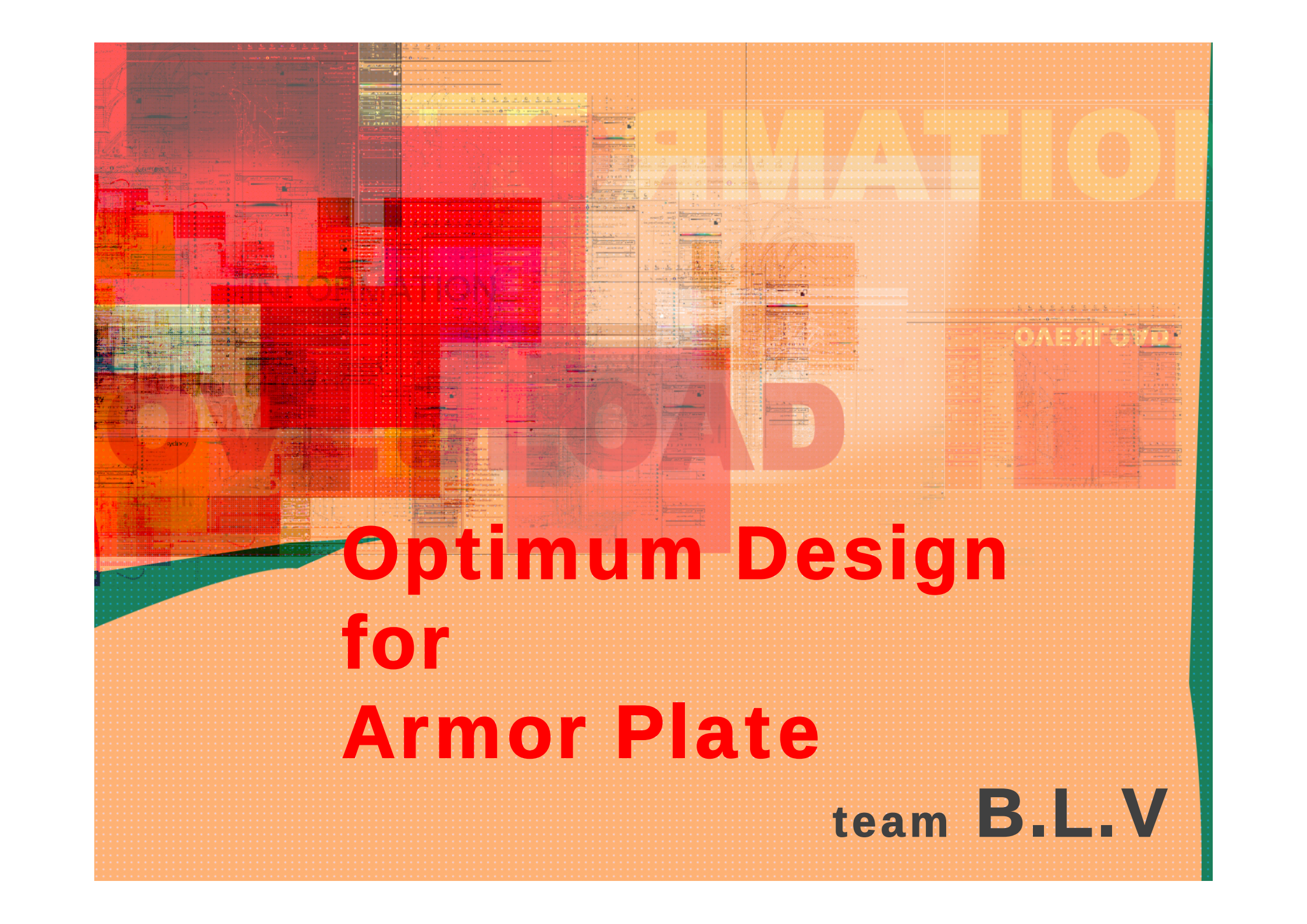
