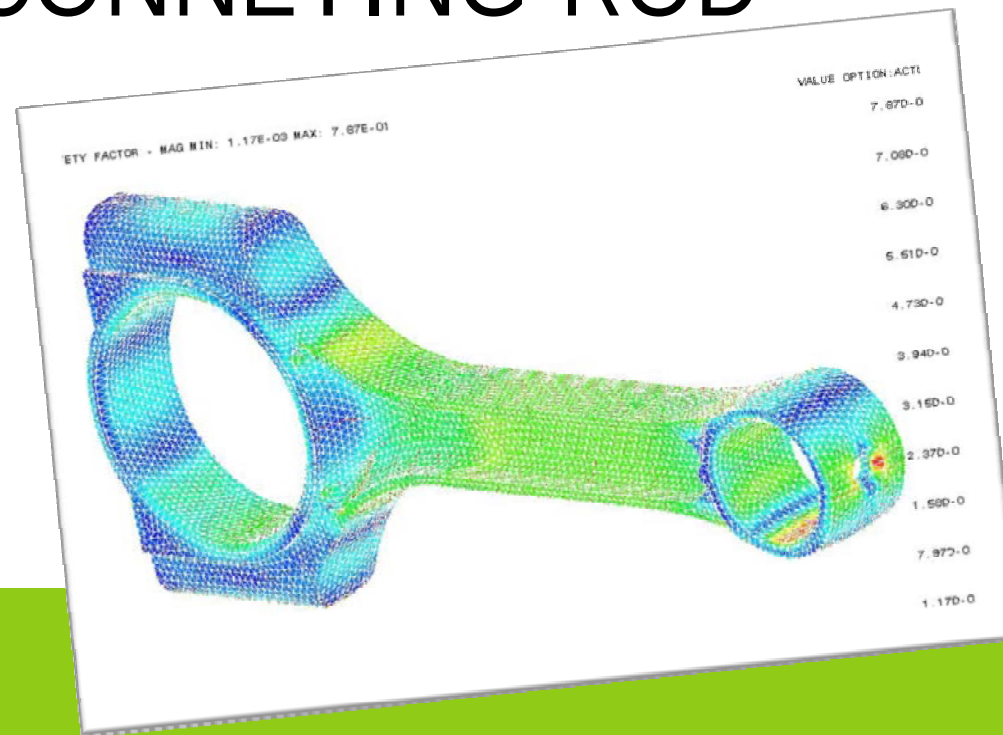


최적설계

OPTIMUM DESIGN OF CONNECTING ROD



Op-Rod

2004006828 김윤식

2004007025 이수봉

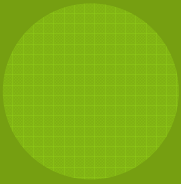


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수정된 설계문제 정식화

최적화 알고리즘을 통한 해도
출

기존 설계와 비교 검토

PROBLEM STATEMENT



- ◎ 기존의 커넥팅 로드는 450g~500g
- ◎ The material is a Ti75a
- ◎ For low Weight
- ◎ 허용응력에 만족하고 좌굴이 생기지 않으며 일반적인 성능(토크)을 발휘하도록 설계
- ◎ 기존의 I-beam 형태와 비교하여 hollow shaft 형태의 가능성을 판단

