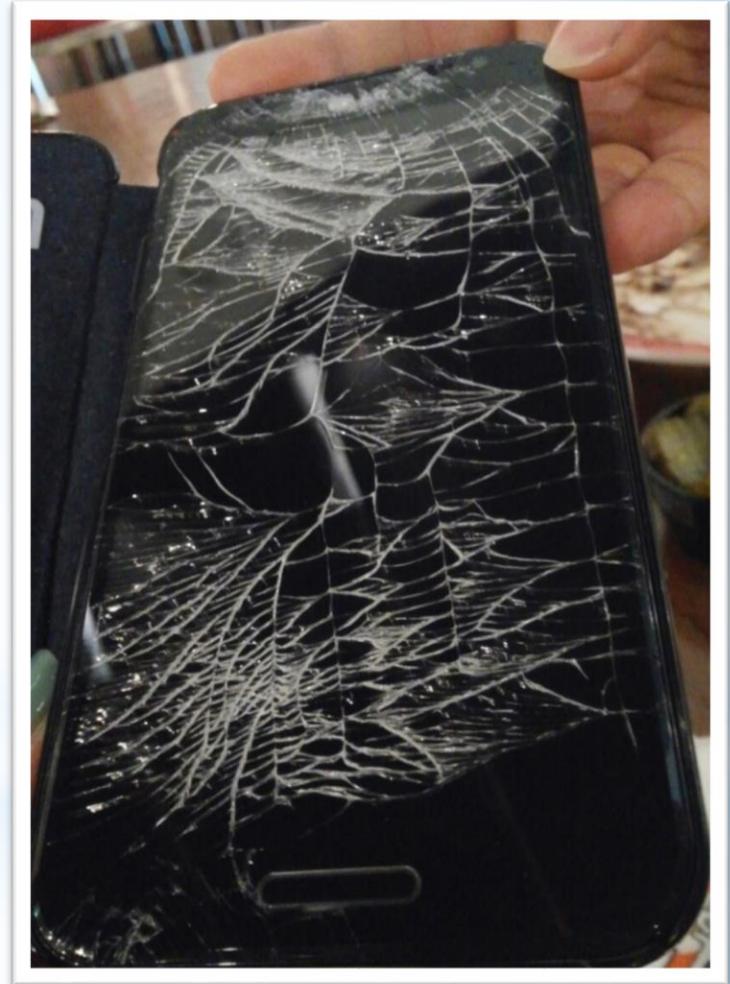


\* 휴대폰 액정에 가해지는 응력에  
따른 파괴 모양 분석

미래자동차공학과  
조계환

# \* 목표

\* 휴대폰 액정 맨 위의 가운데 부분에  
파괴응력 이상의 응력이  
주어질 경우 어떤 모양으로 파괴가  
이루어지는지 분석하여 실제로  
파괴가 일어난 휴대폰  
액정과 비교



# \* 계획

- \* 휴대폰과 액정의 material property를 최대한 수집하고 COMSOL을 통해 액정의 파괴를 구현
- \* 하지만 COMSOL에서는 파괴에 대한 직접적인 분석 TOOL이 없으므로 맨 위의 가운데 부분에 crack에 응력이 가해졌다고 가정하여 위에서 부터 차례대로 응력을 분석 휴대폰 액정 전체의 파괴모양을 구현

# \*property

Material	Young's Modulus (Modulus of Elasticity) - E -		Ultimate Tensile Strength - $s_u$ -	Yield Strength - $s_y$ -
	( $10^6$ psi)	( $10^9$ N/m <sup>2</sup> , GPa)	( $10^6$ N/m <sup>2</sup> , MPa)	( $10^6$ N/m <sup>2</sup> , MPa)
ABS plastics		2.3	40	
Acrylic		3.2	70	
Aluminum	10.0	69	110	95
Aluminium Bronze		120		
Antimony	11.3			
Aramid		70 - 112		
Beryllium (Be)	42	287		
Bismuth	4.6			
Bone		9	170 (compression)	
Boron				3100
Brass		102 - 125	250	
Brass, Naval		100		
Bronze		96 - 120		
Cadmium	4.6			
Carbon Fiber Reinforced Plastic		150		
Cast Iron 4.5% C, ASTM A-48			170	
Chromium	36			
Cobalt	30			
Concrete, High Strength (compression)		30	40 (compression)	
Copper	17	117	220	70
Diamond (C)		1220		
Douglas fir Wood		13	50 (compression)	
Fiberboard, Medium Density		4		
Flax fiber		58		
Glass		50 - 90	50 (compression)	