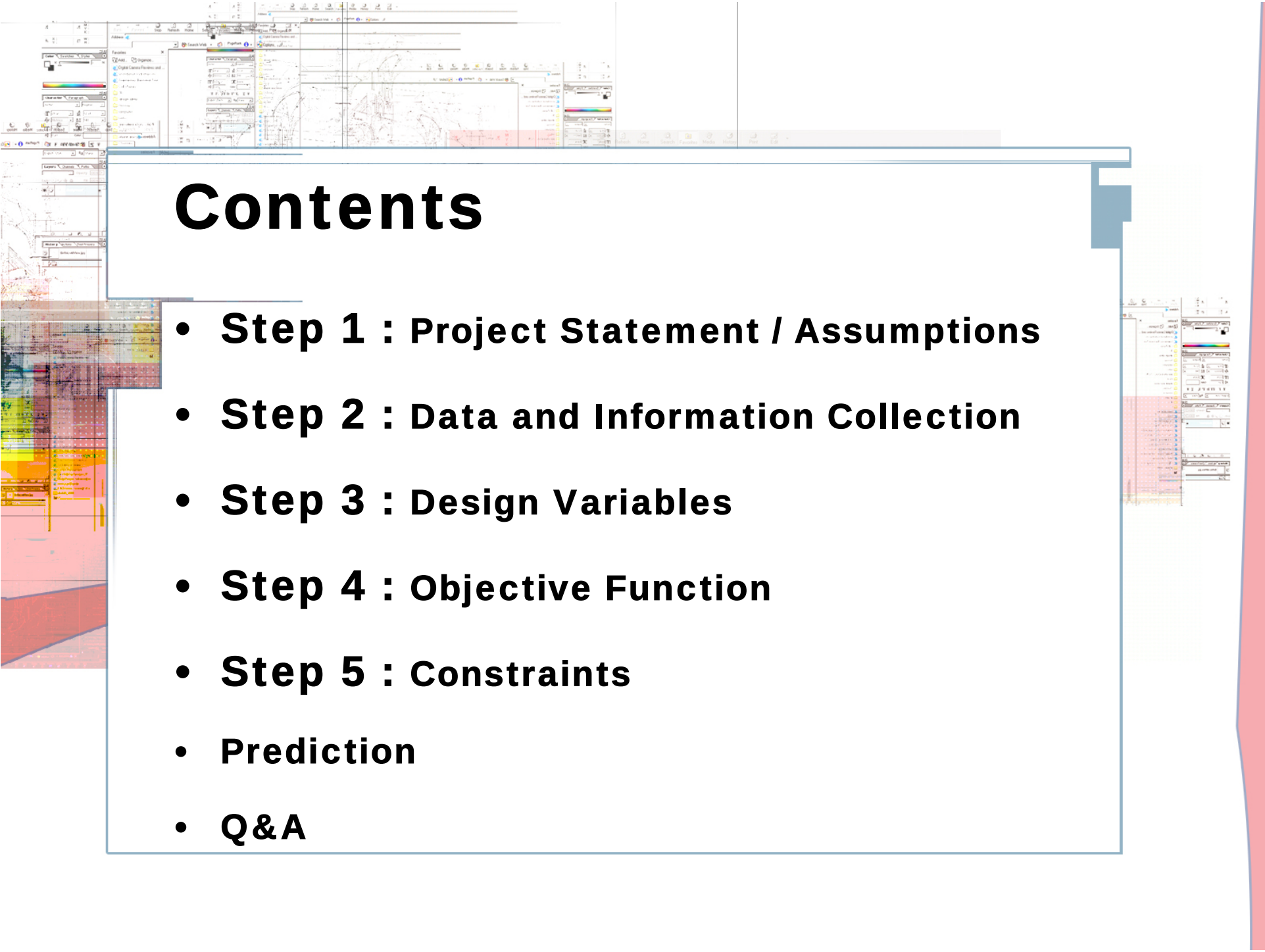