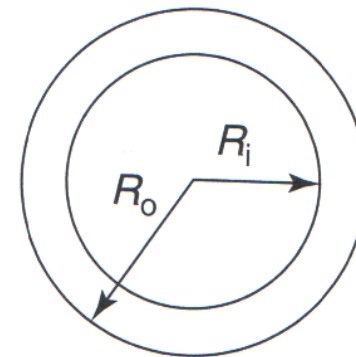
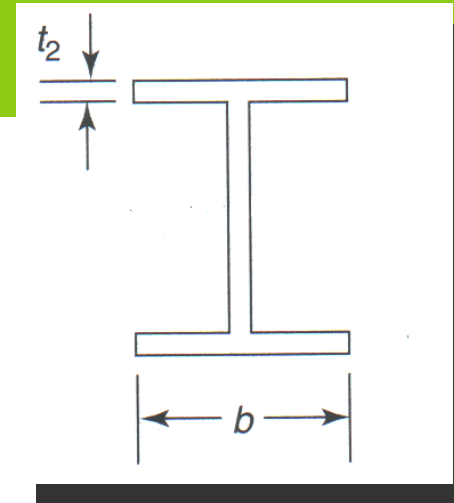
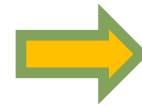
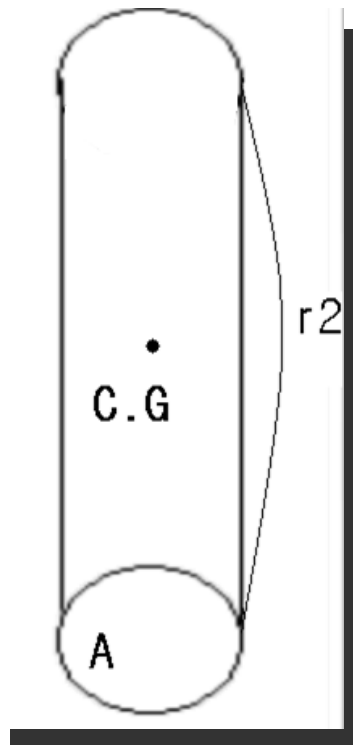
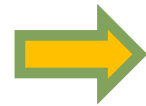
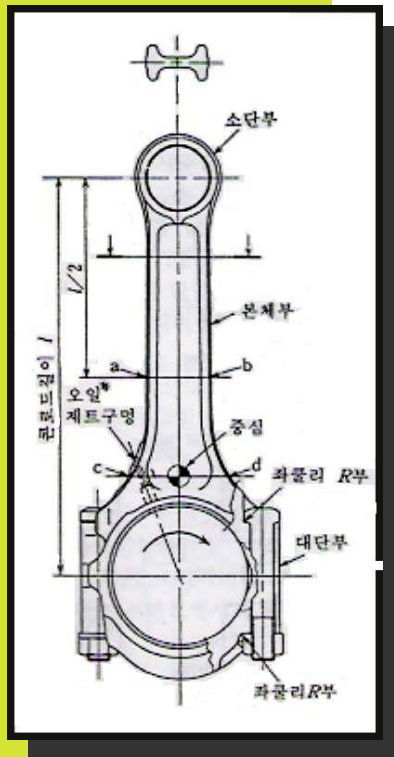
DATA AND INFORMATION

상수명	상수값	설명
D	0.079(m)	피스톤 내경
lzz	lzz(Ro,Ri,l)	회전관성모멘트
M_p	0.439(Kg)	피스톤질량
r_1	0.0485(m)	크랭크반지름
theta	385(Deg)	최대힘크랭크각
theta2	175(Deg)	최소힘크랭크각
N	3600(RPM)	엔진회전수

재 료 물 성 치(TI-75A)

피로강도	139(Mpa)	피로해석
극한강도	586(Mpa)	.
밀 도	4400(Kg/m ³)	.

DESIGN VARIABLES



OBJECTIVE FUNCTION

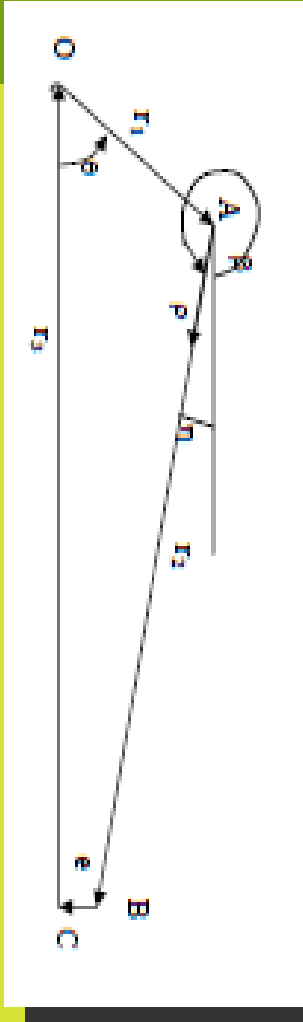
- ◎ Mass of the Connecting rod

$$f(l, A) = \rho l A$$



$$f(R_o, R_i, l) = \rho l \pi (R_o^2 - R_i^2)$$

CONSTRAINTS IN DVS



⊙ Constraints in DVs

$$\sin \beta = -\frac{r_1 \sin \theta}{l} \quad \cos \beta = \frac{r_1}{l} \sqrt{\left(\frac{l}{r_1}\right)^2 - \sin^2 \theta} \quad \omega = \frac{Nr_1 \cos \theta}{l \cos \beta}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{l \cos \beta} (\omega_1^2 r_1 \sin \theta - \omega_2^2 l \sin \beta)$$