# \*property

Material	Poisson's Ratio
<b>Upper limit</b>	0.5
Aluminum	0.334
Aluminum, 6061-T6	0.35
Aluminum, 2024-T4	0.32
Beryllium Copper	0.285
Brass, 70-30	0.331
Brass, cast	0.357
Bronze	0.34
Concrete	0.1 - 0.2
Copper	0.355
Cork	0
Glass, Soda	0.22
Glass, Float	0.2 - 0.27
Granite	0.2 - 0.3
Ice	0.33
Inconel	0.27 - 0.38
Iron, Cast - gray	0.211

Specify:

Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio

$C = C(E, \nu)$

Young's modulus:

$E$  User defined

70[GPa] Pa

Poisson's ratio:

$\nu$  User defined

0.22 1

Density:

$\rho$  User defined

0 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

# \* 가정

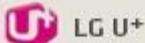
\* 농구공 700g

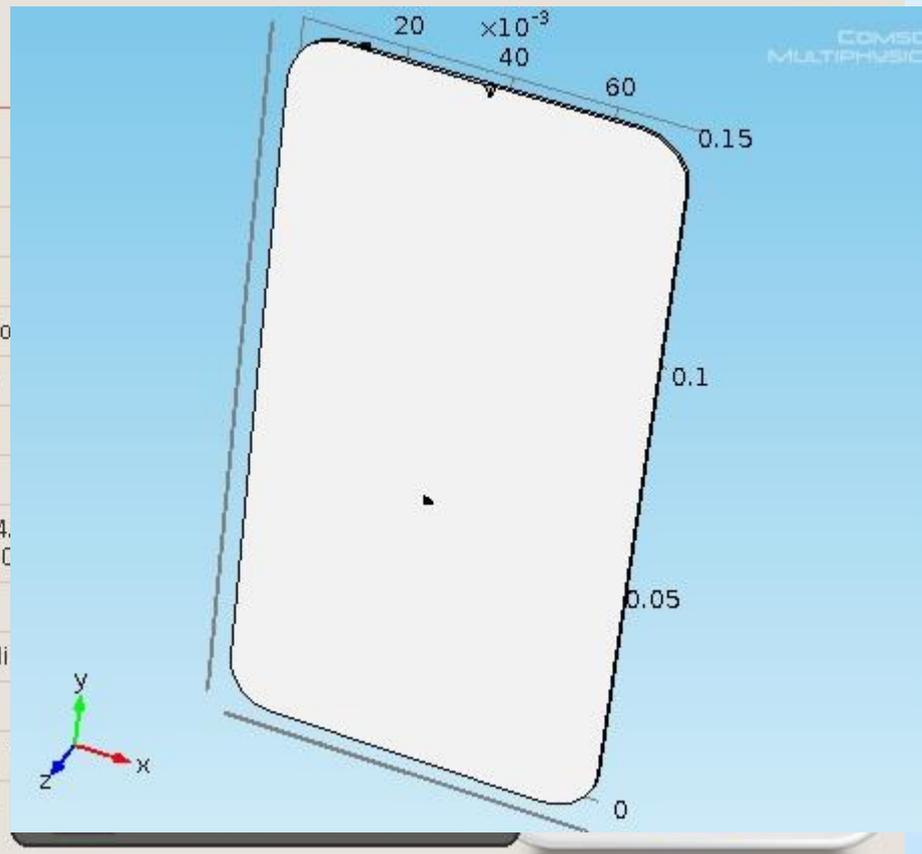
\*  $8\text{m/s} \rightarrow -2\text{m/s}$

