

4.80 (units: N, m)

$$\begin{cases}
 \underset{R,t}{\text{minimize}} & f = 2\rho l\pi R t \rightarrow (246615.02)Rt \\
 \text{subject to} & \\
 & g_1 = \frac{P}{2\pi R t} \leq \sigma_a \rightarrow g_1 = \frac{7957.75}{Rt} - 2.5 \times 10^8 \leq 0 \\
 & g_2 = P \leq \frac{\pi^3 E R^3 t}{4l^2} \rightarrow g_2 = (5.0 \times 10^4) - (6.5113 \times 10^{10})R^3 t \leq 0 \\
 & g_3 = \frac{R}{t} \leq 50 \rightarrow g_3 = \frac{R}{t} - 50 \leq 0 \\
 & g_4 = R \geq 0 \rightarrow g_4 = -R \leq 0 \\
 & g_5 = t \geq 0 \rightarrow g_5 = -t \leq 0
 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & (246615.02)Rt + u_1 \left(\frac{7957.75}{Rt} - 2.5 \times 10^8 + s_1^2 \right) + u_2 \left[(5.0 \times 10^4) - (6.5113 \times 10^{10})R^3 t + s_2^2 \right] \\
 & + u_3 \left(\frac{R}{t} - 50 + s_3^2 \right) + u_4 (-R + s_4^2) + u_5 (-t + s_5^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases}
 \frac{\partial L}{\partial R} = (246615.02)t - u_1 \left(\frac{7957.75}{R^2 t} \right) - (1.9534 \times 10^{11})R^2 t u_2 + \frac{u_3}{t} - u_4 = 0 \\
 \frac{\partial L}{\partial t} = (246615.02)R - u_1 \left(\frac{7957.75}{R t^2} \right) - (6.5113 \times 10^{10})R^3 u_2 - \frac{R}{t^2} u_3 - u_5 = 0 \\
 \frac{\partial L}{\partial s_i} = s_i u_i = 0 \quad (u_i \geq 0) \quad i = 1, \dots, 5
 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow 32 \text{ cases} \rightarrow u_1 = s_2 = s_3 = u_4 = u_5 = 0 \rightarrow u_2 = 3.056 \times 10^{-4}, u_3 = 0.3038$$

$$R^* = 7.87 \times 10^{-2} m, t^* = 1.57 \times 10^{-3} m, f^* = 30.56 kg$$

4.81 (units: N, m)

$$\underset{R_o, R_i}{\text{minimize}} \quad f = \pi \rho l (R_o^2 - R_i^2) \rightarrow (1.2331 \times 10^5) (R_o^2 - R_i^2)$$

subject to

$$g_1 = \frac{P}{\pi (R_o^2 - R_i^2)} \leq \sigma_a \rightarrow g_1 = \frac{15915.5}{(R_o^2 - R_i^2)} - 2.5 \times 10^8 \leq 0$$

$$g_2 = P \leq \frac{\pi^3 E (R_o^4 - R_i^4)}{16 l^2} \rightarrow g_2 = 50000 - (1.62783 \times 10^{10}) (R_o^4 - R_i^4) \leq 0$$

$$g_3 = \frac{(R_o + R_i)}{2(R_o - R_i)} \leq 50 \rightarrow g_3 = \frac{(R_o + R_i)}{2(R_o - R_i)} - 50 \leq 0$$

$$g_4 = R_o \geq 0 \rightarrow g_4 = -R_o \leq 0$$

$$g_5 = R_i \geq 0 \rightarrow g_5 = -R_i \leq 0$$

$$L = (1.2331 \times 10^5) (R_o^2 - R_i^2) + u_1 \left[\frac{15915.5}{(R_o^2 - R_i^2)} - 2.5 \times 10^8 + s_1^2 \right] + u_2 \left[50000 - (1.62783 \times 10^{10}) (R_o^4 - R_i^4) + s_2^2 \right]$$

$$+ u_3 \left[\frac{(R_o + R_i)}{2(R_o - R_i)} - 50 + s_3^2 \right] + u_4 (-R_o + s_4^2) + u_5 (-R_i + s_5^2)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial L}{\partial R_o} = (2.4662 \times 10^5) R_o - \frac{2(15915.5) R_o}{(R_o^2 - R_i^2)^2} u_1 - 4(1.62783 \times 10^{10}) R_o^3 u_2 - \frac{R_i}{(R_o - R_i)^2} u_3 - u_4 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial R_i} = -(2.4662 \times 10^5) R_i + \frac{2(15915.5) R_i}{(R_o^2 - R_i^2)^2} u_1 + 4(1.62783 \times 10^{10}) R_i^3 u_2 + \frac{R_o}{(R_o - R_i)^2} u_3 - u_5 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial s_i} = s_i u_i = 0 \quad (u_i \geq 0) \quad i = 1, \dots, 5 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow 32 \text{ cases} \rightarrow u_1 = s_2 = s_3 = u_4 = u_5 = 0 \rightarrow u_2 = 3.056 \times 10^{-4}, u_3 = 0.3055$$