$$m_c(R_o, R_i, l) = \rho l \pi (R_o^2 - R_i^2)$$

$$a = (-r_1 \omega_1^2 \cos \theta - \frac{l}{2} \omega_2^2 \cos \theta - \alpha \frac{l}{2} \sin \beta) \hat{i} + (-r_1 \omega_1^2 \sin \theta - \frac{l}{2} \omega_2^2 \sin \beta - \alpha \frac{l}{2} \cos \beta) \hat{j}$$

$$F_{bx} = -(m_p a_p + GasLoad)$$

$$F_{by} = \frac{l}{\cos \beta} \left[m_c a_{c.gX} \frac{l}{2} \cos \beta - m_c a_{c.gX} \frac{l}{2} \sin \beta + I_{zz} \alpha + F_{bx} l \sin \beta \right]$$

$$F_{ax} = m_c a_{c.gX} - F_{bx}$$

$$F_{ay} = m_c a_{c.gY} - F_{by}$$

CONSTRAINTS IN DVS

◎ Buckling by axial load on Conrod

$$g1 = \text{abs}((\cos(\arccos((1 - ((r_1/x_3)^2) * (\sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)}))) * (-((\pi * x_1^2 - \pi * x_2^2) * x_3 * 4400) * (((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * r_1 * \cos(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)})) - ((1/(x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)}))) * (((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * r_1 * \sin(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) + (6064925 * D^2 * \pi / 4)) + \cos(\pi/2 - \arccos((1 - ((r_1/x_3)^2) * (\sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)}))) * (((M_c * ((-r_1 * ((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * \sin(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * (x_3/2) * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3) + (1/(x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)}))) * (((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * r_1 * \sin(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) * (x_3/2) * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)})) - M_c * ((-r_1 * ((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * \cos(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * (x_3/2) * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)})) - ((1/(x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)}))) * (((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * r_1 * \sin(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) * (x_3/2) * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3) + Izz * ((1/(x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)}))) * (((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * r_1 * \sin(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) + (-((\pi * x_1^2 - \pi * x_2^2) * x_3 * 4400) * (((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * r_1 * \cos(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)})) - ((1/(x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)}))) * (((N * 2 * \pi / 60)^2 * r_1 * \sin(\theta) - ((N * 2 * \pi / 60) * \cos(\theta) / (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{0.5}))^2 * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) + (6064925 * D^2 * \pi / 4)) * x_3 * (-r_1 * \sin(\theta) / x_3))) / (x_3 * ((r_1/x_3) * (((x_3/r_1)^2 - \sin(\theta)^2)^{(1/2)})))))) / (\pi * x_1^2 - \pi * x_2^2 - (\pi^2) * 113800000000 * (\pi/4) * (x_1^4 - x_2^4) / (x_3^2);$$

[illegible]

CONSTRAINTS IN DVS

- ◎ Fatigue strength by Fluctuating Stress

$$g_3 = S_f S_{ut} - 2 \left[\left(\frac{F_{\max} - F_{\min}}{2a} \right) S_{ut} + \left(\frac{F_{\max} + F_{\min}}{2a} \right) S_f \right] \leq 0$$