\*  $t=0.1$

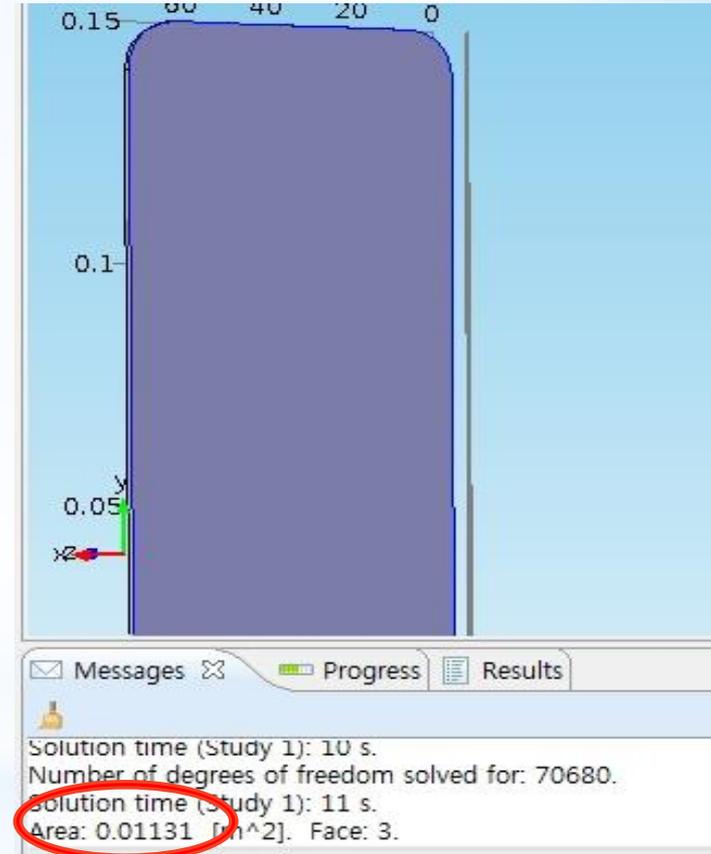
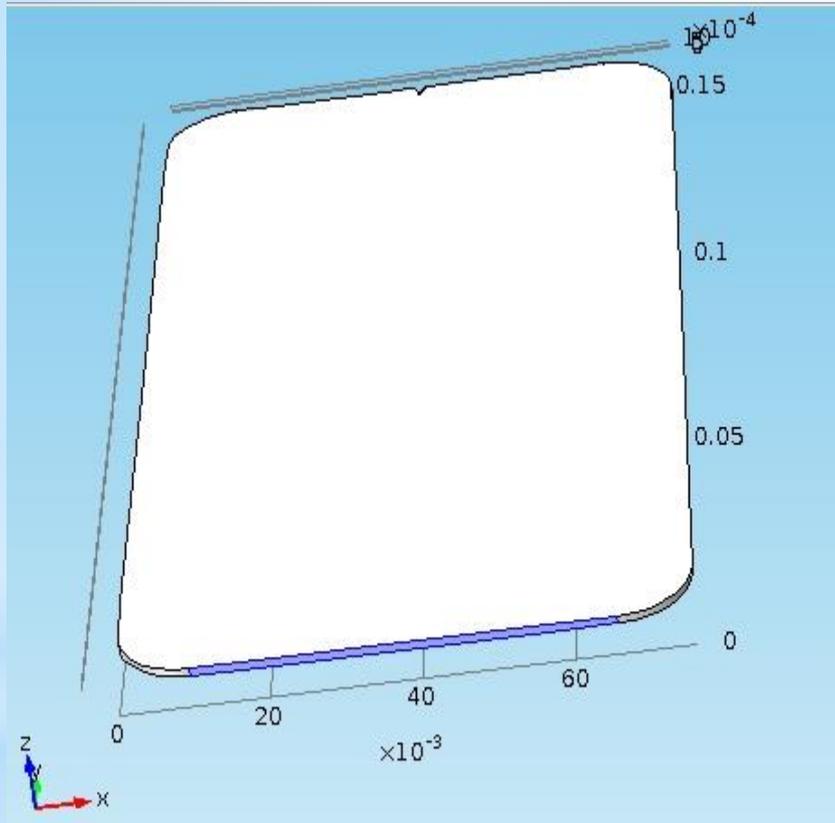
\*  $F=70\text{N} \rightarrow 50\text{N}$