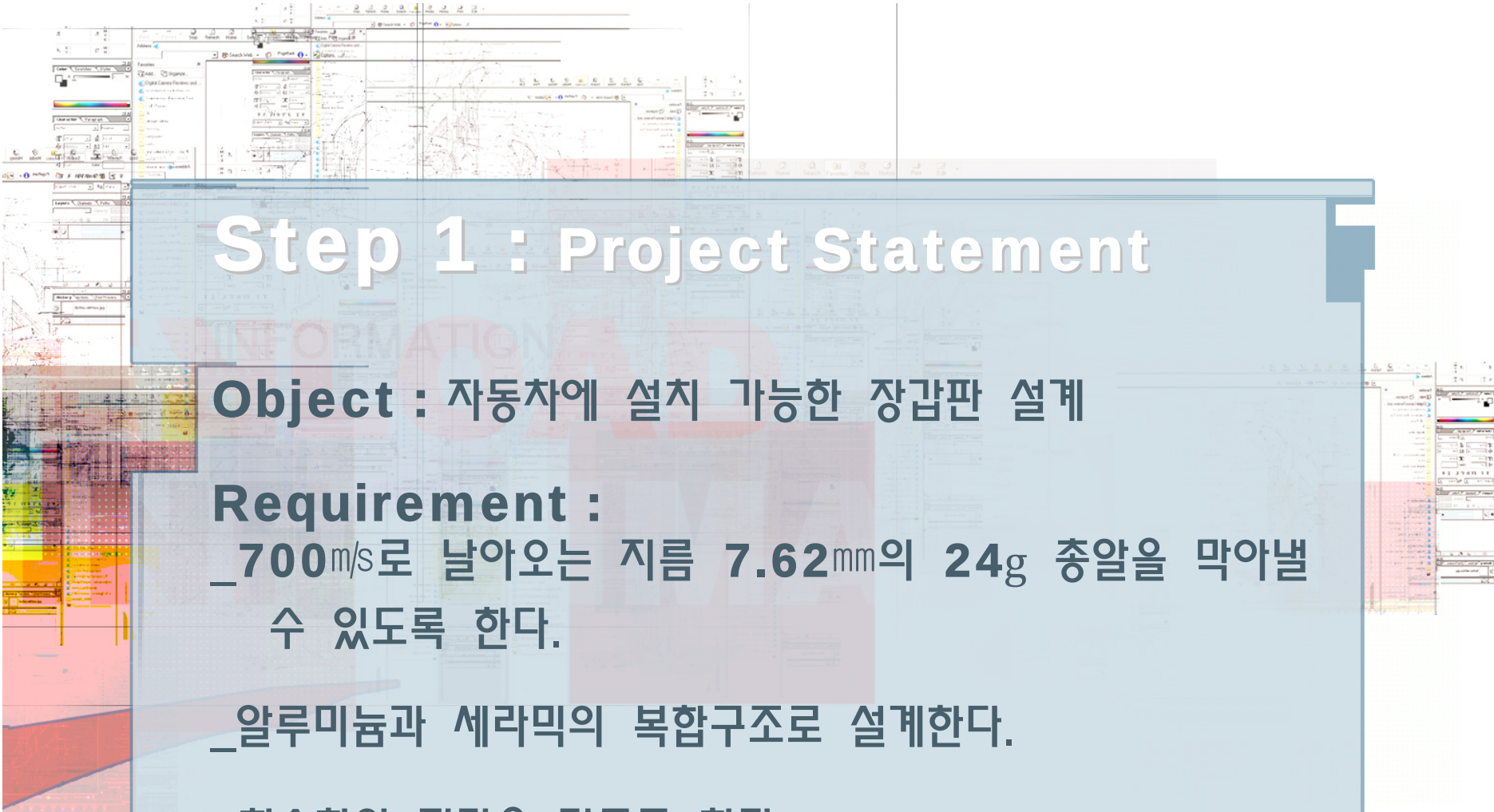
Optimum Design for Armor Plate

team B.L.V

The background of the slide is a collage of various engineering and design software interfaces. On the left, there are panels from AutoCAD showing a 3D model of a mechanical part. In the center, there's a screenshot of a circuit simulation software, likely PSpice, displaying a complex circuit diagram with numerous components and simulation results. On the right, there are panels from SolidWorks showing a 3D model of a mechanical assembly. The collage is layered and semi-transparent, creating a technical and professional atmosphere.