- ◎ Conrod length/Crank radius Recommendation 1

$$g_4 = r_2 - 5r_1 \leq 0$$

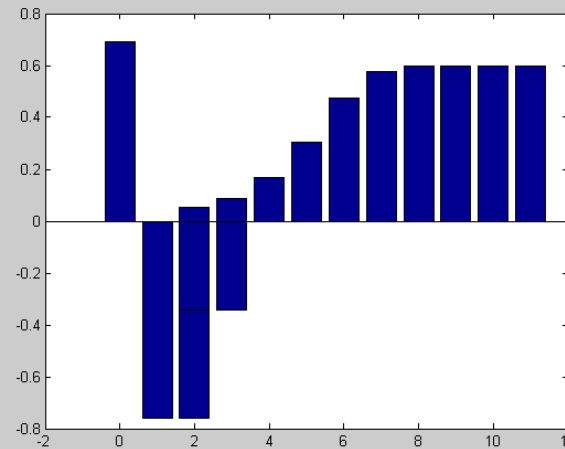
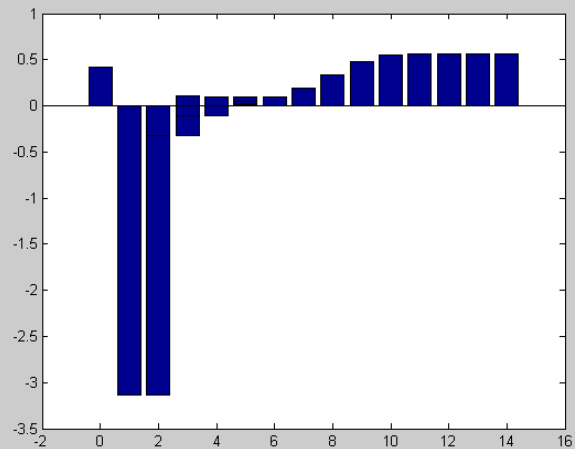
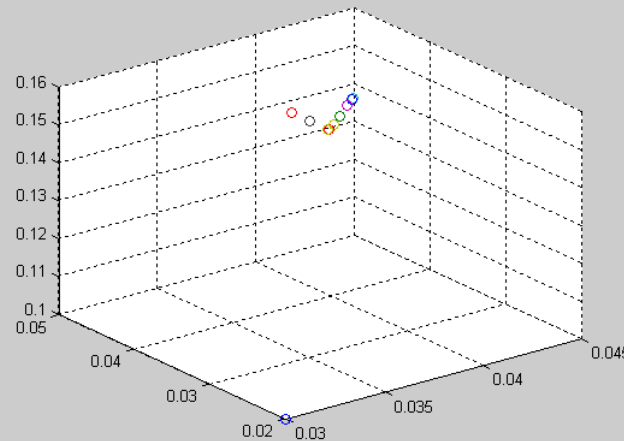
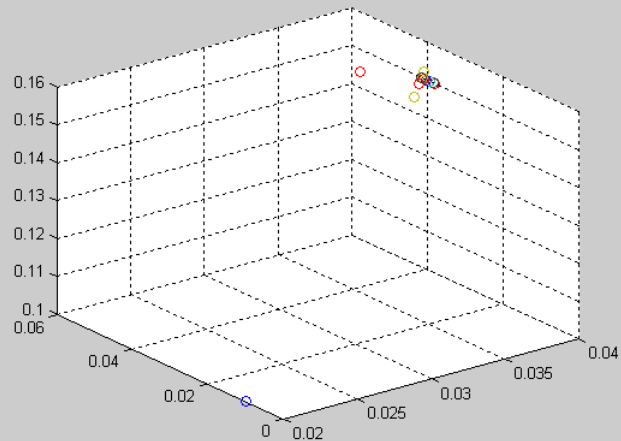
- ◎ Conrod length/Crank radius Recommendation 2

$$g_5 = 3r_1 - r_2 \leq 0$$

- ◎ Cross section restriction by Piston diameter(추가)

$$g_6 = R_o - 0.5Bore$$

MATLAB : FMINCON(SQP)



초기값	최적해	Mass
X1=0.02	0.0395	0.559
X2=0.01	0.0359 5	
X3=0.1	0.1513	
X1=0.03	0.0395	0.597
X2=0.02	0.0358 3	
X3=0.1	0.1567	

MATLAB : FMINCON(SQP)