## SPECIFICATION

크기	150.2 × 76.1 × 9.4 mm
무게	172g
네트워크	3G HSPA+ / EVDO Rev. A / 4G LTE
CPU	1.7GHz Quadcore Snapdragon 600
메모리	32GB eMMC + 2GB LPDDR2, Micro-SD Slot
디스플레이	138.7mm (1920×1080) Full HD IPS Display
카메라	13MP AF Camera / (전면) 2.1MP
배터리	3,140mAh 착탈식
Connectivity	Wi-Fi / Wi-Fi Direct (802.11 a/b/g/n), BT 4.0, NFC, DLNA, Miracast, SlimPort (HDMI & RGB 지원), USB 2.0
OS	Android 4.1 (Jelly Bean)
색상	루나 화이트(Lunar White), 인디고 블랙(Indigo Black)
비디오 코덱	MPEG-4, H.263, H.264, DIVX, WMV
오디오 코덱	AAC, AMR, MP3, MID, WAV, WMA
지원 통신사	 SKT  KT  LG U+

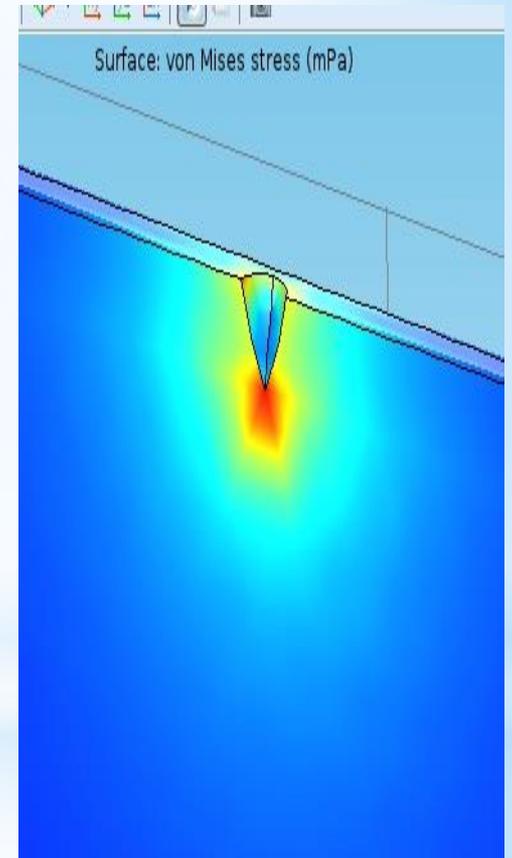
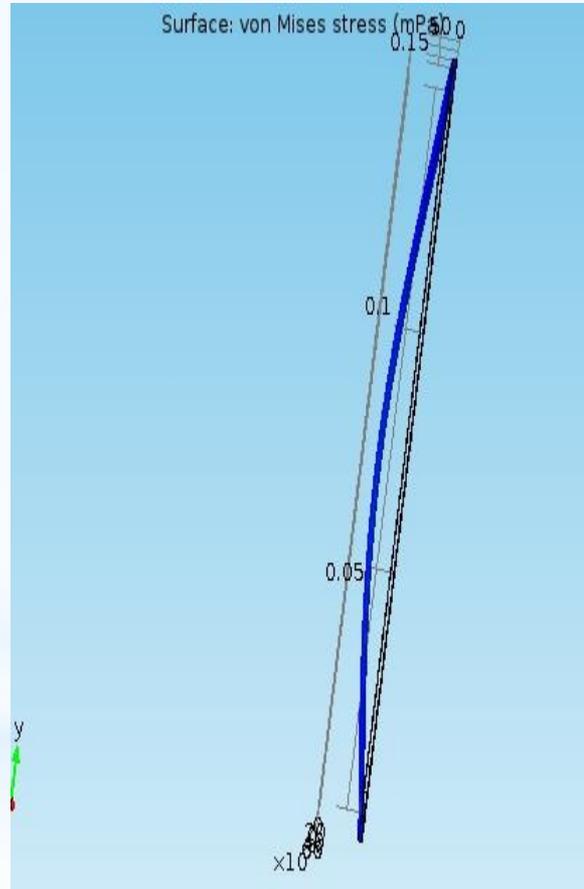
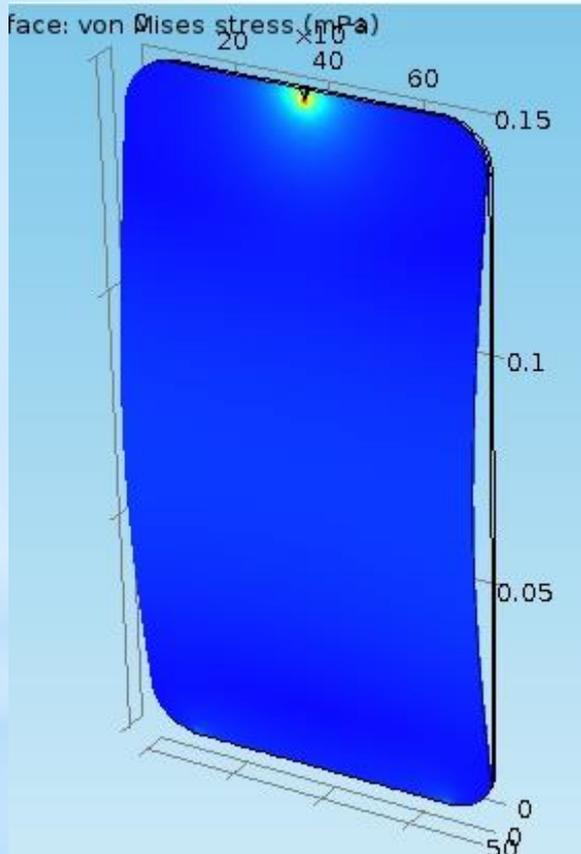