$$R_o^* = 7.95 \times 10^{-2} m, R_i^* = 7.79 \times 10^{-2} m, f^* = 30.56 kg$$

4.150

$$\nabla g_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{P_u}{\sqrt{2}x_1^2} - \frac{P_v}{\sqrt{2}(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \\ -\frac{P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad Hg_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}P_u}{x_1^3} + \frac{\sqrt{2}P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} & \frac{2P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} \\ \frac{2P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} & \frac{2\sqrt{2}P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla g_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{2}P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \\ -\frac{2P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad Hg_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2\sqrt{2}P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} & \frac{4P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} \\ \frac{4P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} & \frac{4\sqrt{2}P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} g_1 : \text{positive demidefinite} \rightarrow \text{convex} \\ g_2 : \text{positive demidefinite} \rightarrow \text{convex} \\ g_3, g_4 : \text{linear} \rightarrow \text{convex} \\ f : \text{linear} \rightarrow \text{convex} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{constraint set is convex} \left. \right\} \rightarrow \text{convex problem}$$

4.152

$$L = 2\sqrt{2}x_1 + x_2 + u_1 \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{P_u}{x_1} + \frac{P_v}{x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2} \right] - 20000 \right\} + u_2 \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{2}P_v}{x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2} - 20000 \right\} + u_3(-x_1) + u_4(-x_2)$$

$$g_1 = g_2 = 0 (= u_3 = u_4)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_1} = 2\sqrt{2} + u_1 \left[-\frac{P_u}{\sqrt{2}x_1^2} - \frac{P_v}{\sqrt{2}(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \right] + u_2 \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2}P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \right] = 0 \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_2} = 1 + u_1 \left[-\frac{P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \right] + u_2 \left[-\frac{2P_v}{(x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2)^2} \right] = 0 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow u_2 \geq 0 \rightarrow P_v - 3P_u \geq 0 \rightarrow \tan \theta \geq 3$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} g_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{P_u}{x_1} + \frac{P_v}{x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2} \right] - 20000 = 0 \rightarrow x_1 = \frac{P_u}{10000\sqrt{2}} \\ g_2 = \frac{\sqrt{2}P_v}{x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2} - 20000 = 0 \rightarrow x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2 = \frac{\sqrt{2}P_v}{20000} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow x_2 = \frac{P_v - P_u}{20000} \geq 0 \rightarrow \tan \theta \geq 1$$

optimal solution only when $\theta \geq 71.57^\circ$

5.50

(0) problem formulation

$$\text{Minimize } f = 400(0.5\pi D^2 + \pi DH)$$

$$\text{subject to } h_1 = \frac{\pi D^2 H}{4} - 250\pi = 0$$

$$g_1 = H - 8D \leq 0$$

(1) check for convexity

$$\nabla f = \begin{bmatrix} 400\pi D + 400\pi H \\ 400\pi D \end{bmatrix}, \quad H = \begin{bmatrix} 400\pi & 400\pi \\ 400\pi & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

since Hessian of the objective function is NOT positive definite,
this is NOT a convex programming problem.

(2) KT necessary conditions

$$L = 400(0.5\pi D^2 + \pi DH) + v_1 \left(\frac{\pi D^2 H}{4} - 250\pi \right) + u_1 (H - 8D)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial D} = 400\pi D + \pi H + v_1 \frac{\pi DH}{2} + u_1 (-8) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial H} = 400\pi D + v_1 \frac{\pi D^2}{4} + u_1 = 0$$

$$h_1 = 0$$

$$g_1 \leq 0, u_1 g_1 = 0, u_1 \geq 0$$

(3) solve the KT conditions

$$i) g_1 = 0 \rightarrow H = 8D \rightarrow D = 5, H = 40, v_1 = -226.7, u_1 = -1832.5 < 0 (\times)$$

$$ii) u_1 = 0 \rightarrow D = H = 10, v_1 = -160, g_1 = H - 8D = -70 < 0 \rightarrow f^* = 60000\pi$$

sufficiency check:

$$\nabla^2 L = \nabla^2 f + v_1 \nabla^2 h_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 400\pi & 400\pi \\ 400\pi & 0 \end{bmatrix} - 160 \begin{bmatrix} 0.5\pi H & 0.5\pi D \\ 0.5\pi D & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 400\pi - 80\pi H & 400\pi - 80\pi D \\ 400\pi - 80\pi D & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla^2 L(\mathbf{x}^*) = \begin{bmatrix} -400\pi & -400\pi \\ -400\pi & 0 \end{bmatrix} : \text{NOT positive definite!}$$

$$\nabla h_1(\mathbf{x}^*)^T \mathbf{d} = 25\pi \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{d} = c \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$\mathbf{d}^T \nabla^2 L(\mathbf{x}^*) \mathbf{d} = -400\pi^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = 1200\pi^2 > 0 \rightarrow \text{isolated local minimum}$$

(4) post-optimality analysis

$$h_1 : 250\pi \rightarrow 255\pi$$

$$\Delta f = -v_1 \Delta b = -(-160)(255\pi - 250\pi) = 800\pi$$

4.1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
T	F	T	F	T	F	F	F	T	F
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
T	T	F	F	T	F	F	T	T	T

4.21

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
T	T	T	F	T	F	F	F	F	F

4.43

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
F	T	F	T	F	T	T	T	F	T
11	12	13	14	15					
F	T	F	F	F					

4.132

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
T	T	T	F	T	F	F	F	F	T