- ⊙ g1(buckling) & g6(Cross section) are active!
- ⊙ Modify the Constraint

Subjec to

g1 : Minimum Torque

g2 : Fatigue Strength

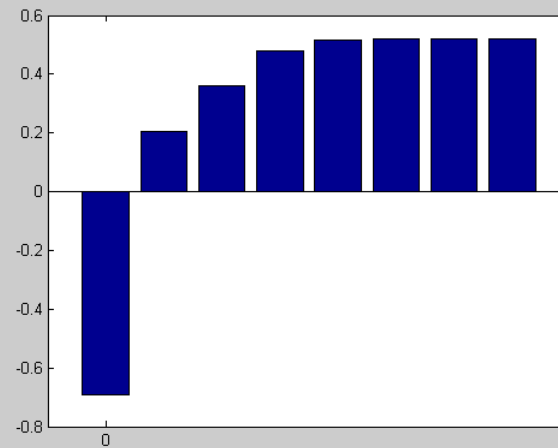
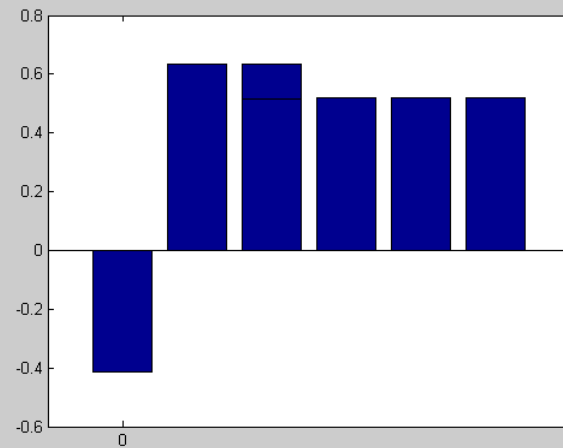
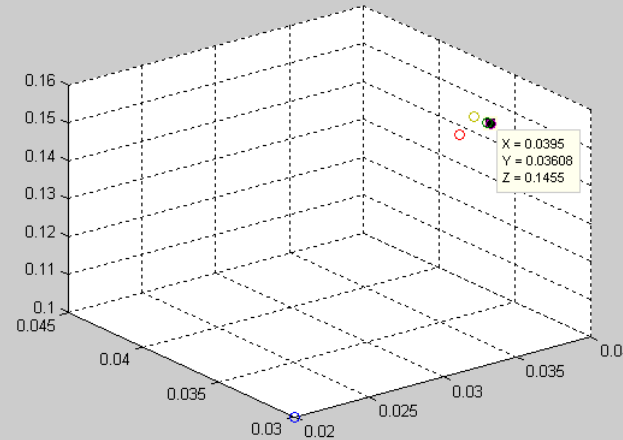
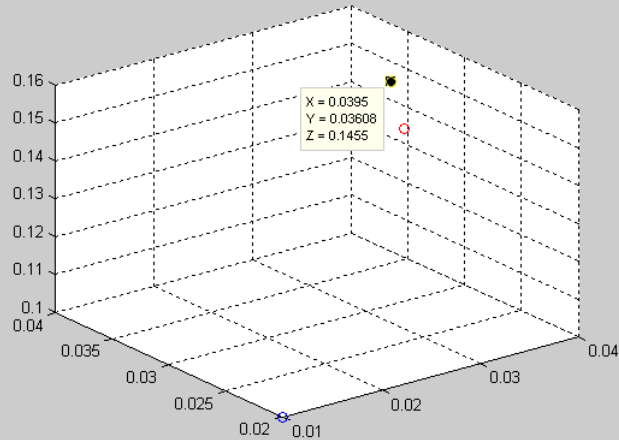
g3 : Conrod length 1

g4 : Conrod length 2

h1 : Buckling

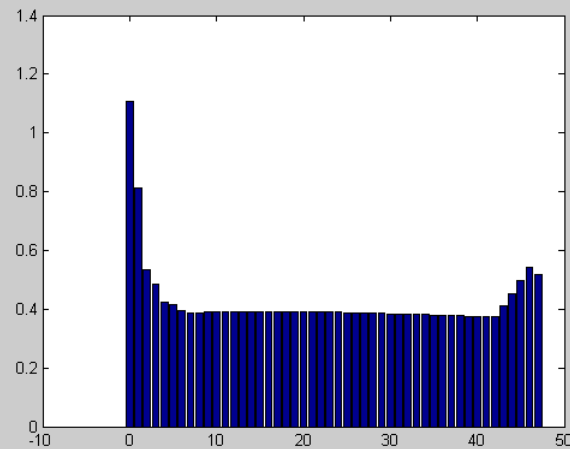
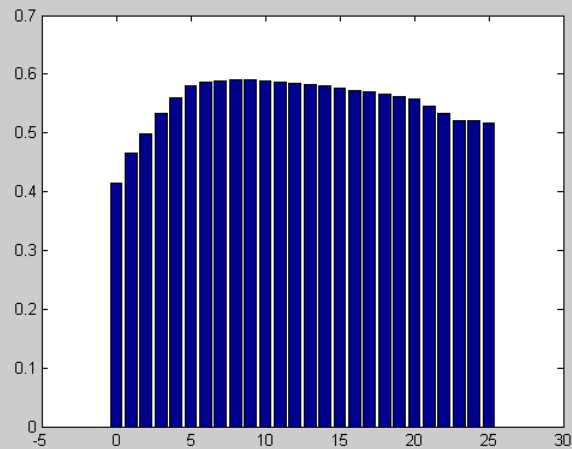
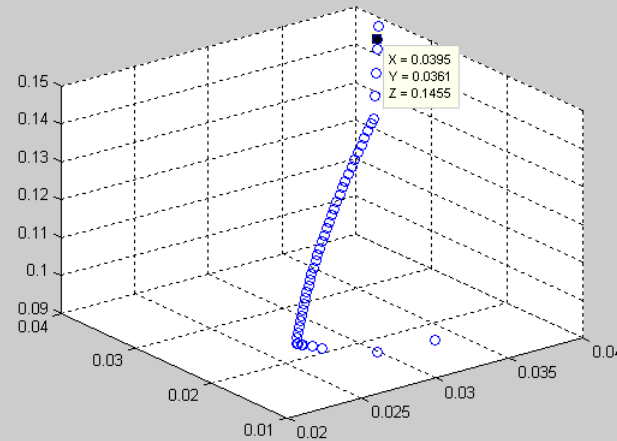
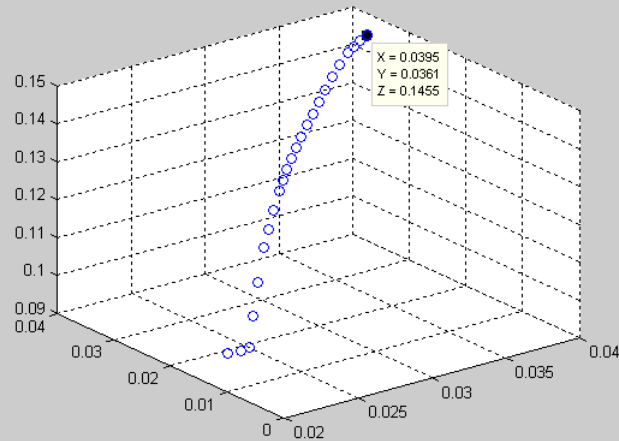
h2 : Cross section Restriction