# \* 첫 충격



$$50\text{N}/0.01131\text{m}^2=4420\text{N}/\text{m}^2$$

# \* 분포



# \* 집중 응력

40

Expression

Expression: solid.sp2

Unit: N

Description: Second principal stress

Parameters

Name	Value	Description
solid.refpntx	0	Reference point for moment...
solid.refpnty	0	Reference point for moment...
solid.refpntz	0	Reference point for moment...

Integration Settings

Data Series Operation

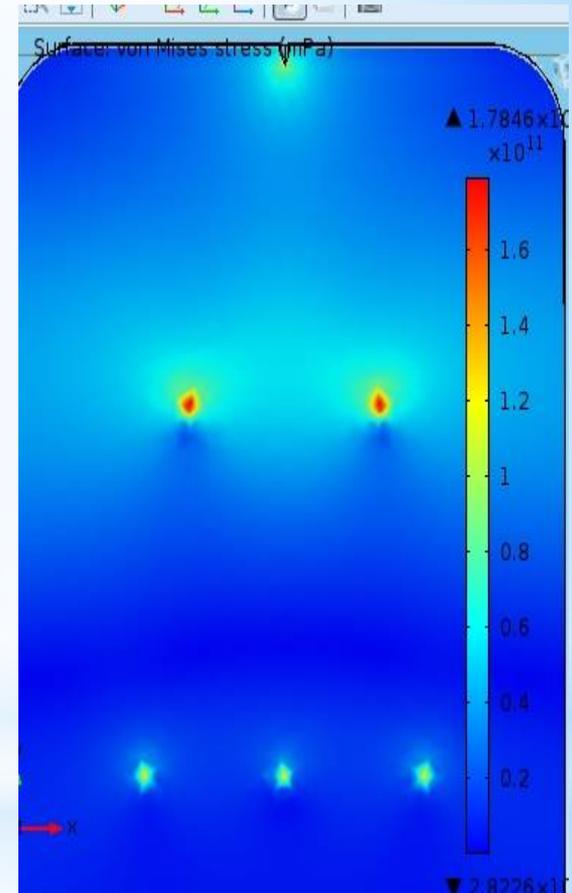
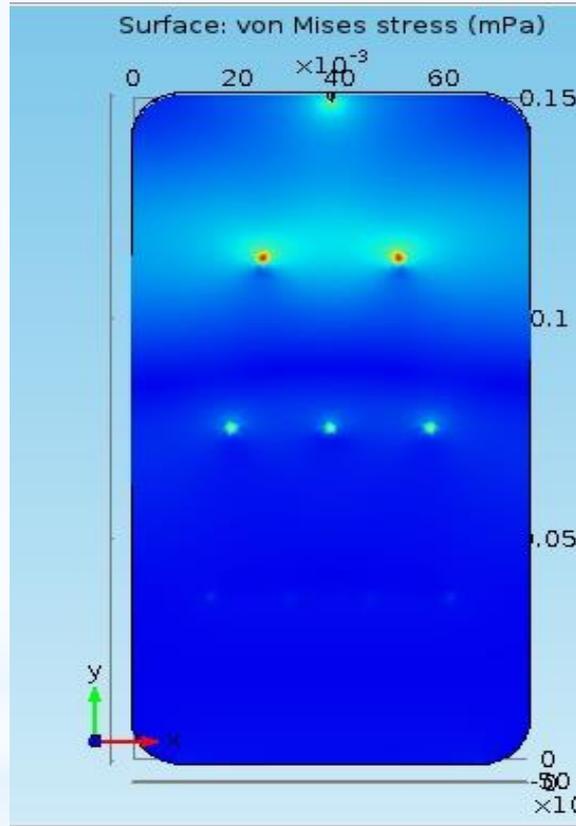
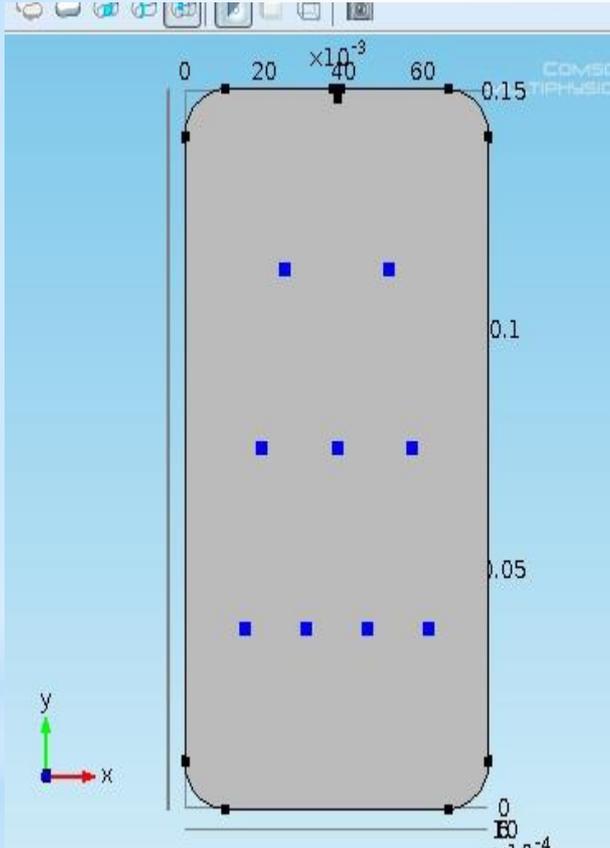
Operation: None