Contents

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Step 1 : Project Statement

Object : 자동차에 설치 가능한 장갑판 설계

Requirement :

_700m/s로 날아오는 지름 7.62mm의 24g 총알을 막아낼 수 있도록 한다.

_알루미늄과 세라믹의 복합구조로 설계한다.

_최소한의 질량을 갖도록 한다.

Assumptions

가정1_총알은 실린더의 형태를 하고 있다고 가정한다.

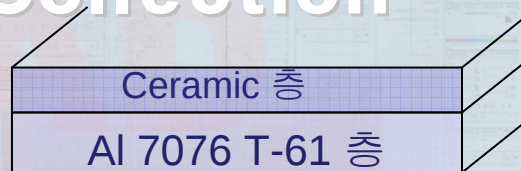
가정2_총알이 장갑판에 수직으로 맞을 때를 고려한다.

가정3_관통 제한 속도(BLV)에 관한 이론으로 Florence 모델을 사용할 것이다.

가정4_장갑판은 무한평판이라고 가정하고, 장갑판의 무게를 계산할 때에는 가로 10cm 세로 10cm의 단위 면적당 무게를 계산한다.

Step 2 : Data and Information Collection

Armor Plate

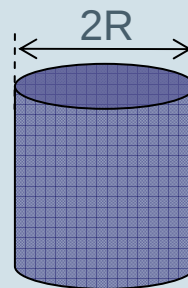


Materials	Density (g/cc)	Elongation at Break	Tensile Strength Ultimate (MPa)
Ceramic	3.96	-	300
Al 7076 T-61	7.845	0.14	510

총알

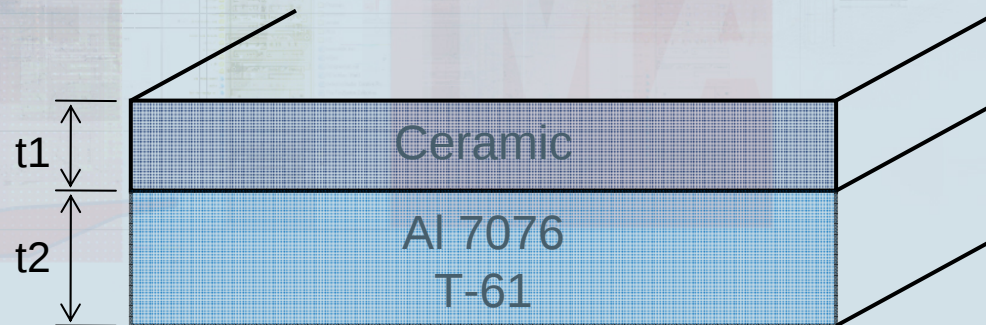
$2R=7.62\text{mm}$

Mass=24g



Step 3 : Design Variables

Design Variables : 각 판의 두께 t_1 , t_2



Step 4 : Objective Function

Objective Function : Mass of Armor Plate

$$m = \gamma_1 A t_1 + \gamma_2 A t_2$$

$$\gamma_1 = 3.96 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\gamma_2 = 2.84 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$A = 10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} = 100 \text{ cm}^2$$

Step 5 : Constraints

Thickness of each plate

Thickness of ceramic plate

$$t_1 \geq 0$$

Thickness of aluminum plate

$$t_2 \geq 0$$

BLV equation from Florence's model

$$v_{bl}^2 = \frac{\alpha \epsilon_2 \sigma_2 b_2 z [(\gamma_1 b_1 + \gamma_2 b_2) z + m]}{0.91 m^2}$$