MATLAB : FMINCON(SQP)



초기값	최적해	Mass
X1=0.01	0.0395	0.519
X2=0.02	0.0361	
X3=0.1	0.1455	
X1=0.02	0.0395	0.519
X2=0.03	0.0361	
X3=0.1	0.1455	

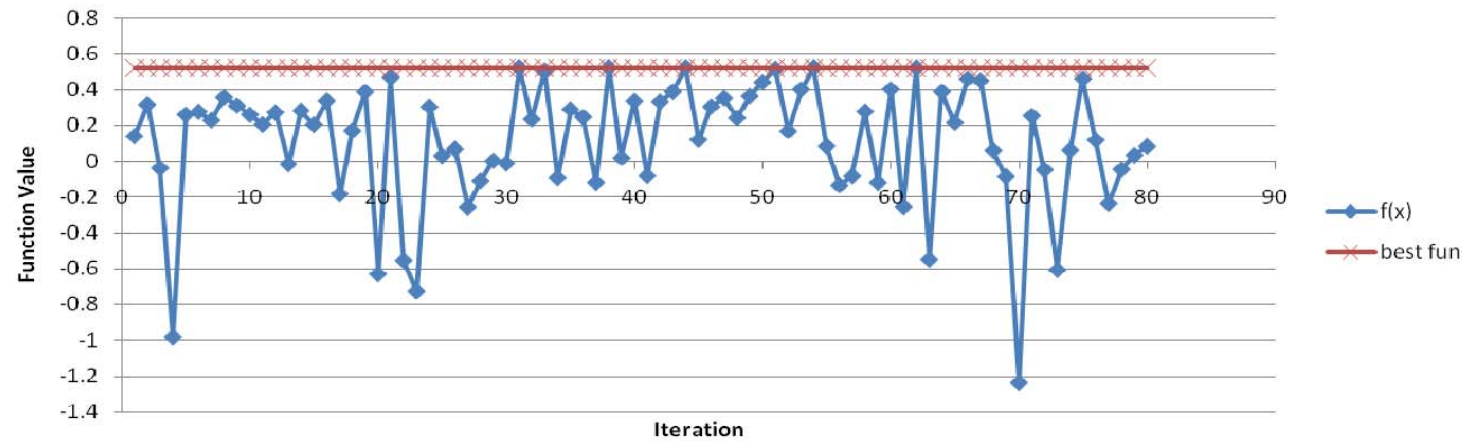
EXCEL : SOLVER(GRG)



초기값	최적해	Mass
X1=0.02	0.0395	0.517
X2=0.01	0.0361	
X3=0.1	0.1455	
X1=0.03	0.0395	0.517
X2=0.01	0.0361	
X3=0.1	0.1455	