Messages Progress Results

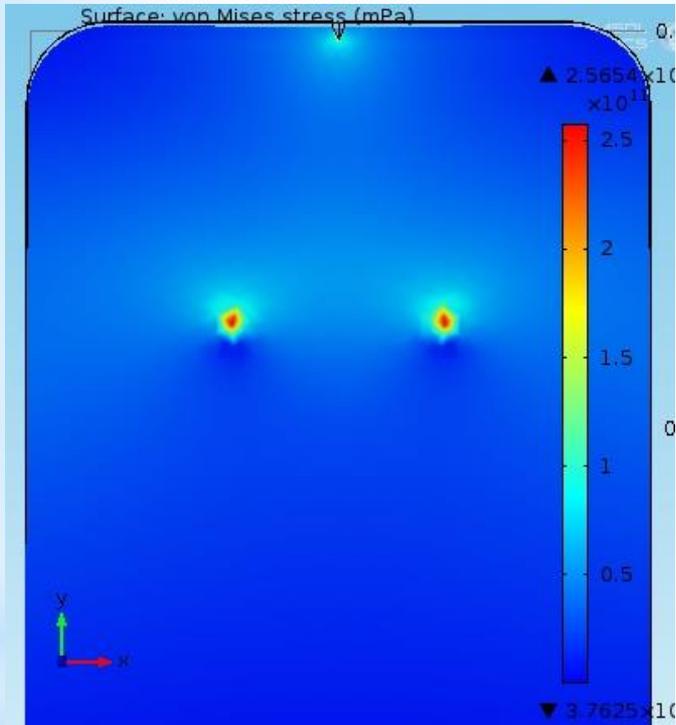
8.85 e-12

Second principal stress (N)
-21.7038

# \* 음전부부



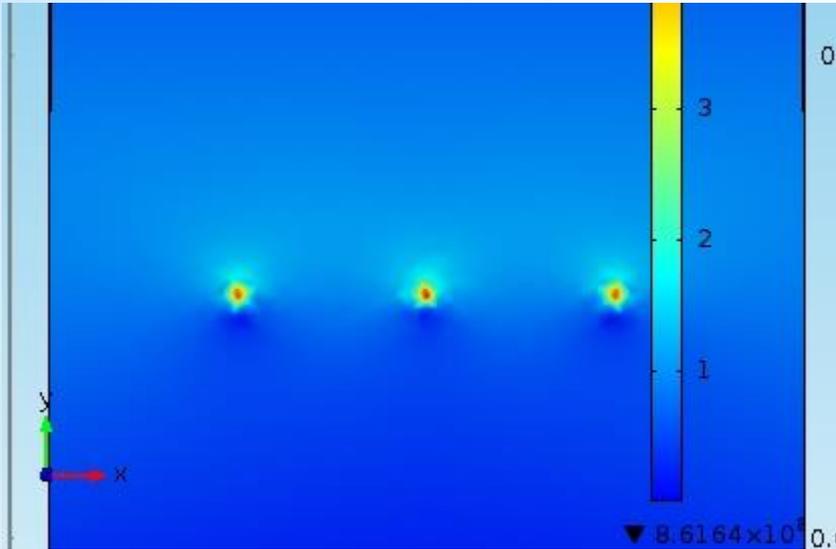
# \*응력 sequence



최 상단에 집중 하중을 주고

최 상단에서 37.5mm아래

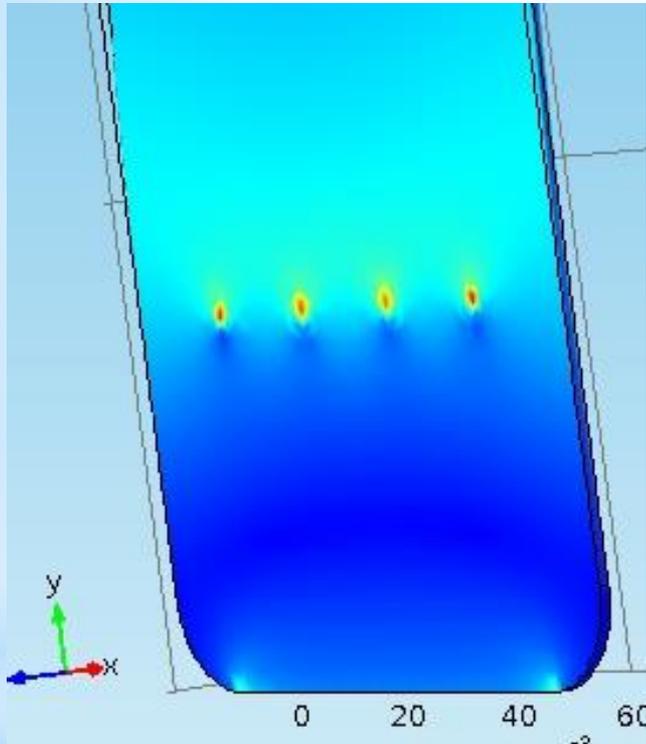
두 곳을 **fix**했을 때의 응력



최 상단에 집중 하중을 주고

최 상단에서 **75mm**아래

세 곳을 **fix**했을 때의 응력



최 상단에 집중 하중을 주고  
최 상단에서 112.5mm아래  
네 곳을 **fix**했을 때의 응력

# \* 비표분석