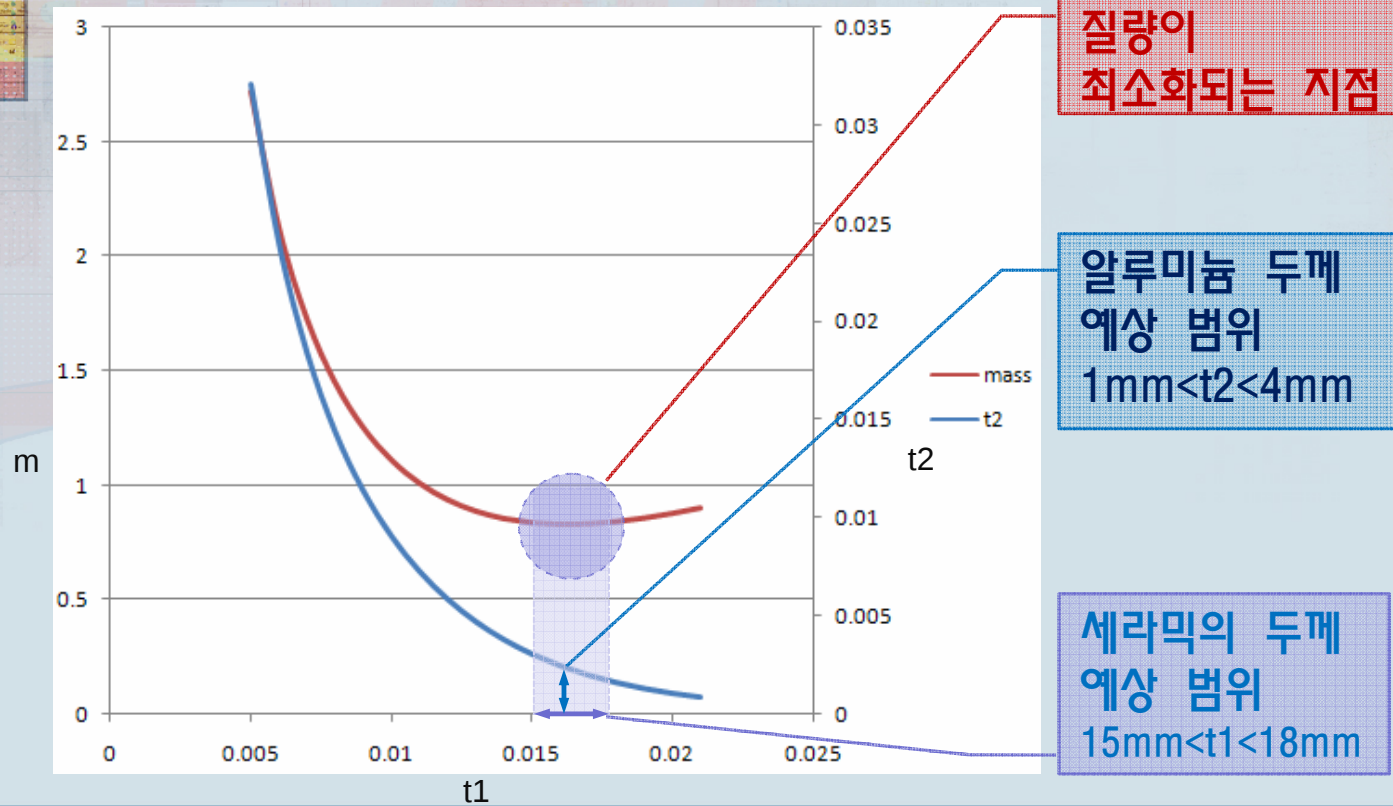
$$z = \pi(R + 2b_1)^2$$

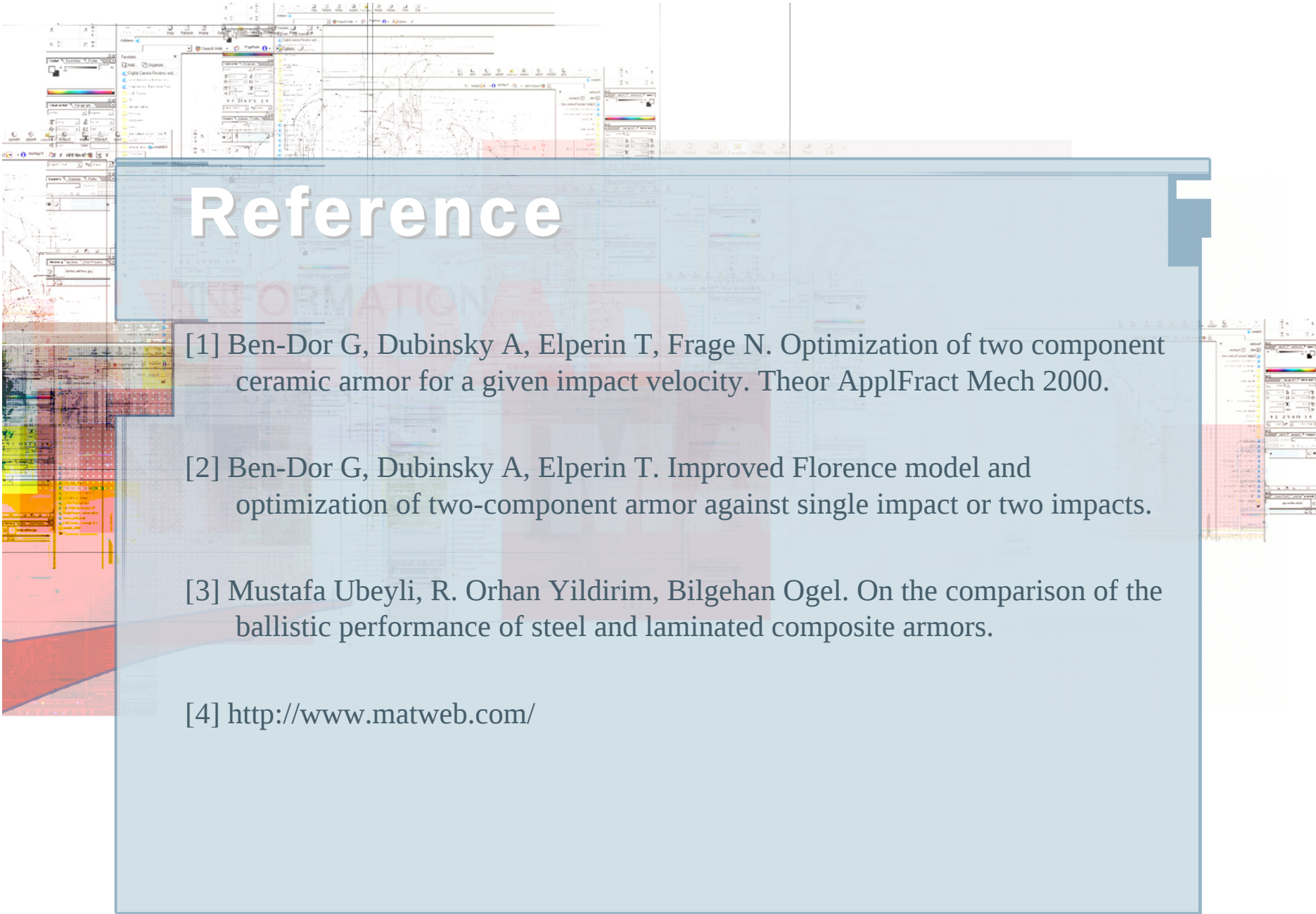
$$\alpha = 1$$

$$v_{bl} = 700 \text{ m/s}$$

$$(700 \text{ m/s})^2 \leq \frac{\alpha \epsilon_2 \sigma_2 b_2 z [(\gamma_1 b_1 + \gamma_2 b_2) z + m]}{0.91 m^2}$$