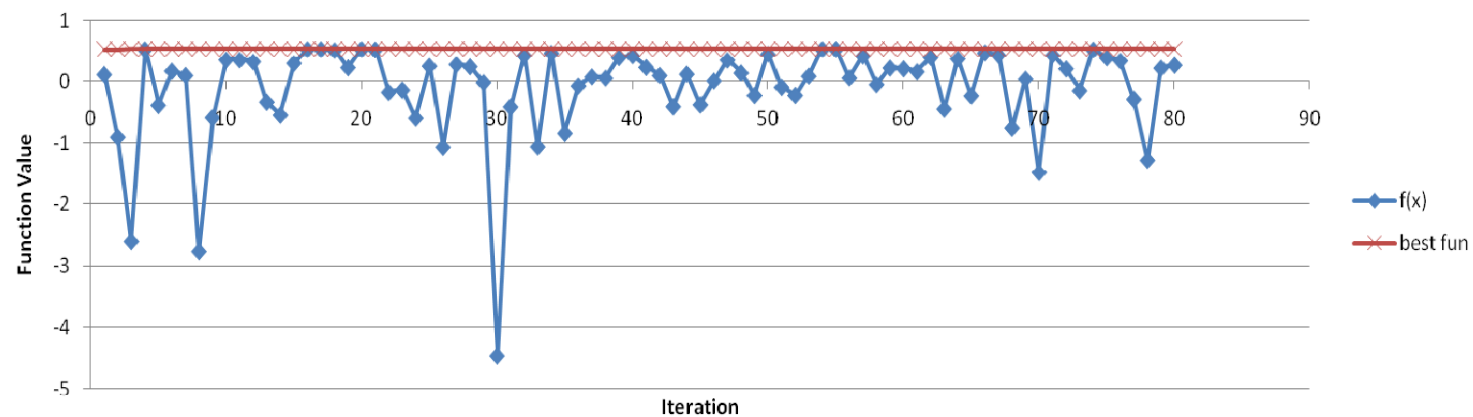
MATLAB : GA

Genetic Algorithm : Generation 80

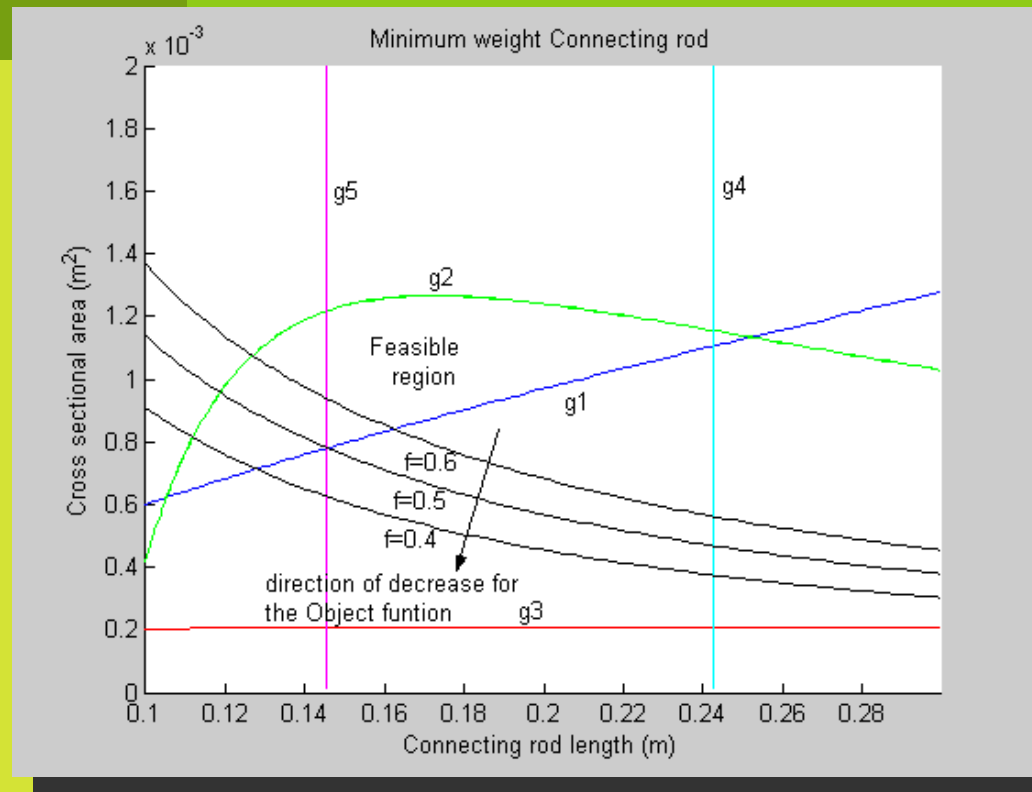


최적해	Mass
0.0394	0.522
0.0361	
0.1459	
0.0395	0.527
0.0361	
0.1466	

Genetic Algorithm : Generation 80



PREVIOUS GRAPHICAL SOLUTIONS

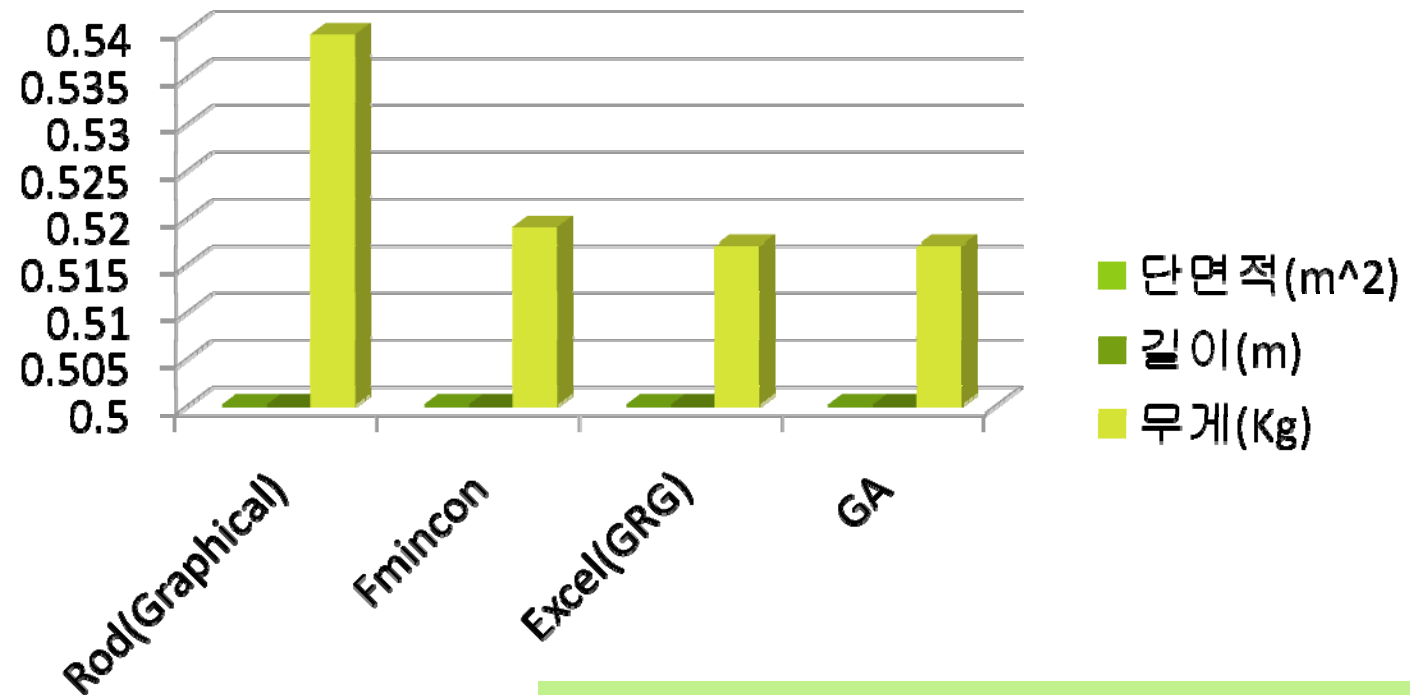


	초기값	해찾기
r_2	0.141	0.1455
A	0.0009	0.00084278
g1	-24.7362	-0.0002113
g5	0.0045	0
sum	611.879611	4.4651E-08

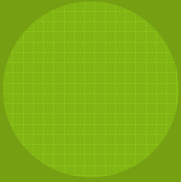
◎ 도해기법을 통한 최적해 도출

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= \rho A r_2 \\
 &= (4400)(0.00084278)(0.1455) \\
 &= 0.53954[kg]
 \end{aligned}$$

COMPARE OF THE SOLUTIONS



	단면적(m ²)	길이(m)	무게(Kg)
Rod(Graphical)	0.000843	0.1455	0.53954
Fmincon	0.000845	0.1455	0.519
Excel(GRG)	0.000845	0.1455	0.517
GA	0.000808	0.1462	0.524



THANK YOU

-Reference

- ◎ Shoichi Furuhamma, 엔진 핸드북
- ◎ www.autosteel.org, Dynamic load analysis
- ◎ Norton, Machine design
- ◎ 한국자동차공학회, 자동차 기술핸드북:설계편