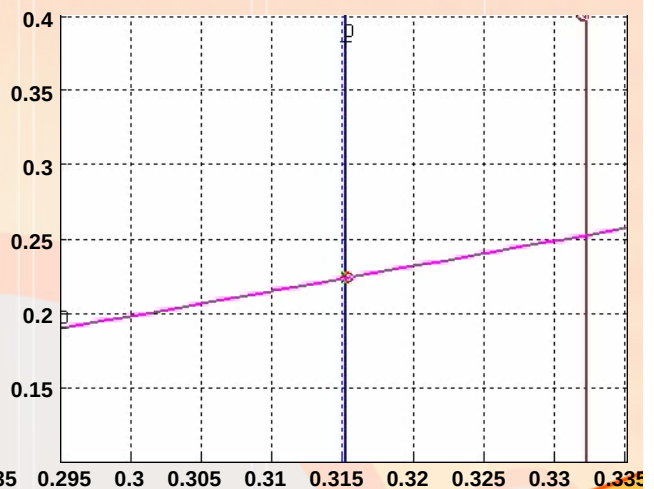
< fmincon >

19번



< patternsearch >

30번

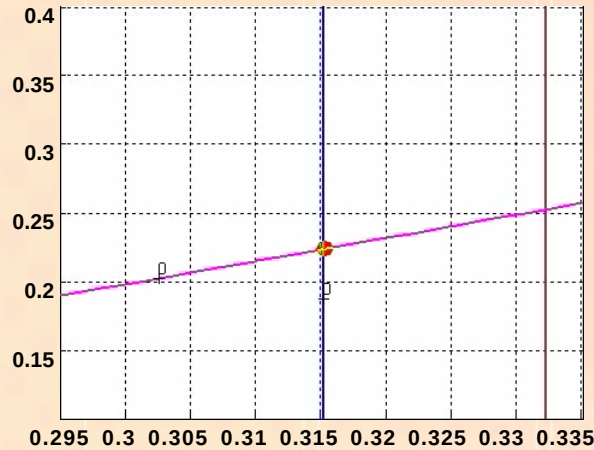


< fminimax >

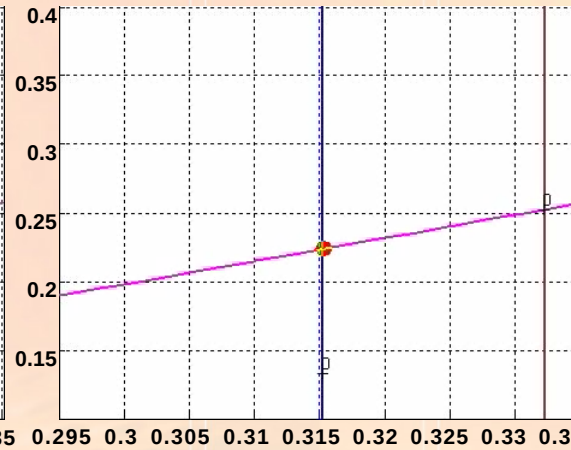
5번



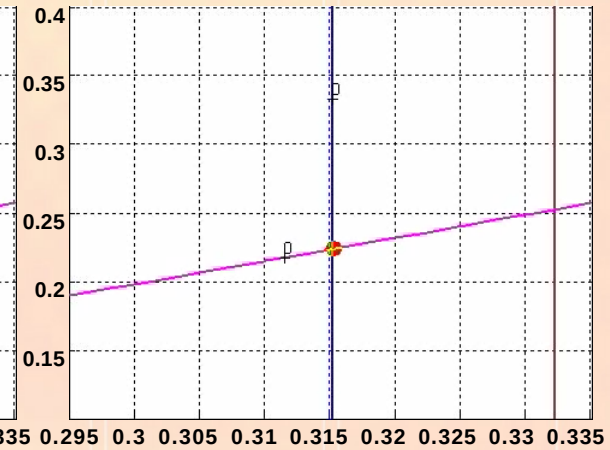
Result(Left_initial)



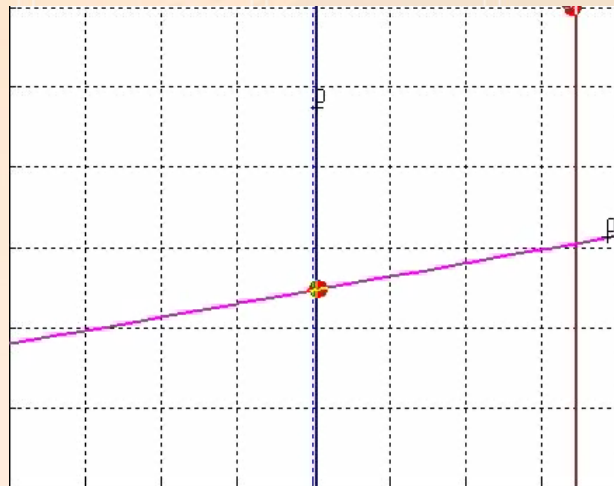
[0, 0] : 5번



[0.6, 0.6] : 4번



[2, 2] : 10번



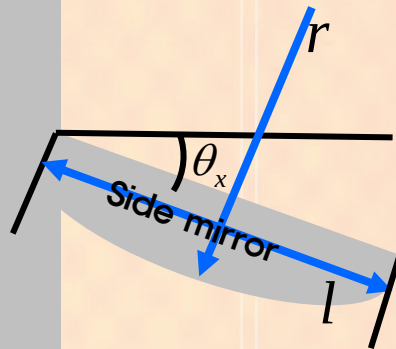
[0.332, 0.4] : 19번

•결과값

Set_x=0.3153 rad
(18.065 °)
L=0.2237 m



Result(Right)



•결과값

Set_x=0.385 rad
(22.06 °)
L=0.164 m
r=0.6148 m

•실제값

Set_x= ? rad
(? °)
L=0.18 m
r=0.56 m

- 최적값에 의한 view region