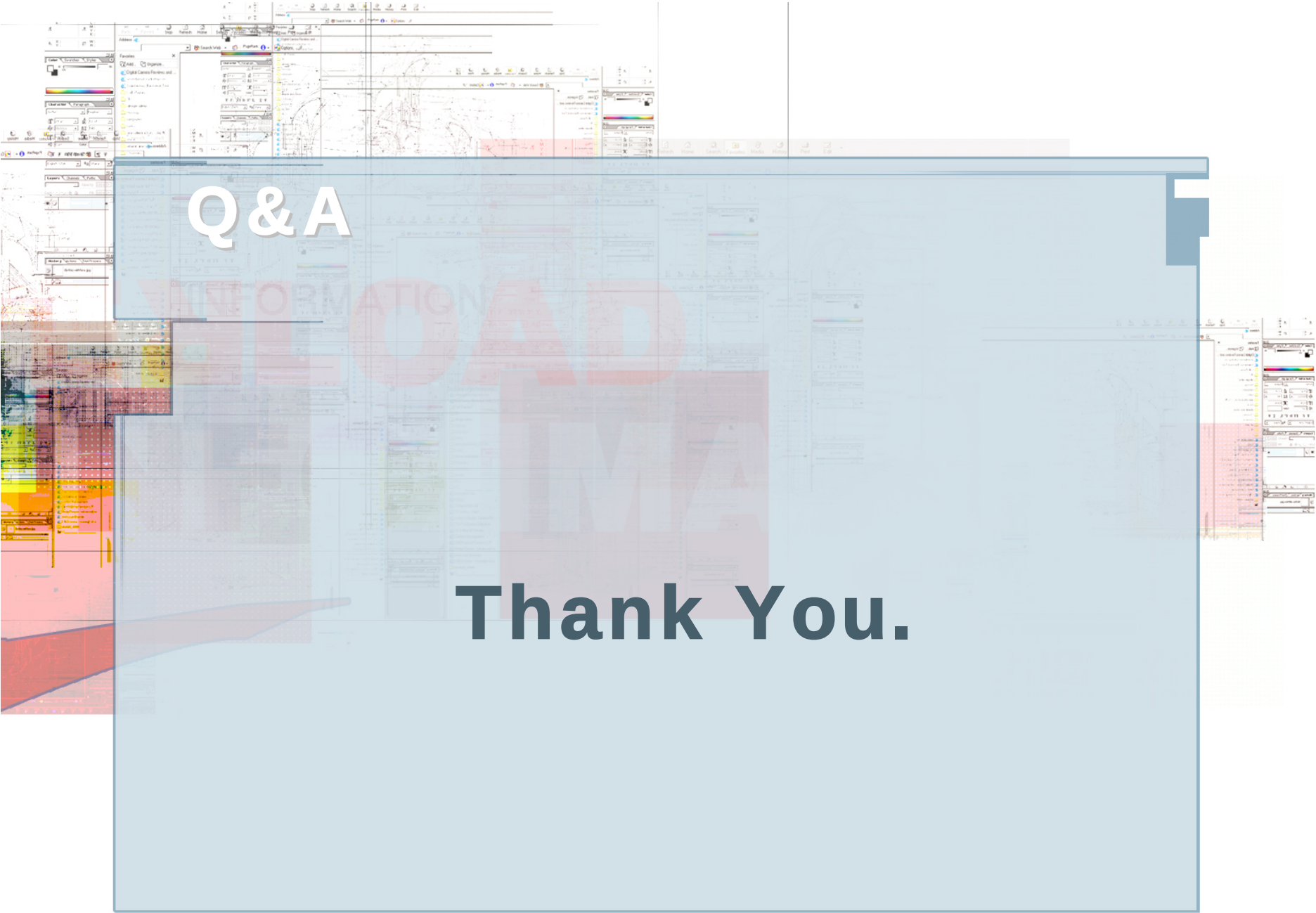
Prediction





Reference

- [1] Ben-Dor G, Dubinsky A, Elperin T, Frage N. Optimization of two component ceramic armor for a given impact velocity. Theor Appl Fract Mech 2000.
- [2] Ben-Dor G, Dubinsky A, Elperin T. Improved Florence model and optimization of two-component armor against single impact or two impacts.
- [3] Mustafa Ubeyli, R. Orhan Yildirim, Bilgehan Ogel. On the comparison of the ballistic performance of steel and laminated composite armors.
- [4] <http://www.matweb.com/>



Q&A

Thank You.